

# Secure Distributed Programming on EcmaScript 5 + HTML5 platforms

Mark S. Miller and the Cajadores  
with thanks to Tyler Close



# How to lose an arms race

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## Properties of Interpreters or the Browser Environment that allow Privilege Escalation

Below is a list of known attack vectors. We discuss the EcmaScript 3 language, quirks of existing interpreters, and browser specific extensions that could allow privilege escalation so that we can come up with tests for a safe JavaScript rewriter or verifier.

### Attack Vectors at the EcmaScript/JavaScript level

- [GlobalObjectPoisoning](#) -- Global object poisoning
- [EvalArbitraryCodeExecution](#) -- eval and the Function constructor allow arbitrary code execution
- [ArgumentsMaskedByVar](#) -- function arguments array masked by `var arguments` on Opera
- [CrossScopeParameterModification](#) -- arguments array allows modification of parameters
- [ArgumentsExposeesCaller](#) -- arguments Array and function object expose caller
- [FunctionMemberCrossScopeParameterAccess](#) -- function object's arguments array expose arguments while call in progress
- [TypeofInconsistent](#) -- typeof inconsistent for regular expressions
- [InaccessibleLocalVariables](#) -- Inaccessible local variables
- [CatchBlocksScopeBleed](#) -- catch blocks may cause global assignment, or local scope creep
- [GlobalScopeViaThis](#) -- Global scope reachable via `this` from functions not invoked as methods
- [DeleteUnmasksGlobals](#) -- Delete can unmask globals
- [FunctionConstructor](#) -- Function constructor accessible via the 'constructor' property
- [ObjectEvalArbitraryCodeExecution](#) -- Object.eval allows execution of unsanitized code on Firefox.
- [ObjectWatch](#) -- Object.watch allows stealing and poisoning of otherwise restricted data
- [ObjectToSourceLeaksPrivates](#) -- Object.toSource and uneval allow access to private fields
- [FunctionMethodsLeakGlobalScope](#) -- Function.call or Function.apply can leak window with certain this-values.
- [ConditionalCompilationComments](#) -- Conditional compilation may allow disabling of runtime checks.
- [StringObfuscationIsEasy](#) -- Approaches that rely on detecting code for other languages in string literals is easy to defeat
- [ParentCircumventsScoping](#) -- The javascript1.2 feature `__parent__` circumvents normal scoping.
- [JsControlFormatChars](#) -- [ :c@:] can be used hide code in string or comments.
- [InconsistentlyReservedKeywords](#) -- Different reserved keyword set can cause parser ambiguity
- [ErrorExposesParameterValues](#) -- The stack property of Error includes parameter values.
- [HiddenControlFlowHazard](#) -- Seemingly safe Caja data computations may result in a control-flow transfer to a potential adversary.
- [RegexpMatchGlobally](#) -- Any regular expression can match against the last string passed to any other
- [EvalBreaksClosureEncapsulation](#) -- Eval extensions allow reaching into the scope chain of closures
- [PostIncrementAndDecrementCanReturnNonNumber](#) -- Incorrect implementations of postincrement and postdecrement can cause confusion as to which property is being accessed
- [MisOptimizations](#) -- Some interpreters try to optimize javascript before execution subtly changing the semantics of builtin operators ([PostIncrementAndDecrementCanReturnNonNumber](#) is a specific example)
- [CompoundAssignmentsCanReturnNonNumber](#) -- The type of assignment expressions may not be correct.
- [FinallySkipped](#) -- An exception that thrown not inside a `try/catch` caught skips `finally` blocks.

