

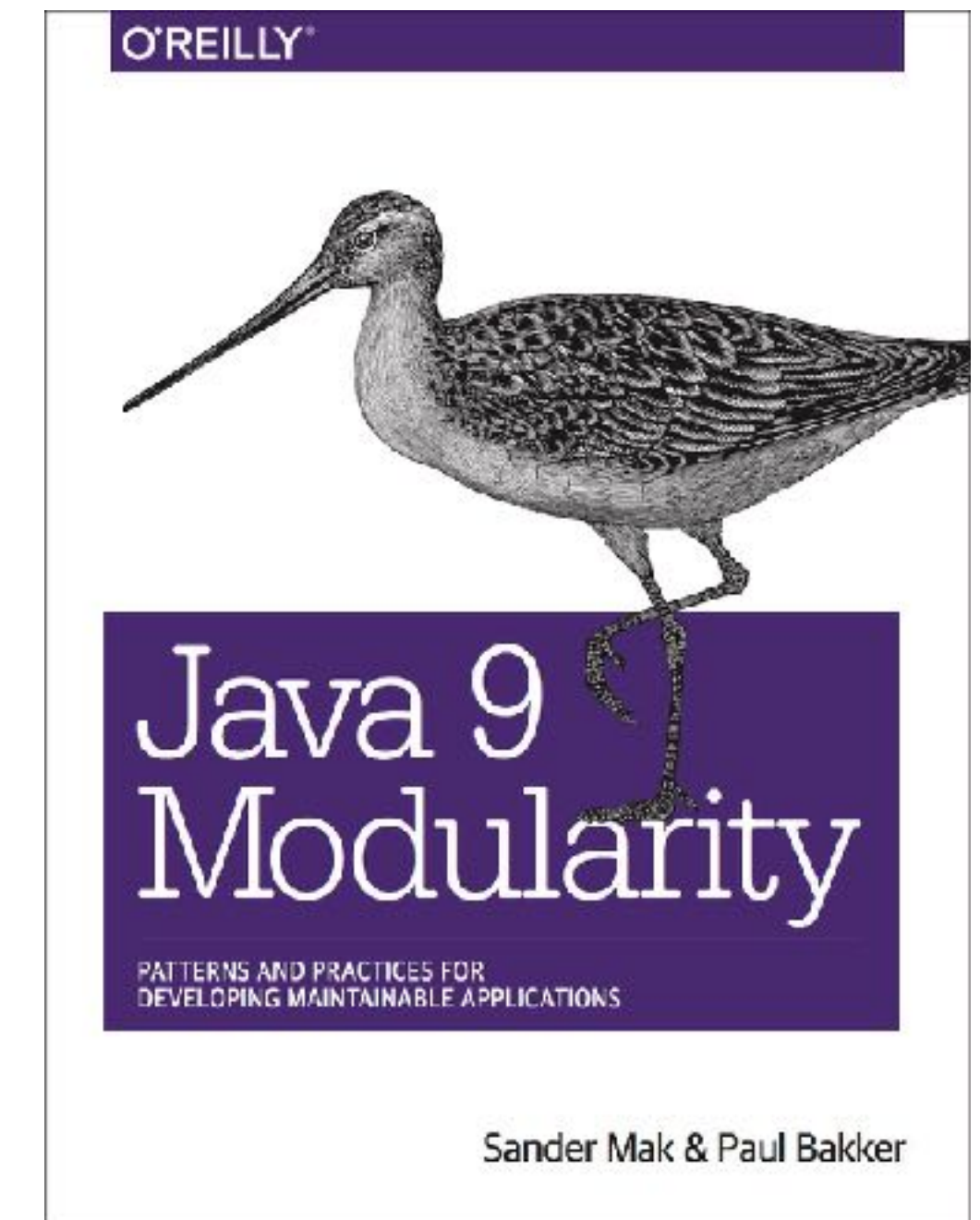
**QCon**  
LONDON

# Migrating to Java 9

## Modules

By Sander Mak

**luminis**   
Conversing worlds



**@Sander\_Mak**

# Migrating to Java 9

Java 8

```
java -cp .. -jar myapp.jar
```

Java 9

```
java -cp .. -jar myapp.jar
```







# Today's journey

Running on Java 9

Java 9 modules

Migrating to modules

Modularising code





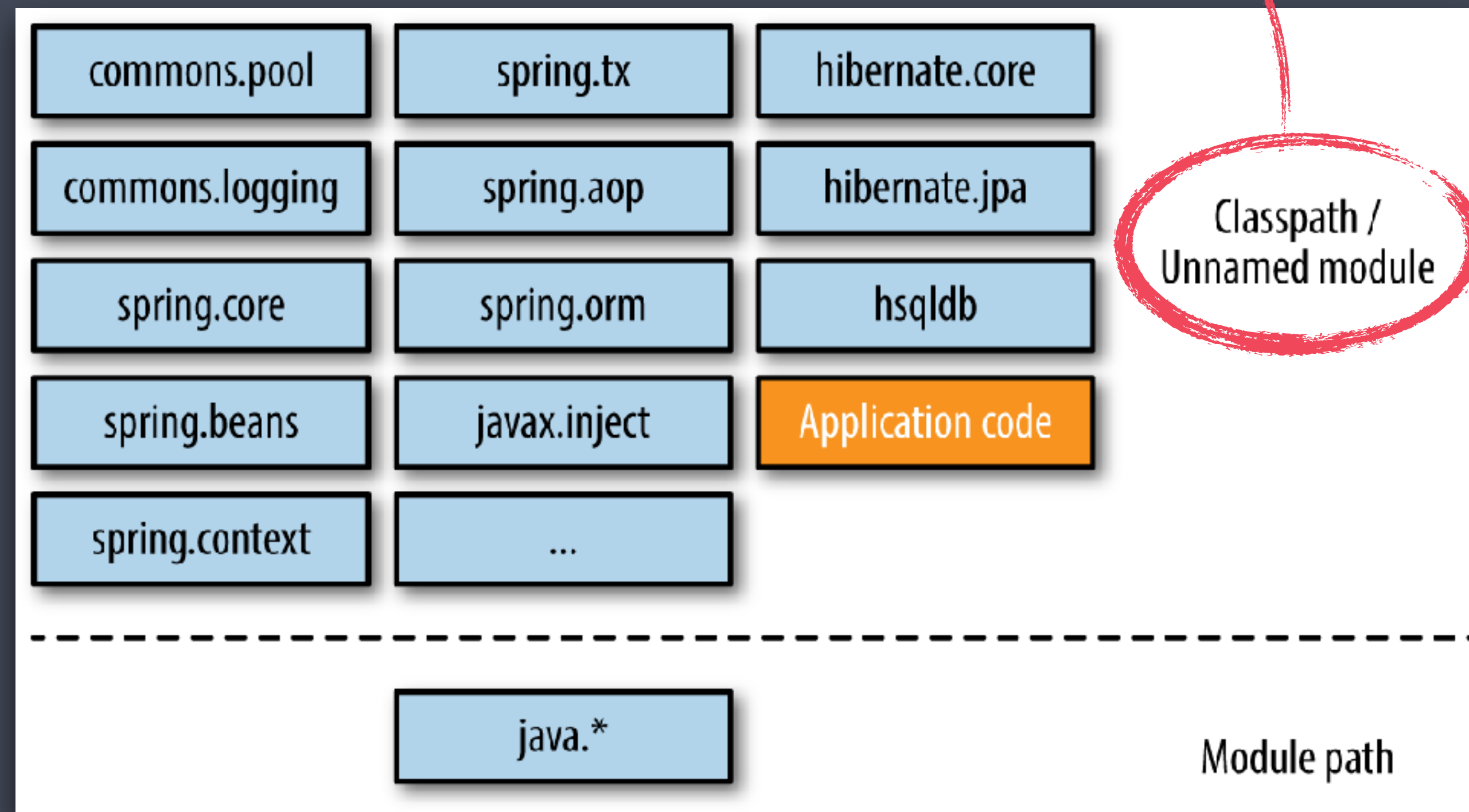
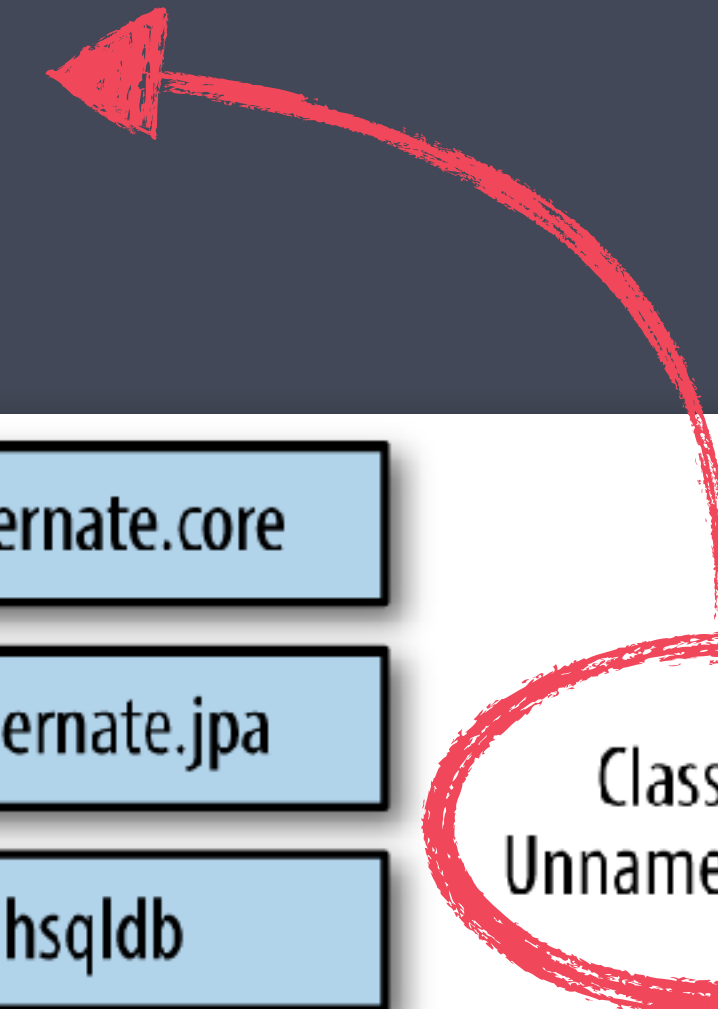
```

├── lib
├── run.sh
├── src
│   ├── books
│   │   ├── api
│   │   │   ├── entities
│   │   │   │   └── Book.java
│   │   │   └── service
│   │   │       └── BooksService.java
│   │   └── impl
│   │       ├── entities
│   │       │   └── BookEntity.java
│   │       └── service
│   │           └── HibernateBooksService.java
│   ├── bookstore
│   │   ├── api
│   │   │   └── service
│   │   │       └── BookstoreService.java
│   │   └── impl
│   │       └── service
│   │           └── BookstoreServiceImpl.java
│   ├── log4j2.xml
│   ├── main
│   │   └── Main.java
│   └── main.xml

```

# Application to Migrate

Unnamed module?!



