

Introduction

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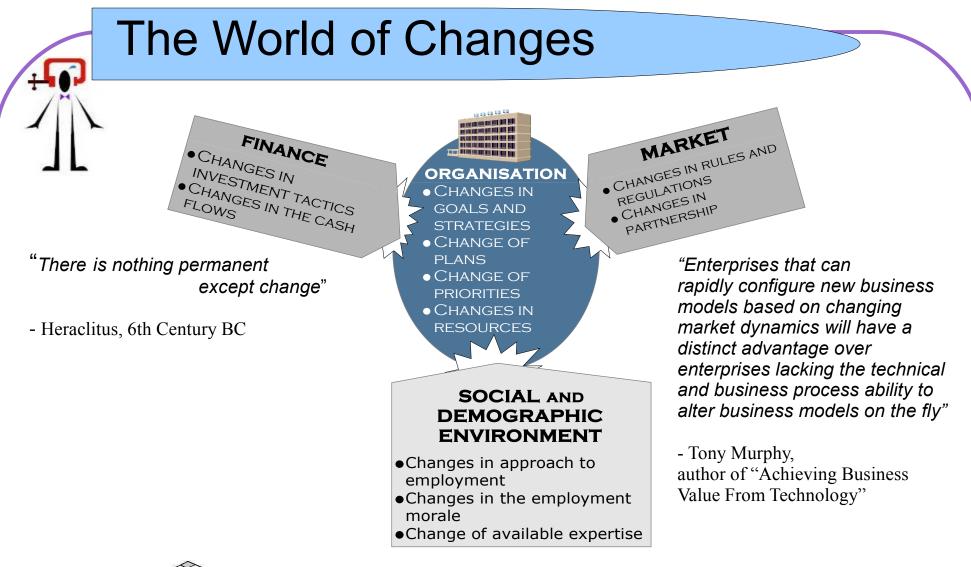
ALWAYS READY TO HELP YOU

Agenda

- Consequences of business changes
- Design solutions and lessons learnt in the Financial Industry:
 - Changes of service behavior in the execution context (policy influence)
 - UI for Business Service (Conciliator Pattern) – changes in between
- - Handling of changes via service reuse (Types of Reuse)
- Domain Service-Oriented Modelling (DOSOM)
- Food for thought (ideas to take away)









Environment is changing faster and on a larger scale than technology and its organisation can handle

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Flexibility is the Key for Efficiency



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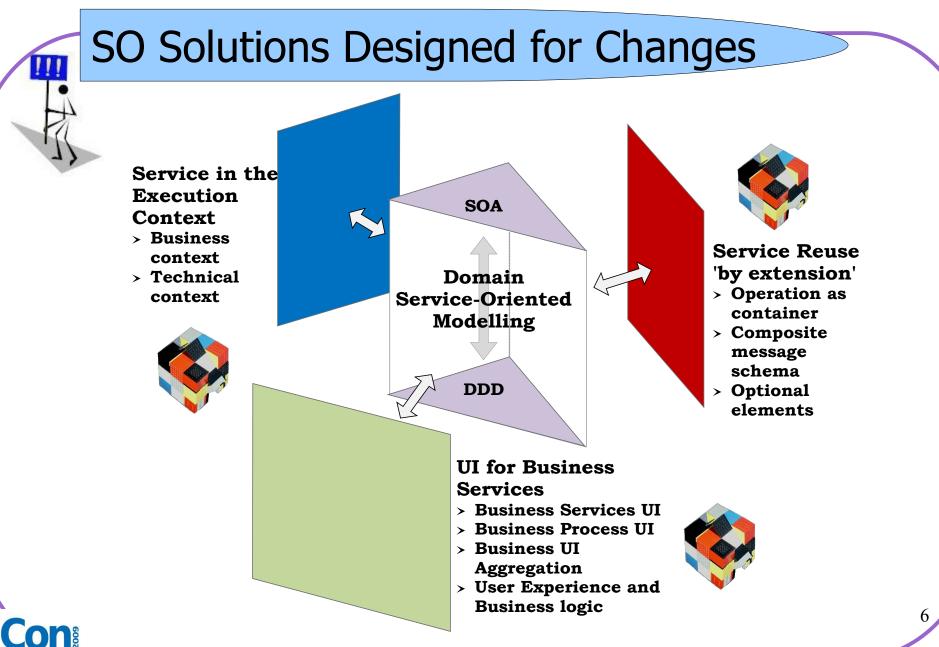
Flexibility in adopting changes is the fundamental mechanism for reaching Efficiency

> Service Orientation, when applied across Business and Technology, provides for maximum flexibility in an organisation

Maximum Flexibility: adaptation of changes with

- > minimum implementation cost
- minimum **inv**estments into the follow-up maintenance and modifications of surrounding environment