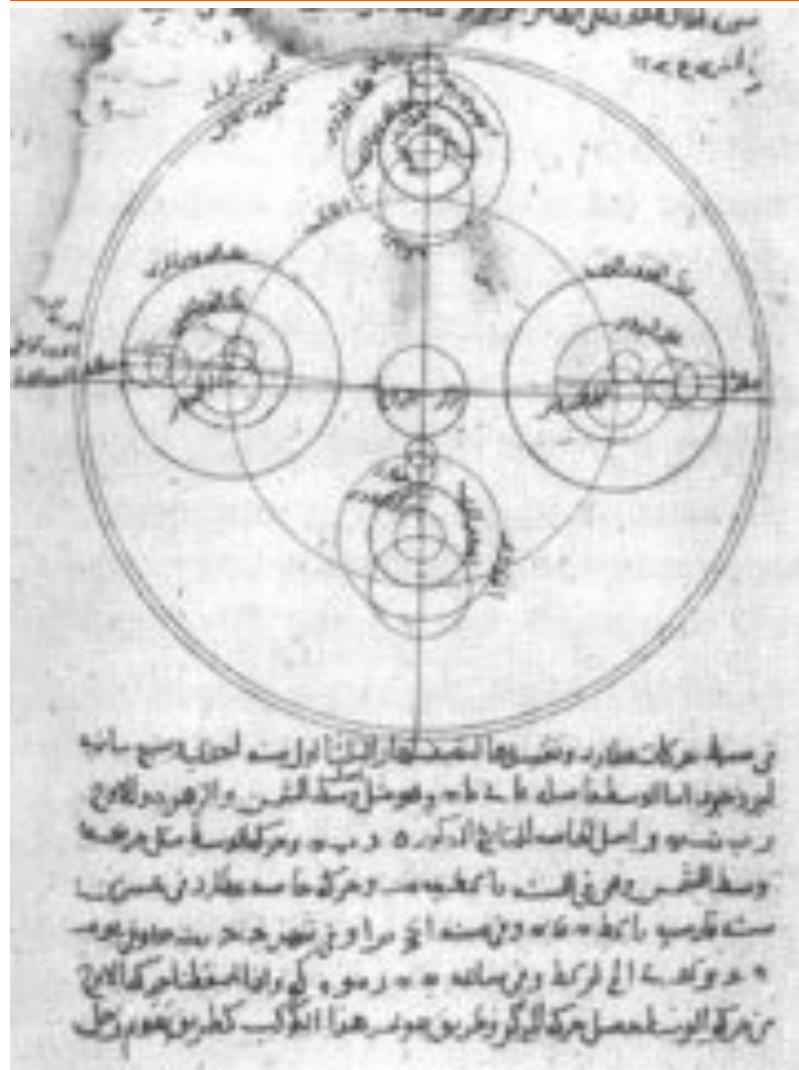
### Attack Vectors at the Browser Environment, DOM, HTML, or CSS levels

- [ScriptInHtml](#) -- HTML Tags in Javascript Strings can allow Unsanitized Script Execution
- [SetTimeoutArbitraryCodeExecution](#) -- setTimeout & setInterval allow arbitrary code execution
- [DomNodeAllowArbitraryCodeExecution](#) -- ActiveXObject, document.createElement, document allow arbitrary code execution
- [InnerHTMLYieldsCdata](#) -- script, style, xmp and listing elements' innerHTML cannot be safely inserted into another element's innerHTML
- [DomAllowsXsrf](#) -- document object allows arbitrary XSRF with the user's credentials
- [DomAllowsKeylogging](#) -- DOM access allows keylogging
- [XsrfViaXxe](#) -- XMLHttpRequest and DOMParser parsing allow arbitrary XSRF via XXE
- [CssAllowsArbitraryCodeExecution](#) -- Some CSS properties allows execution of unsanitized javascript?
- [CssImportsAllowUnsanitizedCodeExecution](#) -- @import can import unsanitized CSS which can execute unsanitized javascript
- [NullCharEscapes](#) -- Null characters in URL can disguise protocols such as `javascript:`
- [ConfusedHttpParsers](#) -- Differences in the way HTML parsers parse malformed HTML can hide unsanitized scripts
- [EventHandlersEvalWithDom](#) -- The scope that event handlers are executed in may expose DOM properties as globals
- [DocTypesCanInjectUnsanitizedContent](#) -- DOCTYPEs can define entities which can inject unsanitized script or markup.
- [EventChecksCircumventableByInfiniteLoops](#) -- Invariants preserved by event handlers can be circumvented by causing the browser to turn off javascript.
- [IdAndNameMasking](#) -- Members of `HtmlCollection`, `HTMLFormElement`, etc. masked by `ids&names`
- [UrlFetchingSideChannel](#) -- Side-channels from unproxied connections leak information across closed networks
- [HistoryMining](#) -- CSS can be used to determine whether a user has visited a URL.
- [RedirectWithoutUserAction](#) -- JS and HTML both allow redirection with user interaction.
- [PhishingViaCrossSiteHttpAuth](#) -- An attacker can display an HTTP authorization dialog that looks like it may have come from another site.