# Migrating to Java 9

Java 8

```
java -cp .. -jar myapp.jar
```

Java 9

```
java -cp .. -jar myapp.jar
```

Let's try it!

# Classpath migration problems

- ▶ Unresolved enterprise modules
- ▶ (Ab)use of platform internals
- ▶ Split package conflicts (e.g. jsr305 with javax.annotation)

# Missing enterprise modules

```
import javax.xml.bind.DatatypeConverter;

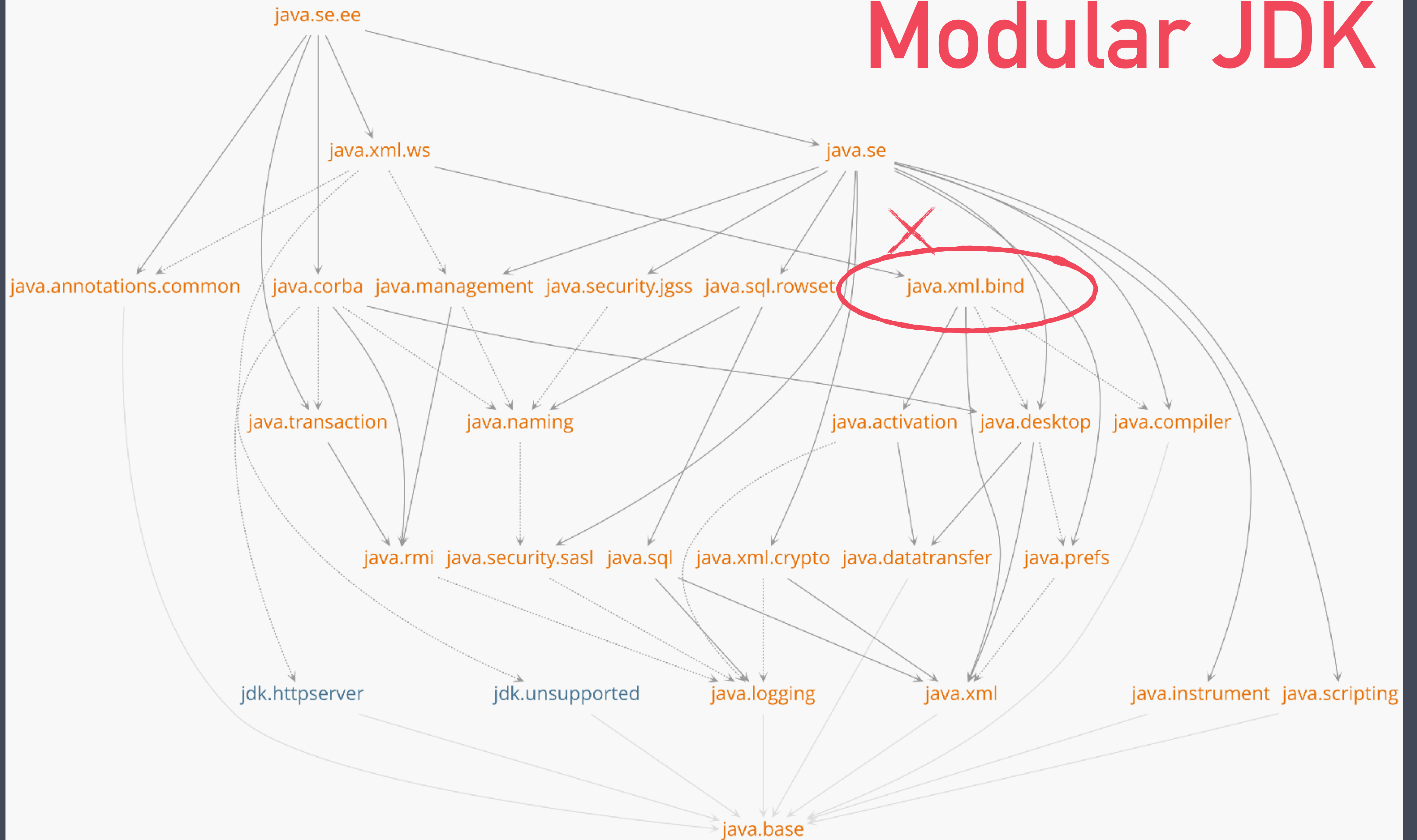
public class Main {

    public static void main(String... args) {
        DatatypeConverter.parseBase64Binary("SGVsbG8gd29ybGQh");
    }
}
```

```
error: package javax.xml.bind does not exist
```

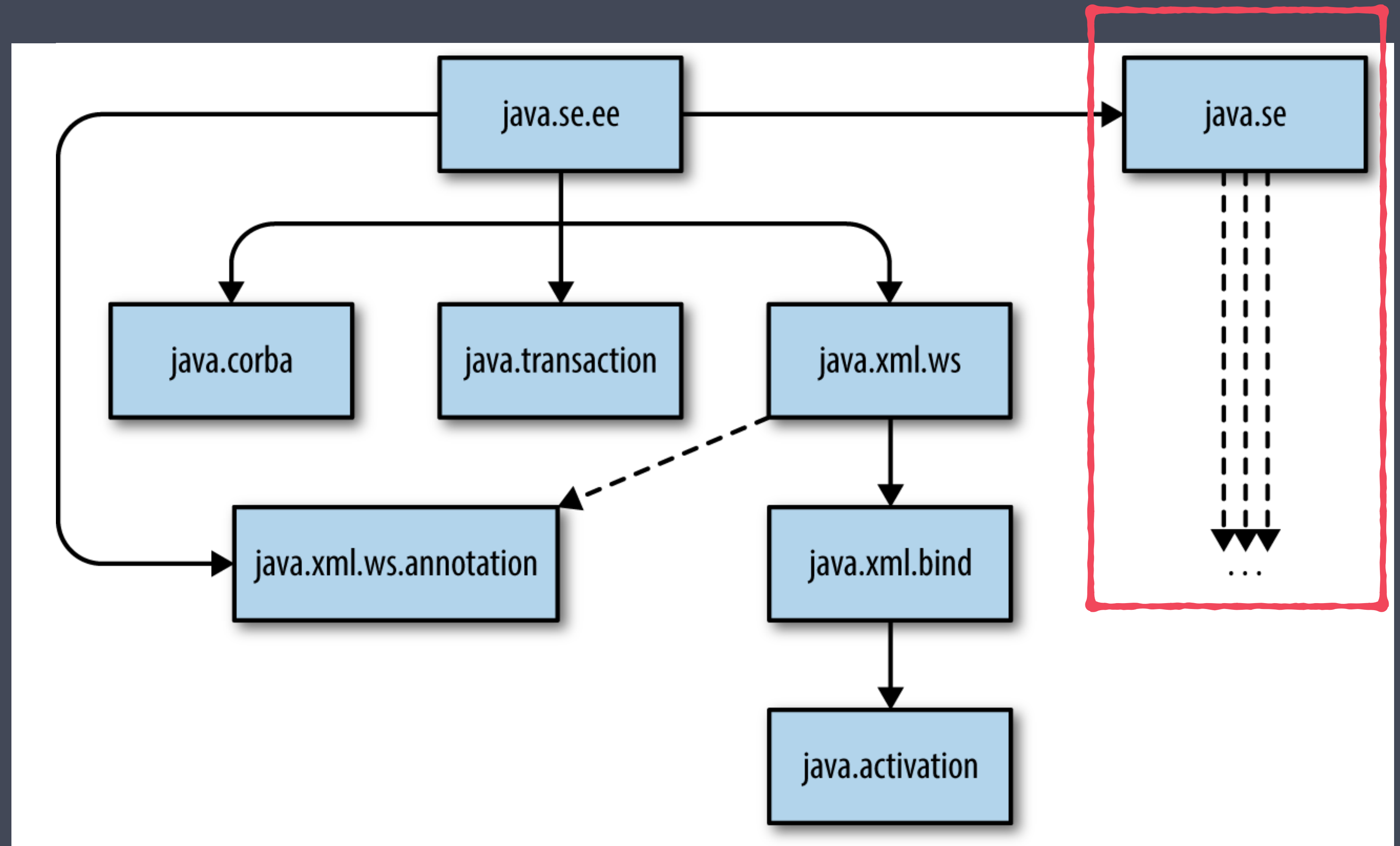


# Modular JDK



# Missing enterprise modules

Classpath  
compile-time  
“java.se”  
module is used





# Add unresolved enterprise modules

Find

```
jdeps demo/Main.class
```

```
Main.class -> java.base
```

```
Main.class -> not found
```

```
<unnamed> -> java.lang java.base
```

```
<unnamed> -> javax.xml.bind not found
```

Fix

```
javac --add-modules javax.xml.bind demo/Main.java
```

```
java --add-modules javax.xml.bind demo/Main.java
```

Better yet, add an implementation to classpath  
(enterprise modules will be gone in Java 11!)

# Add unresolved enterprise modules

```
javac --add-modules java.xml.bind demo/Main.java
```

```
java --add-modules java.xml.bind demo/Main.java
```

Let's try it!