> minimum time-to-market max ('flexibility') = min { ∑ (IMP+INV+T2M) }



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SO Principles help to deal with 'Change'

Principles of Service-Orientation

- Service reusability
- Service contract
- Service loose coupling
- Service abstraction
- Service composability
- Service autonomy
- Service statelessness
- Service discoverability

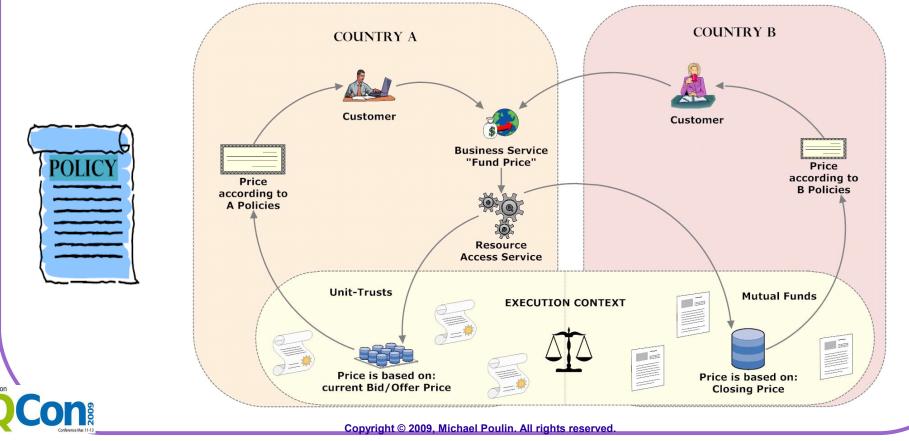
http://ServiceOrientation.org

Service-Orientation Design Principles

- Service Composability: helps providing for the most important mechanism of adaptability to changes - via flexible service compositions
- Service Autonomy: helps to define the level of business functionality that should handle the change by itself, internally
- Standardized Service Contracts: helps in the announcement of changes in the service functionality, in the service Real World Effect (result), or in the Execution Context
- Service Abstraction: helps to adopt changes in the service functionality or in the service Real World Effect
- Service Loose Coupling: helps to adopt change in the Execution Context and service body (implementation)
- Service Reusability: helps to accommodate a spectrum of changes via 'reuse by extension'
- Service Discoverability: helps to support multiple versions of the service compositions

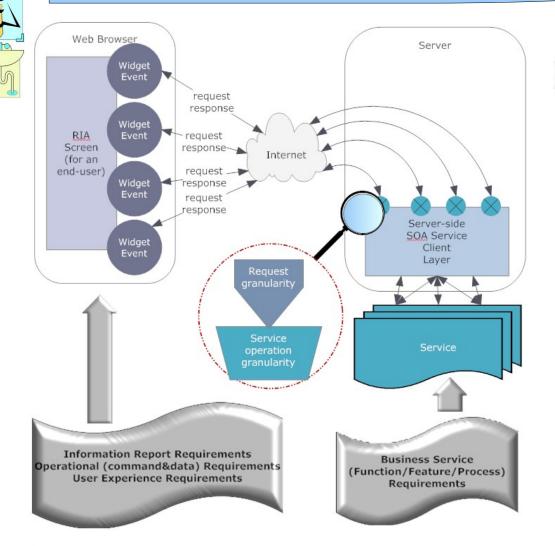
Change in service Execution Context

Service Execution Context is a set of technical and business infrastructure elements, process entities, policy assertions, and agreements that forms a path between those with needs and those with capabilities



UI for Business Service

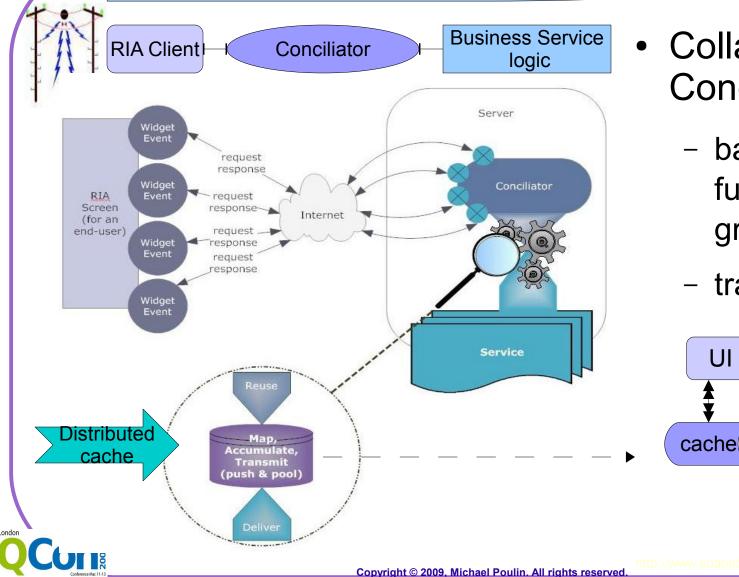
(change in User Experience vs. change in Business Logic)