# JDK Warning in Production, What?!

```
WARNING: An illegal reflective access operation has occurred
WARNING: Illegal reflective access by javassist.util.proxy.SecurityActions ...
to method java.lang.ClassLoader.defineClass(..)
WARNING: Please consider reporting this to the maintainers of
javassist.util.proxy.SecurityActions
WARNING: Use --illegal-access=warn to enable warnings of further illegal
reflective access operations
WARNING: All illegal access operations will be denied in a future release
```

```
java --add-modules java.xml.bind
      --add-opens java.base/java.lang=ALL-UNNAMED
```

# Using encapsulated APIs

```
public class Main {  
  
    public static void main(String... args) throws Exception {  
        sun.security.x509.X500Name name =  
            new sun.security.x509.X500Name("CN=user");  
    }  
}
```

```
Main.java:4: error: package  
sun.security.x509 does not exist
```

```
sun.security.x509.X500Name name =  
                ^
```



# Use jdeps to find problems

```
jdeps -jdkinternals Main.class
```

```
Main.class -> java.base
```

```
    Main      -> sun.security.x509.X500Name      JDK internal API (java.base)
```

```
JDK Internal API
```

```
Suggested Replacement
```

```
-----
```

```
-----
```

```
sun.security.x509.X500Name
```

```
Use javax.security.auth.x500.X500Principal  
@since 1.4
```

# Using encapsulated APIs

Compile with 1.8, run with 9?

```
java --illegal-access=deny Main
```

```
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.IllegalAccessError: class Main  
(in unnamed module @0x4cdb50f) cannot access class  
sun.security.x509.X500Name (in module java.base) because module  
java.base does not export sun.security.x509 to unnamed module  
@0x4cdb50f  
    at Main.main(Main.java:4)
```

```
java --add-exports java.base/sun.security.x509=ALL-UNNAMED Main
```

# Classpath Migration Recap

Upgrade to latest library/tool versions

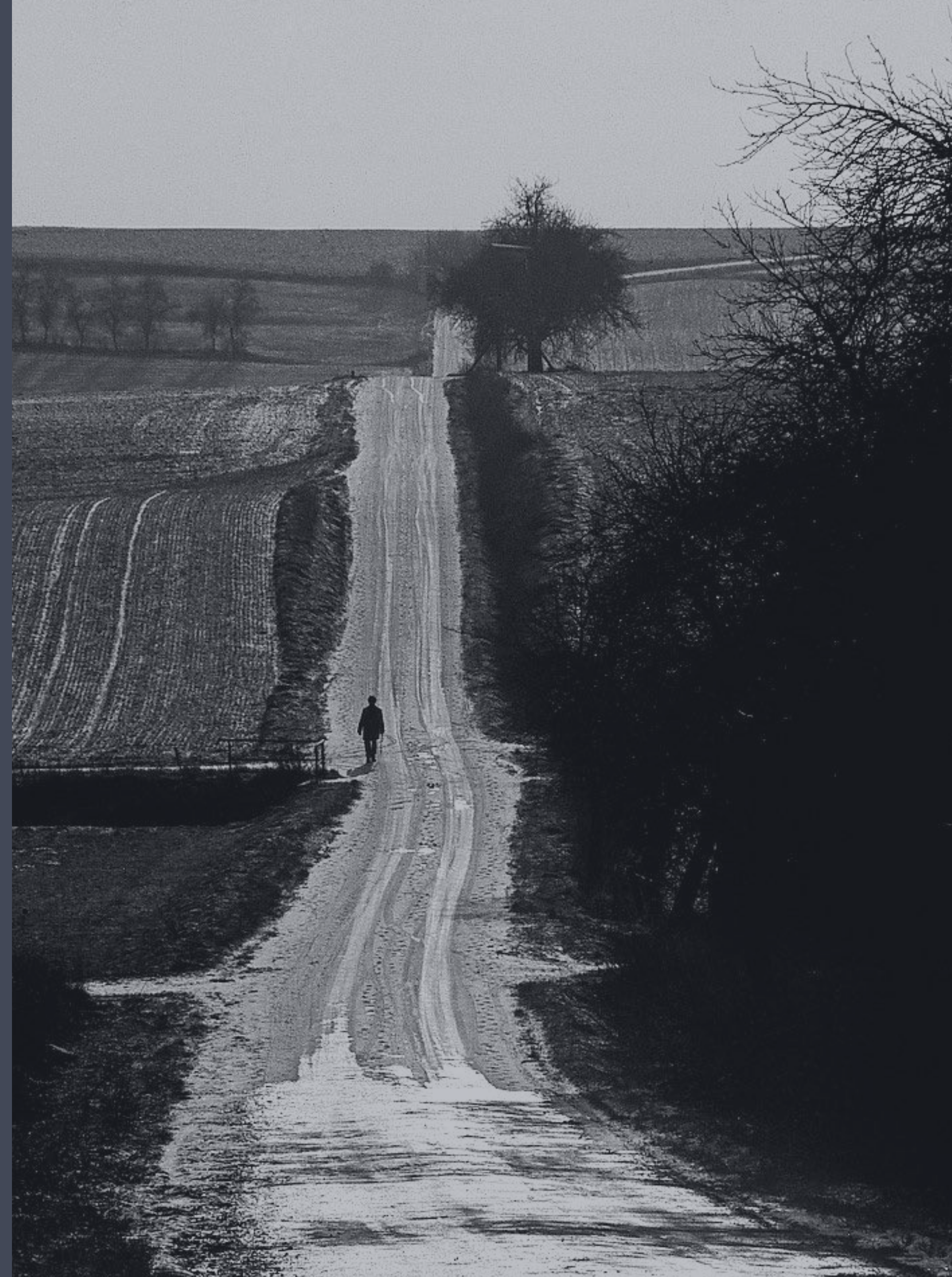
Use Jdeps to find potential issues:

- Dependencies on EE modules
- Use of JDK internal APIs
- Split packages

Fix illegal access warnings

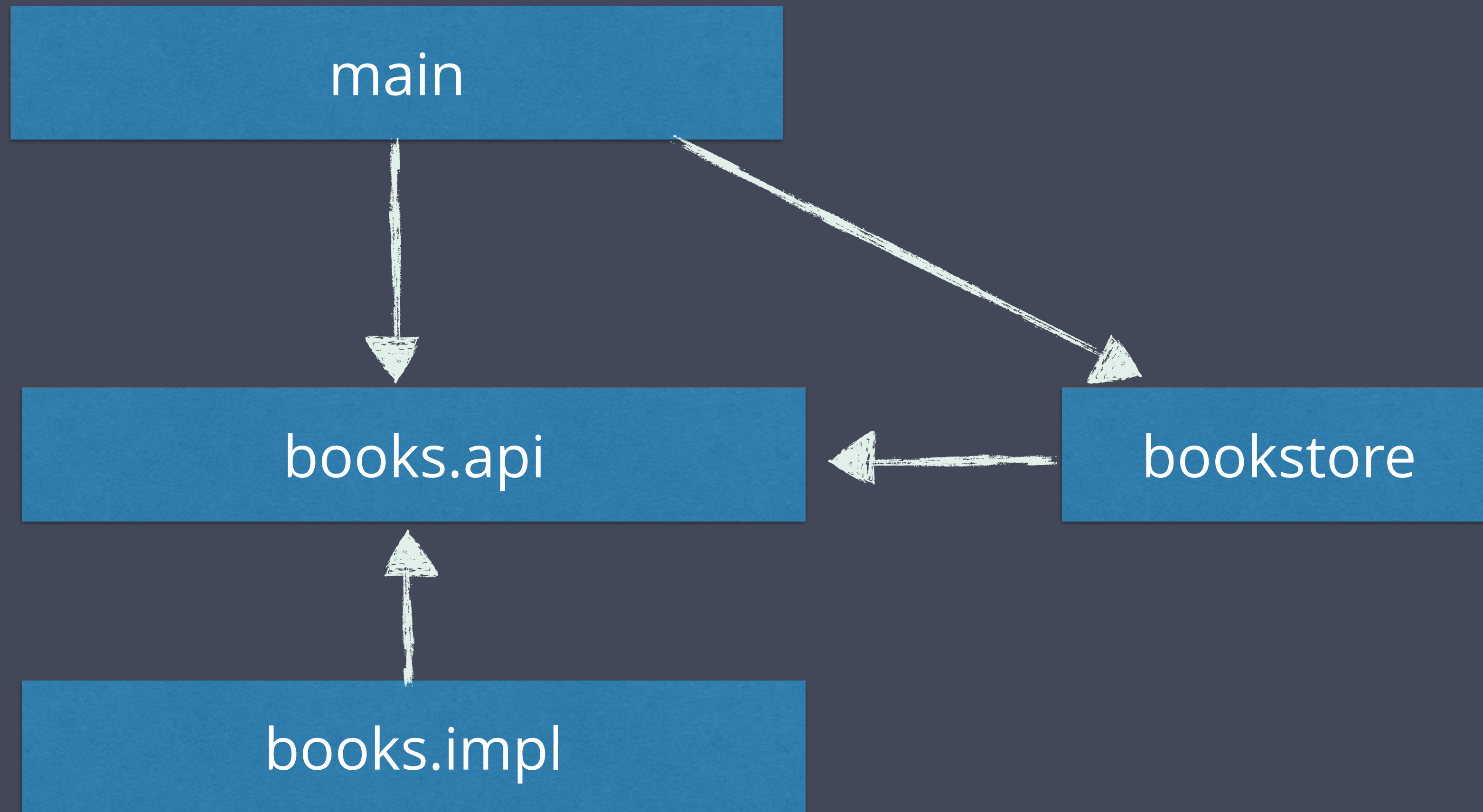


Back to Modules...





# Mental picture of your app

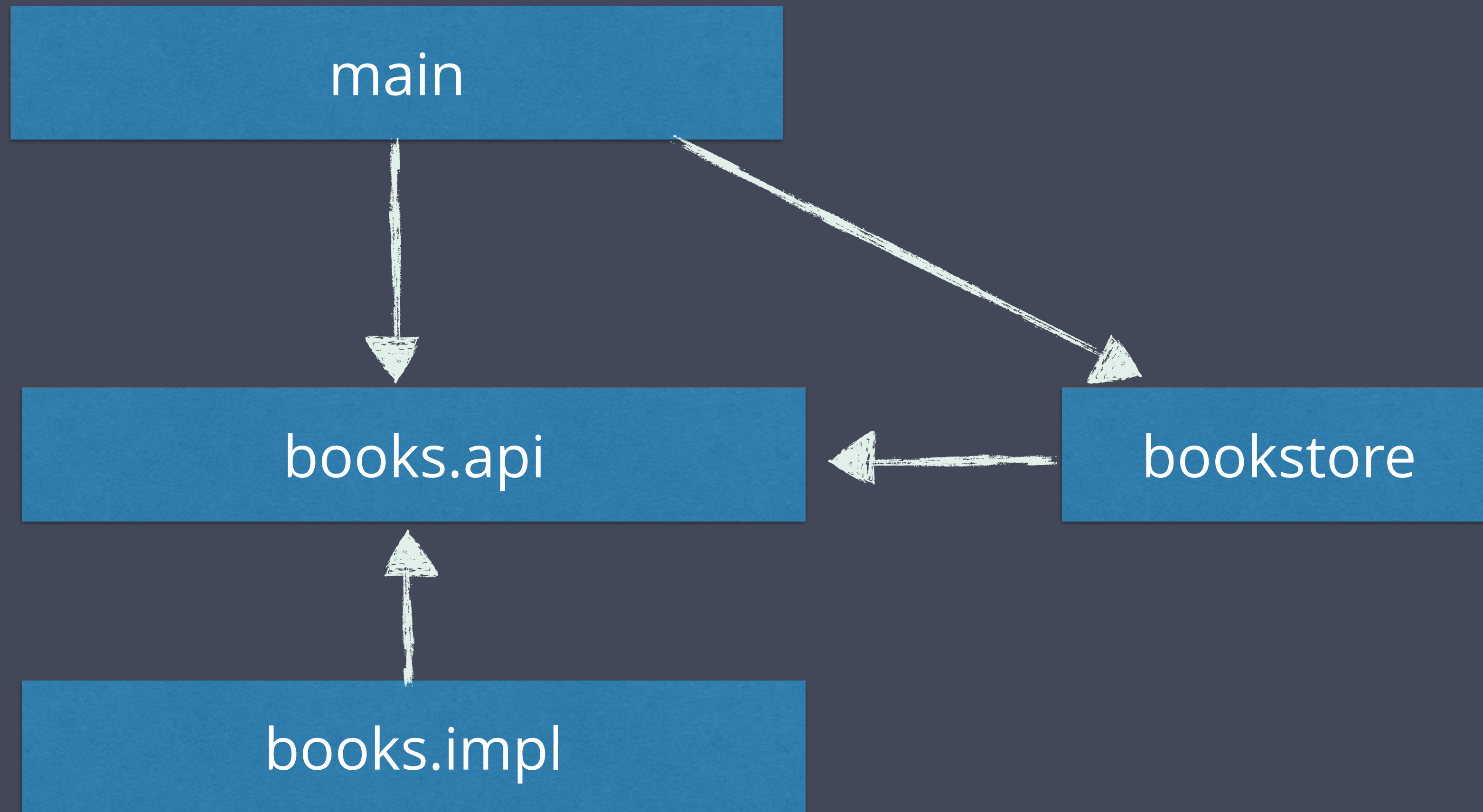


# Actual view of your app

```
CLASSPATH=lib/antlr-2.7.7.jar:lib/cdi-api-1.1.jar:lib/classmate-1.3.0.jar:lib/commons-dbc-1.4.jar:lib/commons-logging-1.2.jar:lib/commons-pool-1.5.4.jar:lib/dom4j-1.6.1.jar:lib/el-api-2.2.jar:lib/geronimo-jta_1.1-1.1.1.jar:lib/hibernate-commons-annotations-5.0.1.Final.jar:lib/hibernate-core-5.2.2.Final.jar:lib/hibernate-jpa-2.1-api-1.0.0.Final.jar:lib/hsqldb-2.3.4.jar:lib/jandex-2.0.0.Final.jar:lib/javassist-3.20.0-GA.jar:lib/java.inject-1.jar:lib/jboss-interceptors-api_1.1_spec-1.0.0.Beta1.jar:lib/jboss-logging-3.3.0.Final.jar:lib/jcl-over-slf4j-1.7.21.jar:lib/jsr250-api-1.0.jar:lib/log4j-api-2.6.2.jar:lib/log4j-core-2.6.2.jar:lib/slf4j-api-1.7.21.jar:lib/slf4j-simple-1.7.21.jar:lib/spring-aop-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-beans-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-context-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-core-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-expression-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-jdbc-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-orm-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar:lib/spring-tx-4.3.2.RELEASE.jar
```



# Java 9 modules make this possible!



# A Module Primer

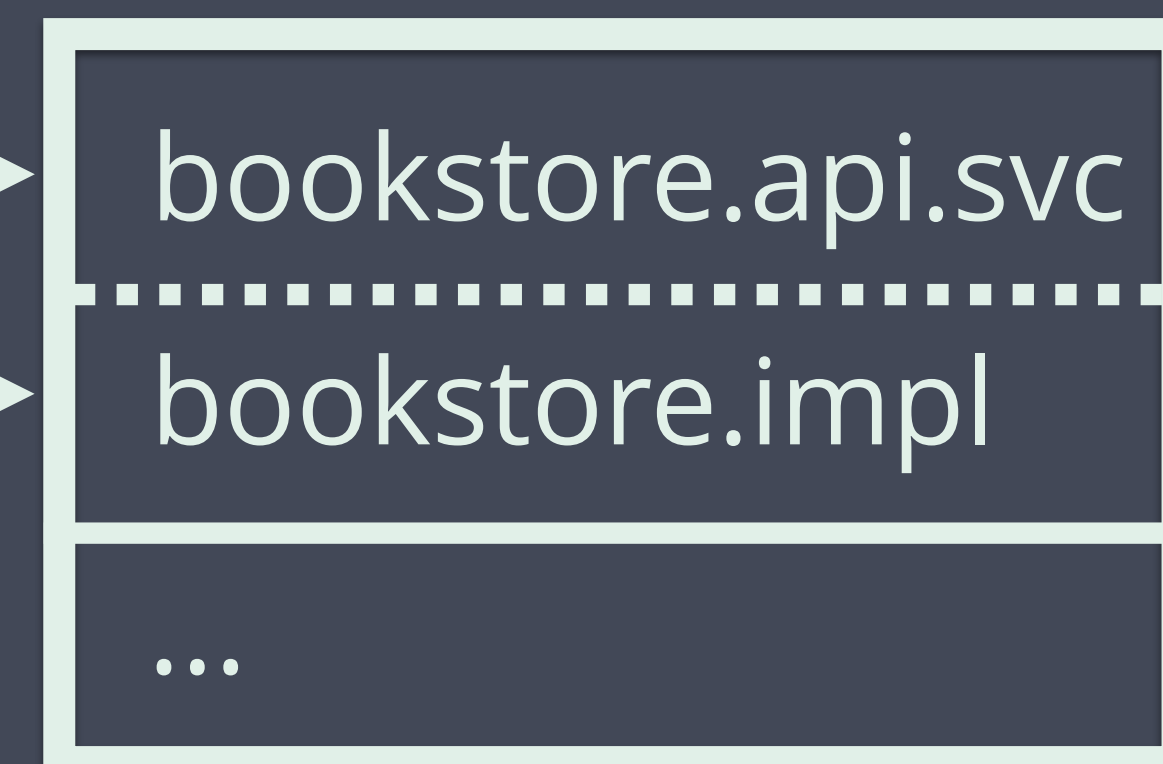
```
module main {  
  requires bookstore;  
}
```

```
module bookstore {  
  exports bookstore.api.svc;  
  opens bookstore.impl;  
}
```

main



bookstore



# A Module Primer

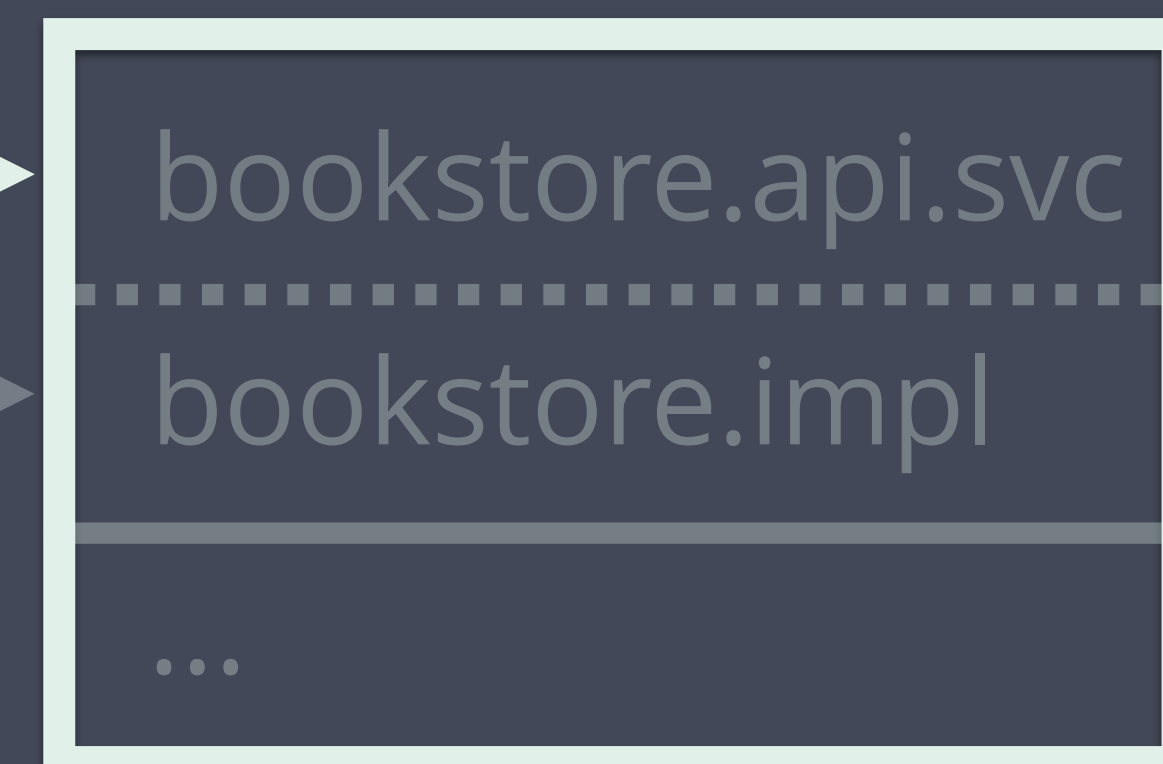
```
module main {  
  requires bookstore;  
}
```

Modules define dependencies explicitly

main



bookstore



reflection only!