The major mismatch between RIA and SOA is in

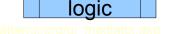
- the fine-grained operations in RIA
- the coarse-grained operations of business SOA services

UI for Business Service - 2



- Collaboration-**Conciliator Pattern:**
 - balances functionality and granularity
 - transforms data

UI

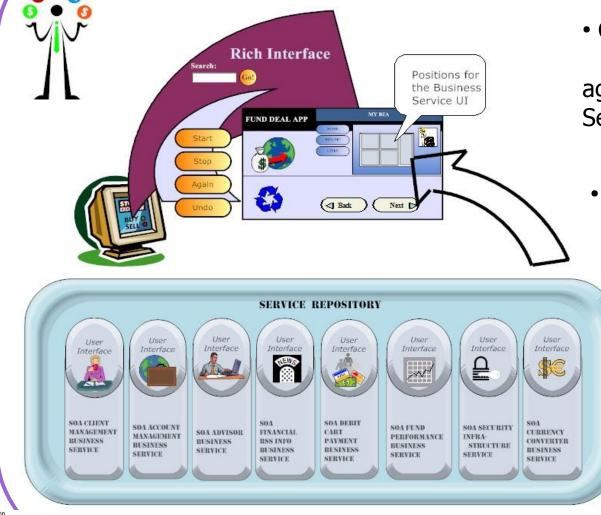


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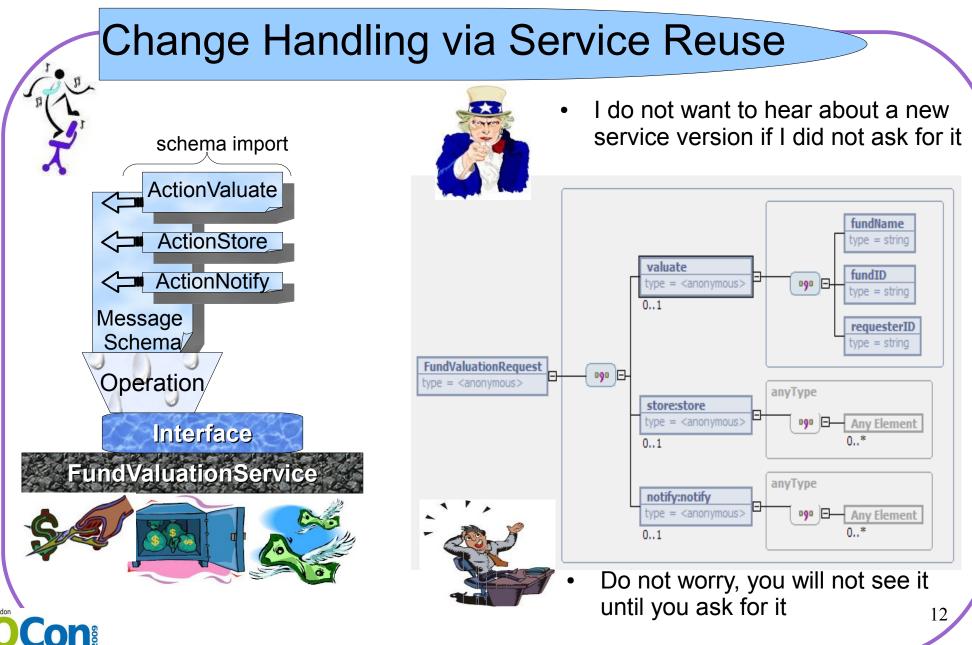
business

UI for Business Service - 3



• Composite or Aggregate Service: RIA Client is an explicit aggregation of the UIs of Business Services

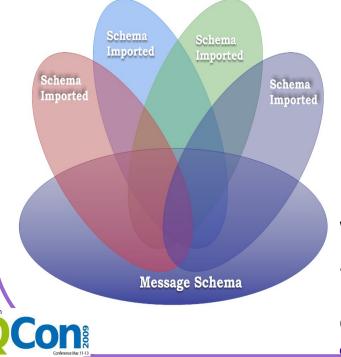
• Business Process (User Journey): RIA Client's UI is combined with the UIs of used Business Services



Reuse 'by extension' – keeping users happy



- Reuse 'as is' vs. reuse 'by extension'
 - 'as is': minimum service flexibility but the simplest
 - 'by extension': high level of service flexibility but not trivial