# A Module Primer

```
module m {  
  require  
}
```

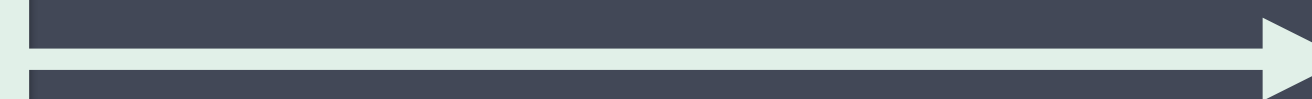
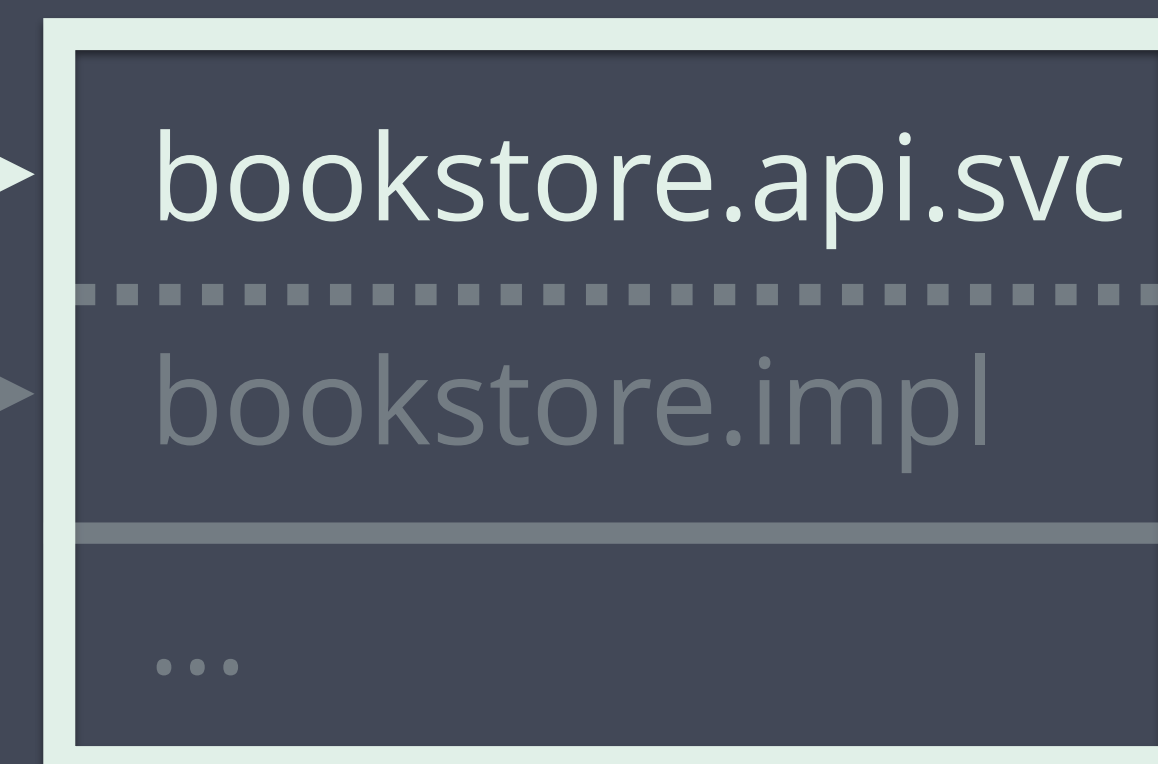
Packages are encapsulated by default

```
module bookstore {  
  exports bookstore.api.svc;  
  opens bookstore.impl;  
}
```

main



bookstore



reflection only!

# A Module Primer

```
module main {  
  require  
}
```

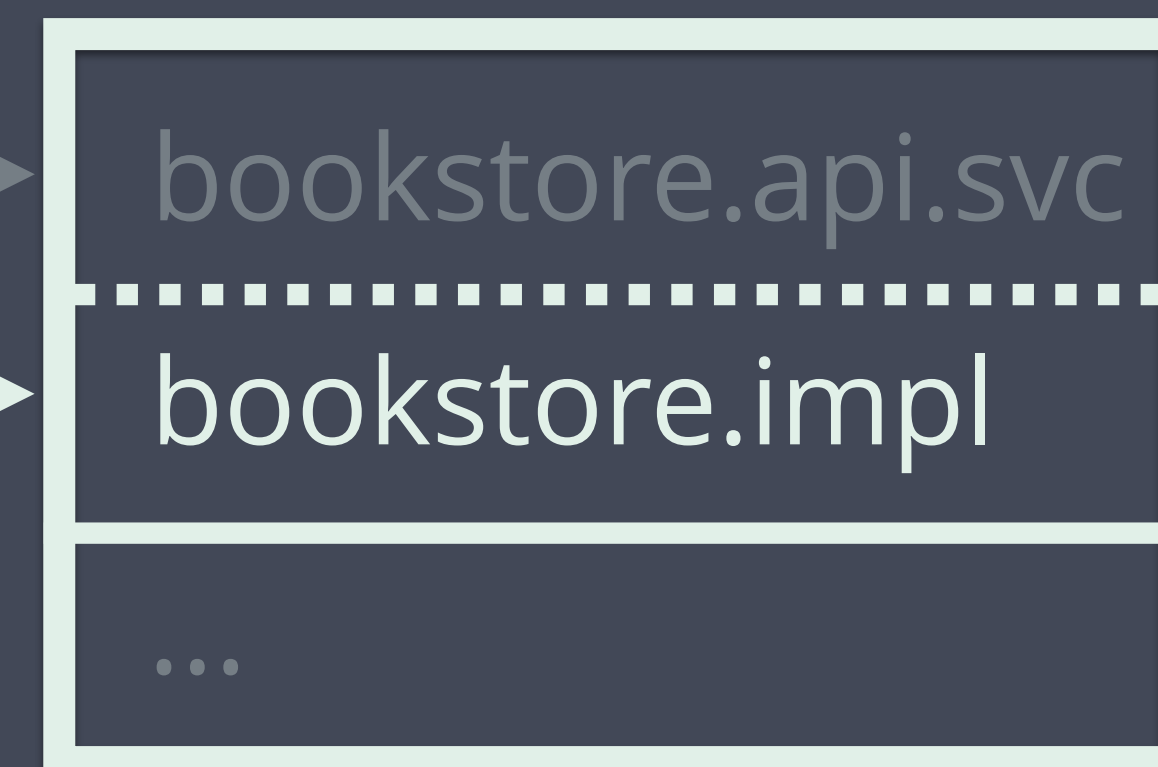
Packages can be “opened” for deep reflection at run-time

```
module bookstore {  
  exports bookstore.api.svc;  
  opens bookstore.impl;  
}
```

main



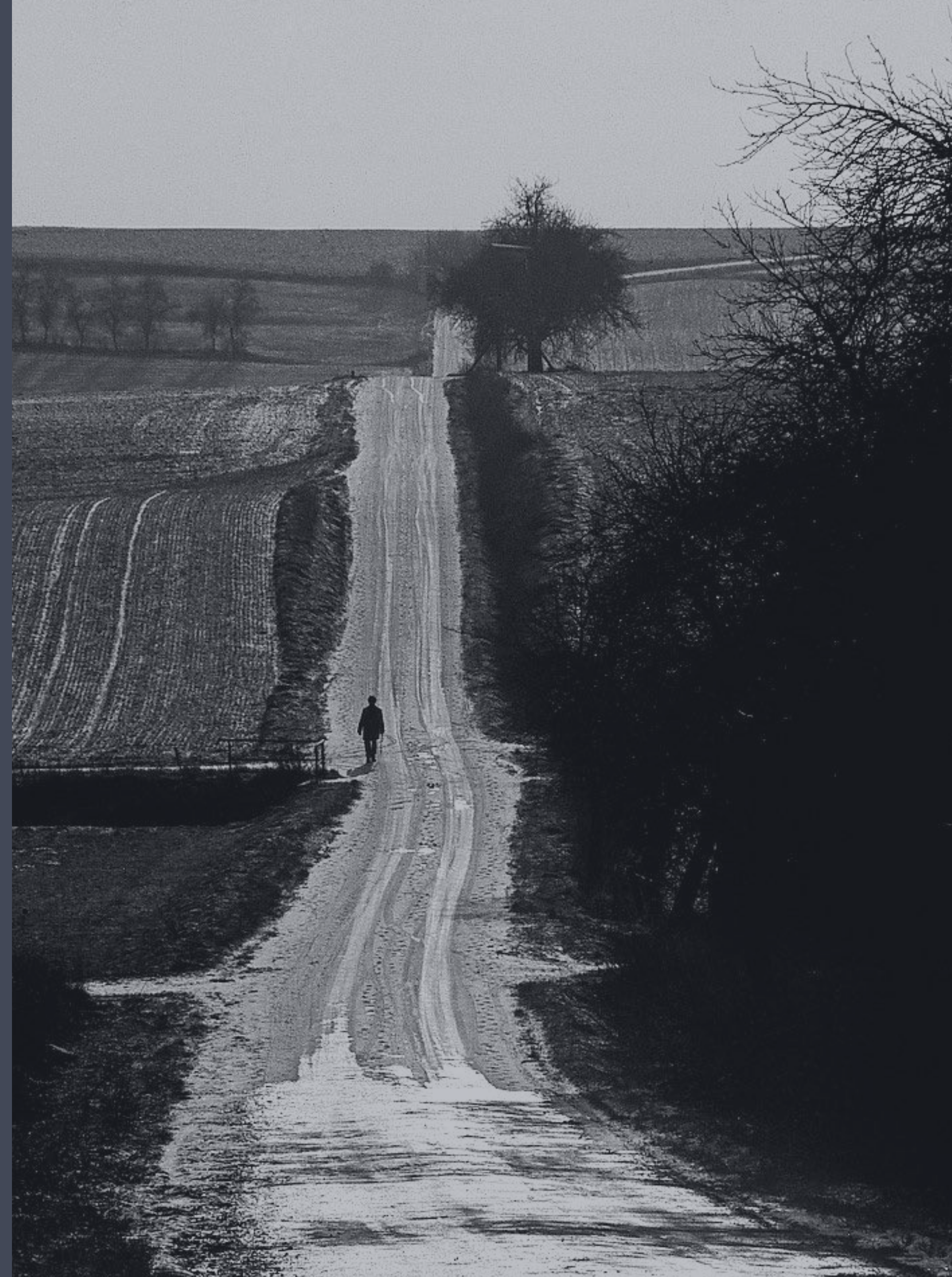
bookstore



reflection only!

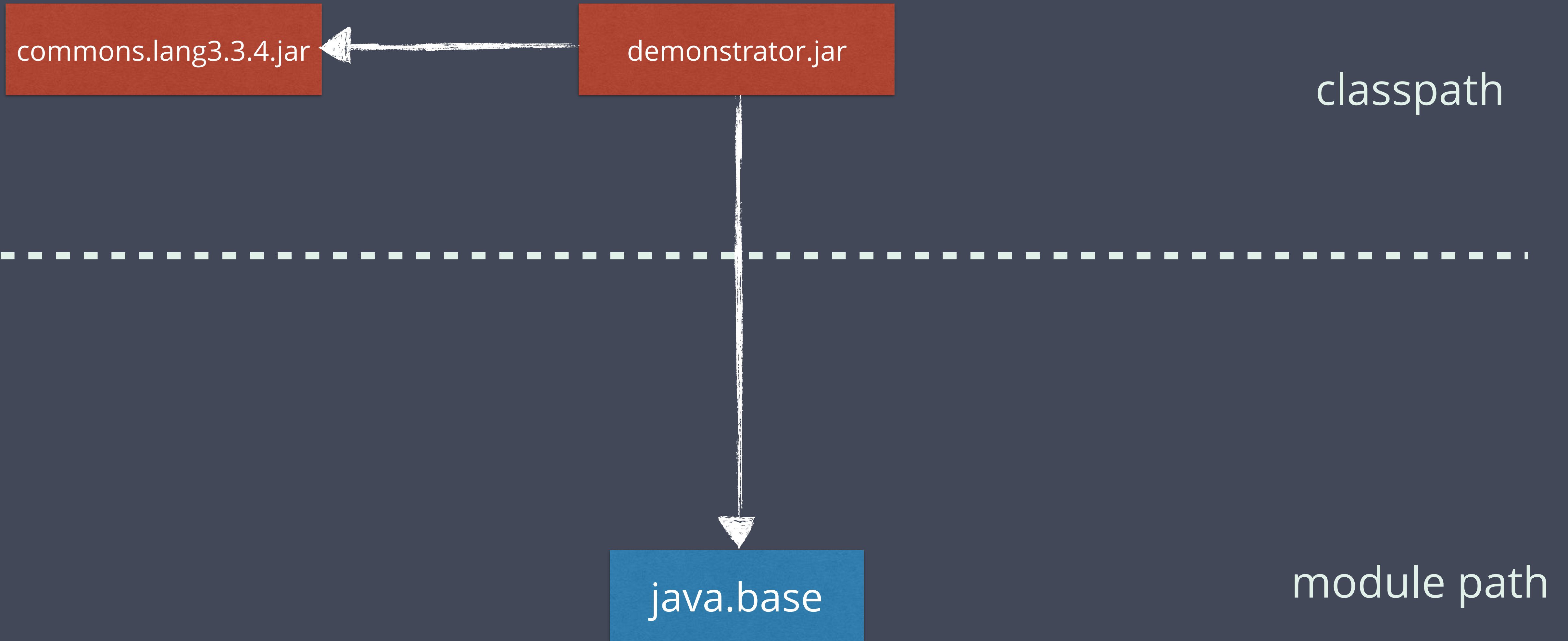


# Migrating to modules





# Top down migration



# Classic classpath

```
package com.javamodularity.demonstrator;  
  
import org.apache.commons.lang3.StringUtils;  
  
public class Demo {  
  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        String output = StringUtils.leftPad("Leftpad FTW!", 20);  
        System.out.println(output);  
    }  
}
```

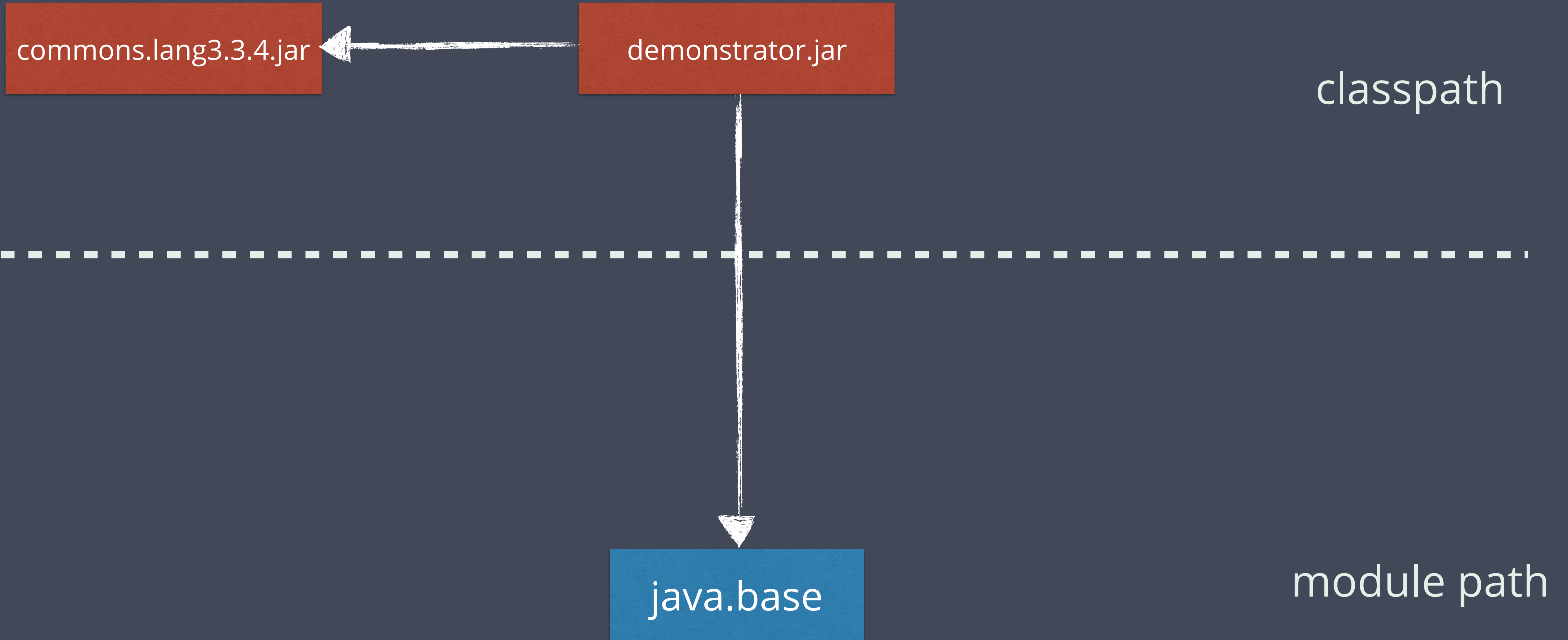
Compile

```
javac -cp lib/commons-lang3-3.4.jar  
      -d out $(find src -name '*.java')
```

Run

```
java -cp out:lib/commons-lang3-3.4.jar  
      com.javamodularity.demonstrator.Demo
```