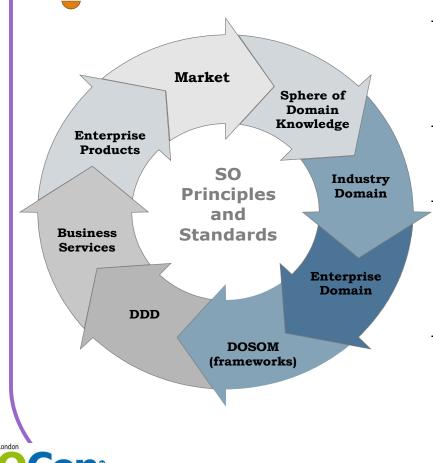


How to reuse service 'by extension':

- → **Define** operations of the service interface
- Define in/out messages for the operations
- Separate consumer activities from the operations
- Specify each activity within its own namespace or schema and import it into the message
- → Define each activity as optional (minOccurs="0")

With reuse 'by extension', we can extend the *messages* by adding/removing activities as needed preserving backward compatibility for existing users

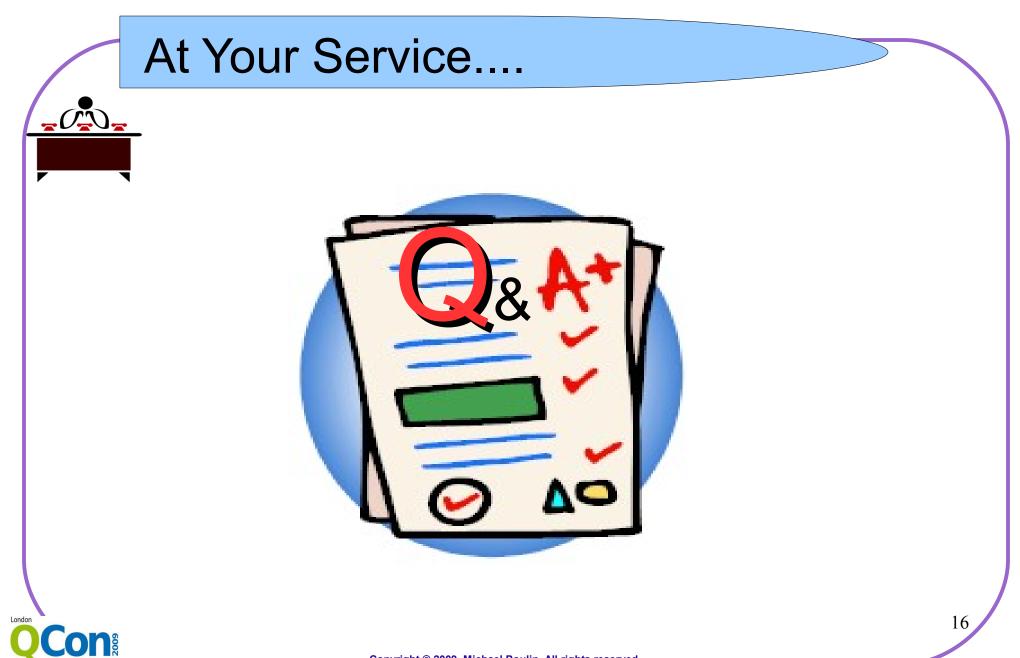
Domain Service-Oriented Modelling



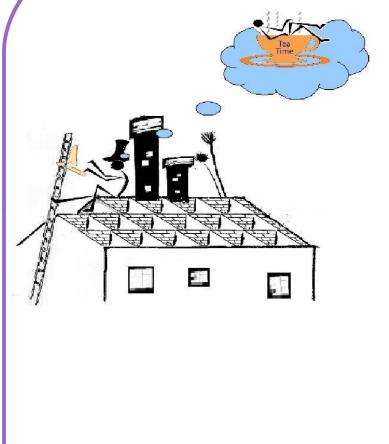
- DOSOM© :
 - a combination of Domain-Driven Design and Model-Driven Architecture (MDA) in the sphere of Service Orientation
 - a domain-specific model that preserves service-oriented principles
 - a domain-agnostic approach that targets domain-specific business tasks at the model level with no technical constraints for the model realisation
 - the form of a seamless stream of inheritable Domain Models within boundaries of Business Services

Food for Thought

- Service Orientation is a solution for gaining maximum efficiency in the market through collaboration between Business and Technology
- A Business Service is a Service, which realises business task, feature, function or business process, or a combination of them
- Services ought to be designed for changes
- Service collaboration is the instrument for change adoption with minimal investments, efforts, and time-to-market
- Service behavior depends on the Execution Context
- Domain Service-Oriented Modelling is the way for businessoriented service design



My Publications



- Sys-Con Media: http://michaelpoulin.sys-con.com
- ebizQ, BLOG Service-Oriented Solutions:

http://www.ebizq.net/blogs/service_oriented

Book-in-printing: Ladder to SOE