# Top down migration





# Top down migration

commons.lang3.3.4.jar

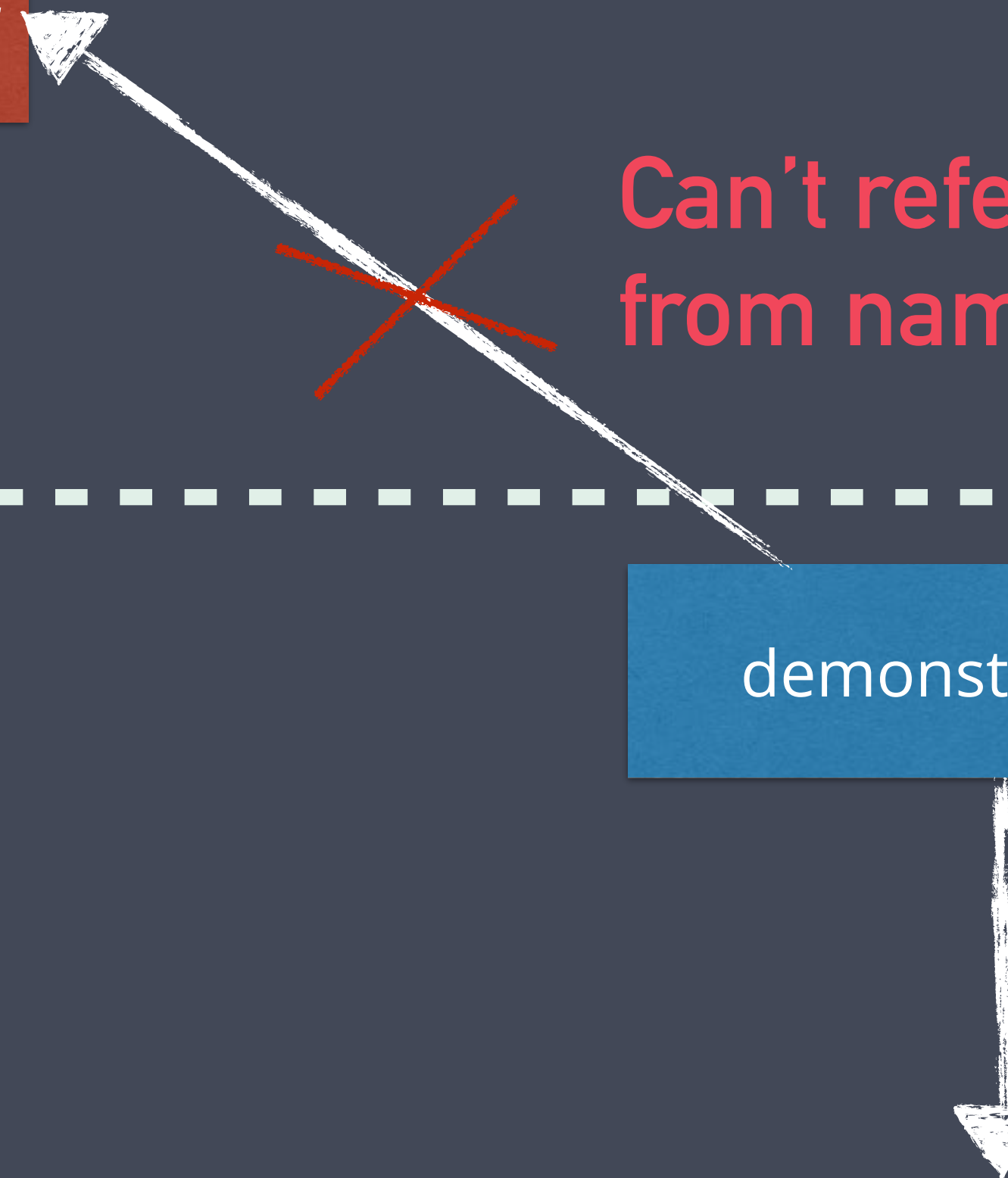
classpath

Can't reference the classpath  
from named modules!

demonstrator.jar

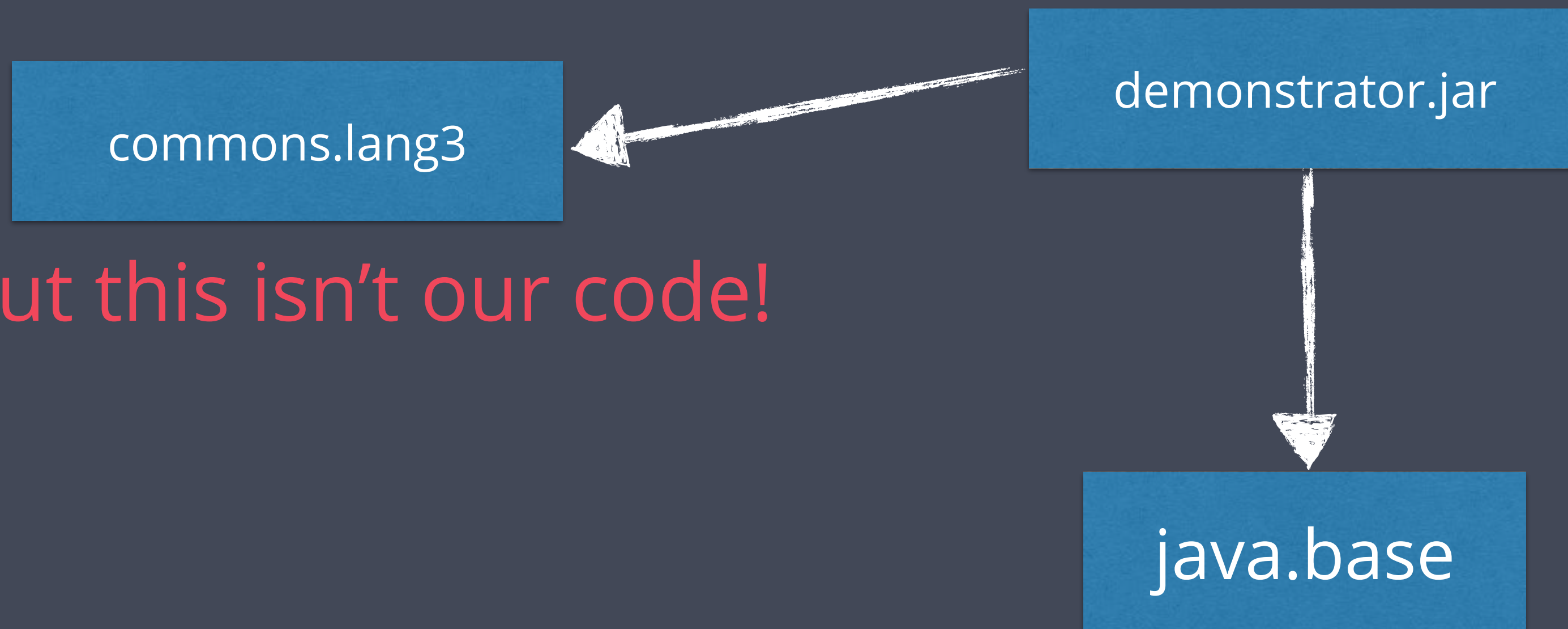
java.base

module path



# Top down migration

classpath



But this isn't our code!

module path

# Automatic Modules

- ▶ A plain JAR on the module path becomes an **Automatic Module**
- ▶ Module name derived from JAR name (or Automatic-Module-Name in manifest)
- ▶ Exports everything
- ▶ Reads all other modules **and** the classpath

Modularize **your code** without waiting on libraries



# Using Automatic Modules

```
module demonstrator {  
    requires commons.lang3;  
}
```

Compile

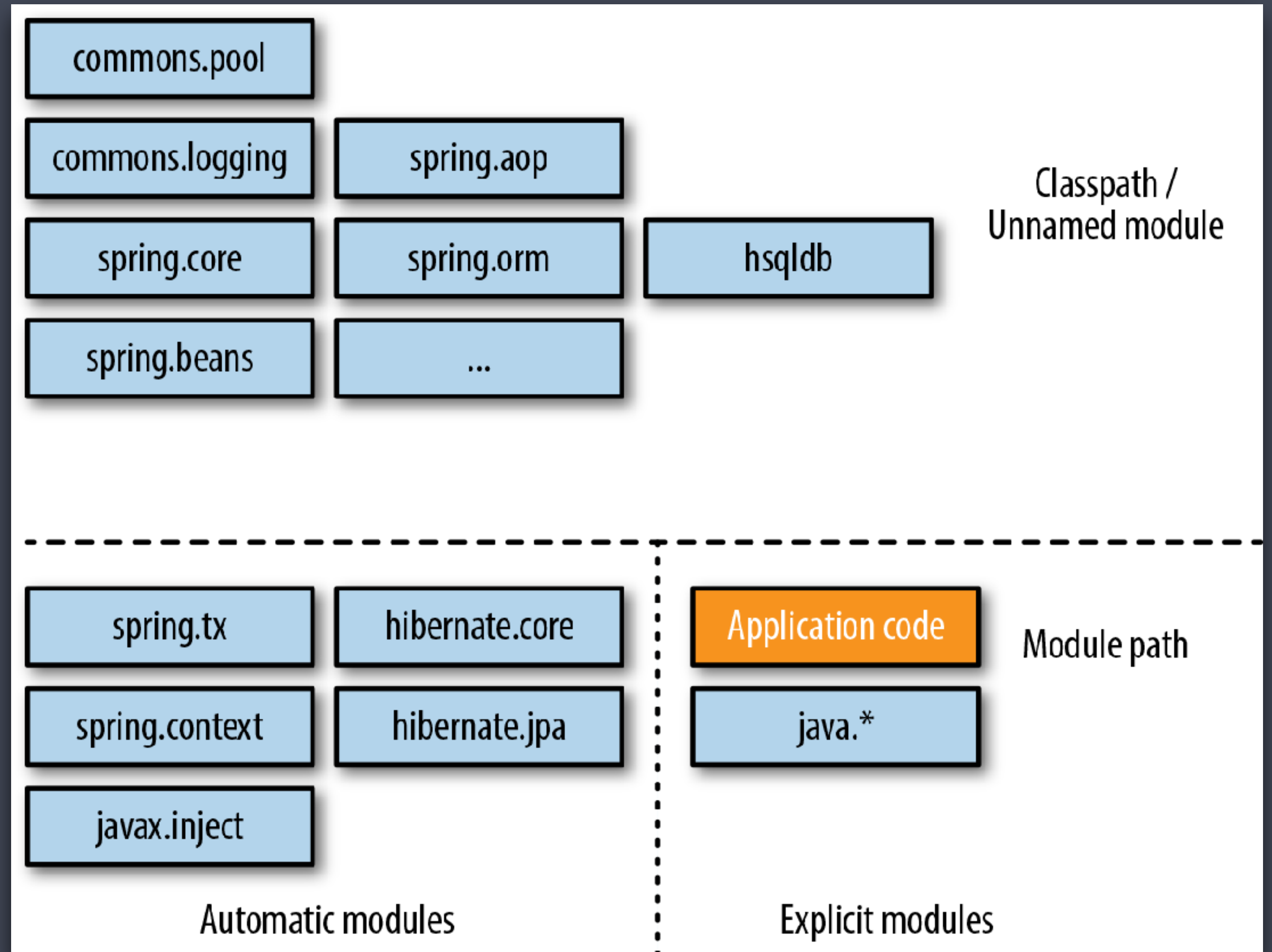
```
javac --module-path lib  
      --module-source-path src  
      -d mods $(find src -name '*.java')
```

Run

```
java --module-path mods:lib  
     -m demonstrator/com.javamodularity.demonstrator.Demo
```

# Migrating the Spring app

## The (Intermediate) Goal



# Step 1

- ▶ module-info.java
- ▶ compile with --module-source-path

```
|— lib
|— mods
|— run.sh
└─ src
    └─ bookapp
        ├── books
        │   ├── api
        │   │   ├── entities
        │   │   │   └─ Book.java
        │   │   └─ service
        │   │       └─ BooksService.java
        │   └─ impl
        │       ├── entities
        │       │   └─ BookEntity.java
        │       └─ service
        │           └─ HibernateBooksService.java
        ├── bookstore
        │   ├── api
        │   │   └─ service
        │   │       └─ BookstoreService.java
        │   └─ impl
        │       └─ service
        │           └─ BookstoreServiceImpl.java
        ├── log4j2.xml
        ├── main
        │   └─ Main.java
        ├── main.xml
        └─ module-info.java
```



# Step 2

- ▶ Compensate for Hibernate being an automatic module
- ▶ Hibernate *should* 'requires transitive java.naming'

```
module bookapp {  
  
    requires spring.context;  
    requires spring.tx;  
    requires javax.inject;  
    requires hibernate.core;  
    requires hibernate.jpa;  
  
}
```

Not an issue when Hibernate ships as **explicit modules**

# Step 3

- ▶ Compensate for Spring being an automatic module
- ▶ Spring *should* require `java.sql` and `java.xml.bind`

```
module bookapp {  
    requires spring.context;  
    requires spring.tx;  
    requires javax.inject;  
    requires hibernate.core;  
    requires hibernate.jpa;  
}
```

Not an issue when Spring ships as **explicit modules**

# Step 4

- ▶ Spring/Hibernate use reflection to load our code
- ▶ Default encapsulation breaks our application

This is something you'll **always** need to address!



# Step 4: Open Modules/Packages

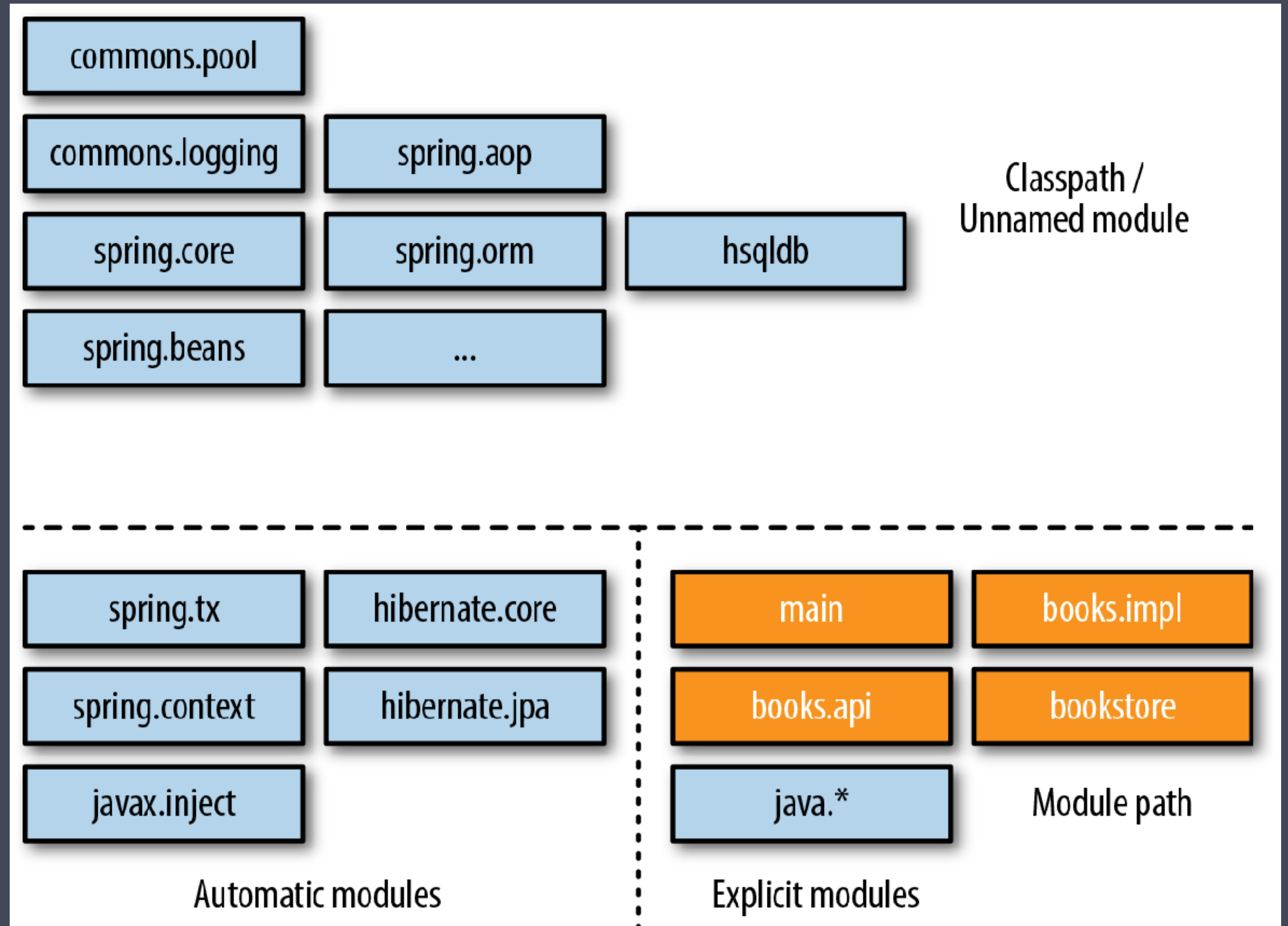
- ▶ Open package allows **deep** reflection at run-time
  - ▶ No compile-time dependency possible
  - ▶ Ideal for frameworks like Spring/Hibernate
- ▶ Open module is a module where all packages are opened

# Step 4: Open Modules/Packages

Type	Compile time	Reflection on public	Deep reflection
Exports	✓	✓	✗
Open	✗	✓	✓
Exports + Open	✓	✓	✓

# Migrating the Spring app

## The End Goal





# Modules: Linking

- ▶ Use a linking tool (jlink) to create a custom 'runtime image' with only the modules you need
- ▶ Uses explicit dependencies from module-info.class
- ▶ Allows for whole-program optimization



Caveat: **jlink** doesn't accept **automatic modules**

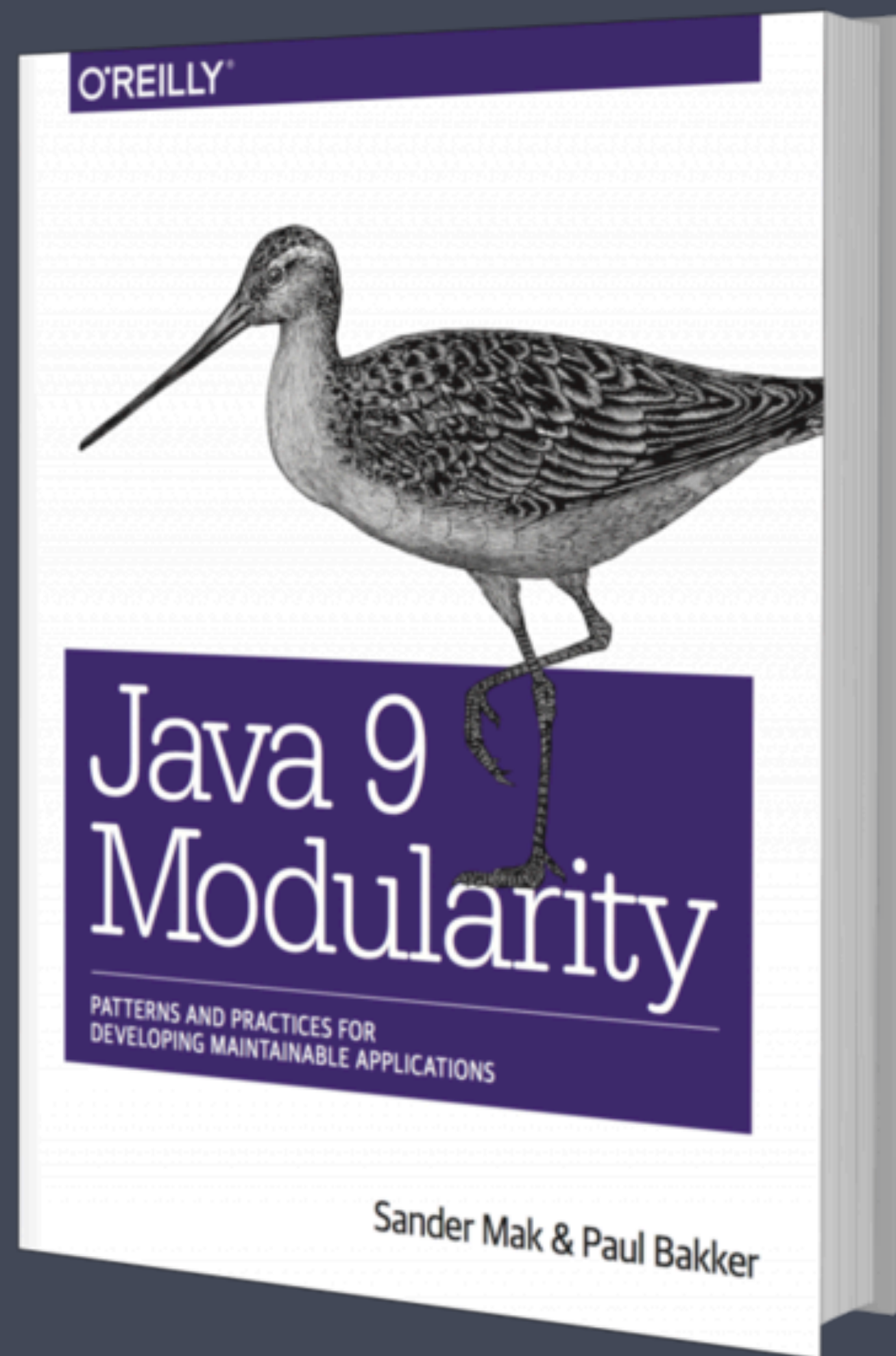
# Migration Steps - Recap

- ▶ Migrate to Java 9 using classpath only (run with `--illegal-access=deny`)
- ▶ Create a module around your whole app
- ▶ Modularize your application!

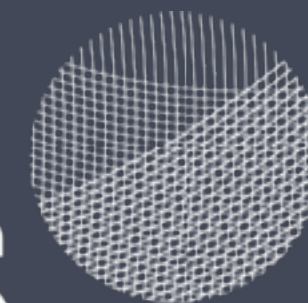
Urge library maintainers to produce Java 9 modules

Should I adopt Java 9 or wait?





Thank you. **luminis**  
*Conversing worlds*



[javamodularity.com](http://javamodularity.com)

[bit.ly/sander-ps](https://bit.ly/sander-ps)