# How to lose an arms race

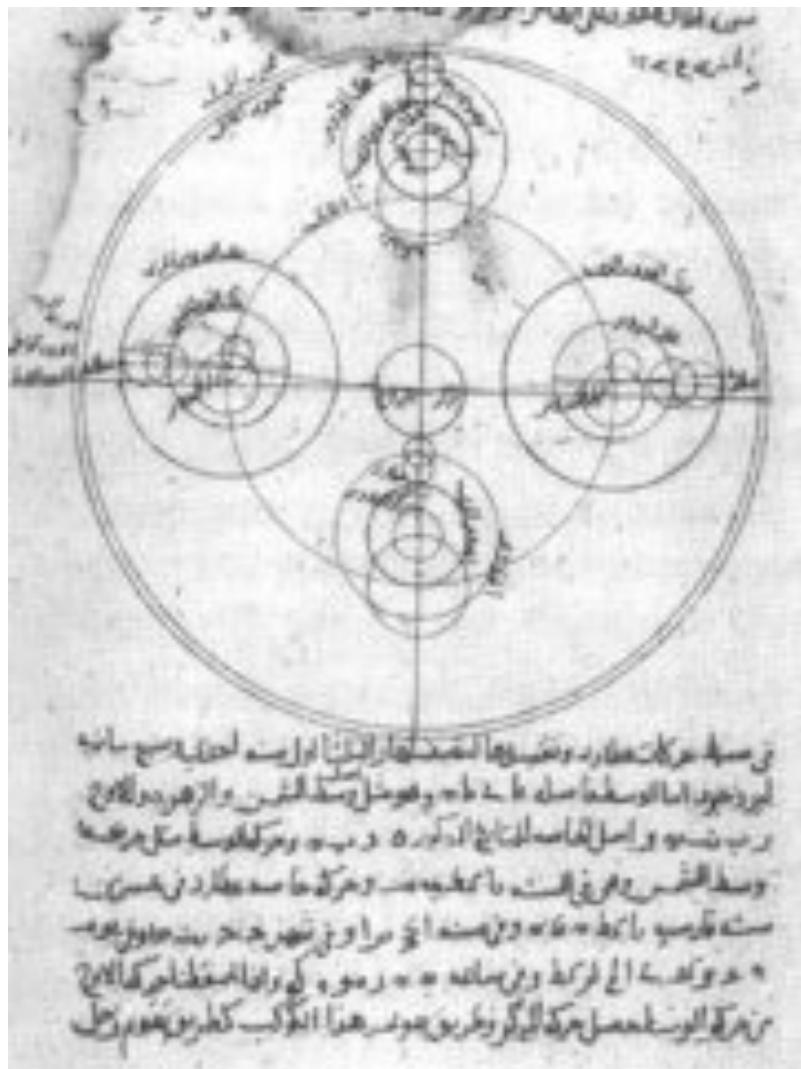
# Doomed to never ending tinkering?

---



# Doomed to never ending tinkering?

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Identity-centric access

HTTP auth info

client side certs

script, img, fragment holes

Cookies

augments attacker's authority

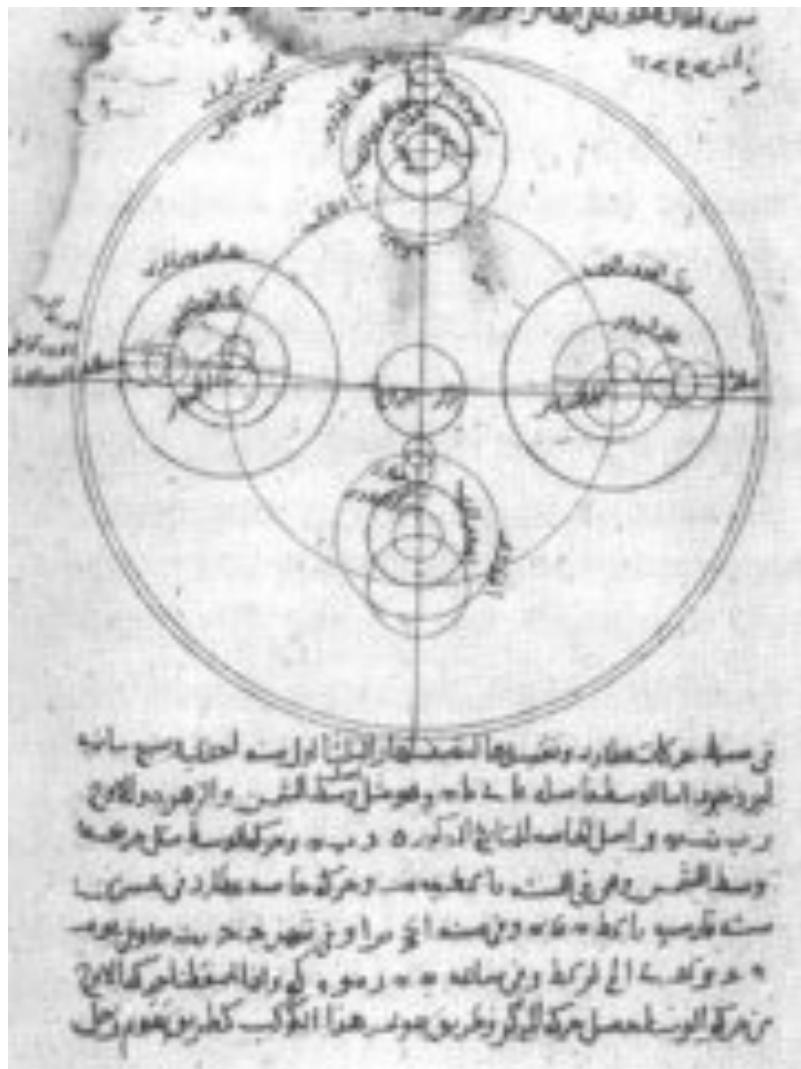
→ confused deputies

Origin: header “fix”

→ subtler confused deputies

# Doomed to never ending tinkering?

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Identity-centric access

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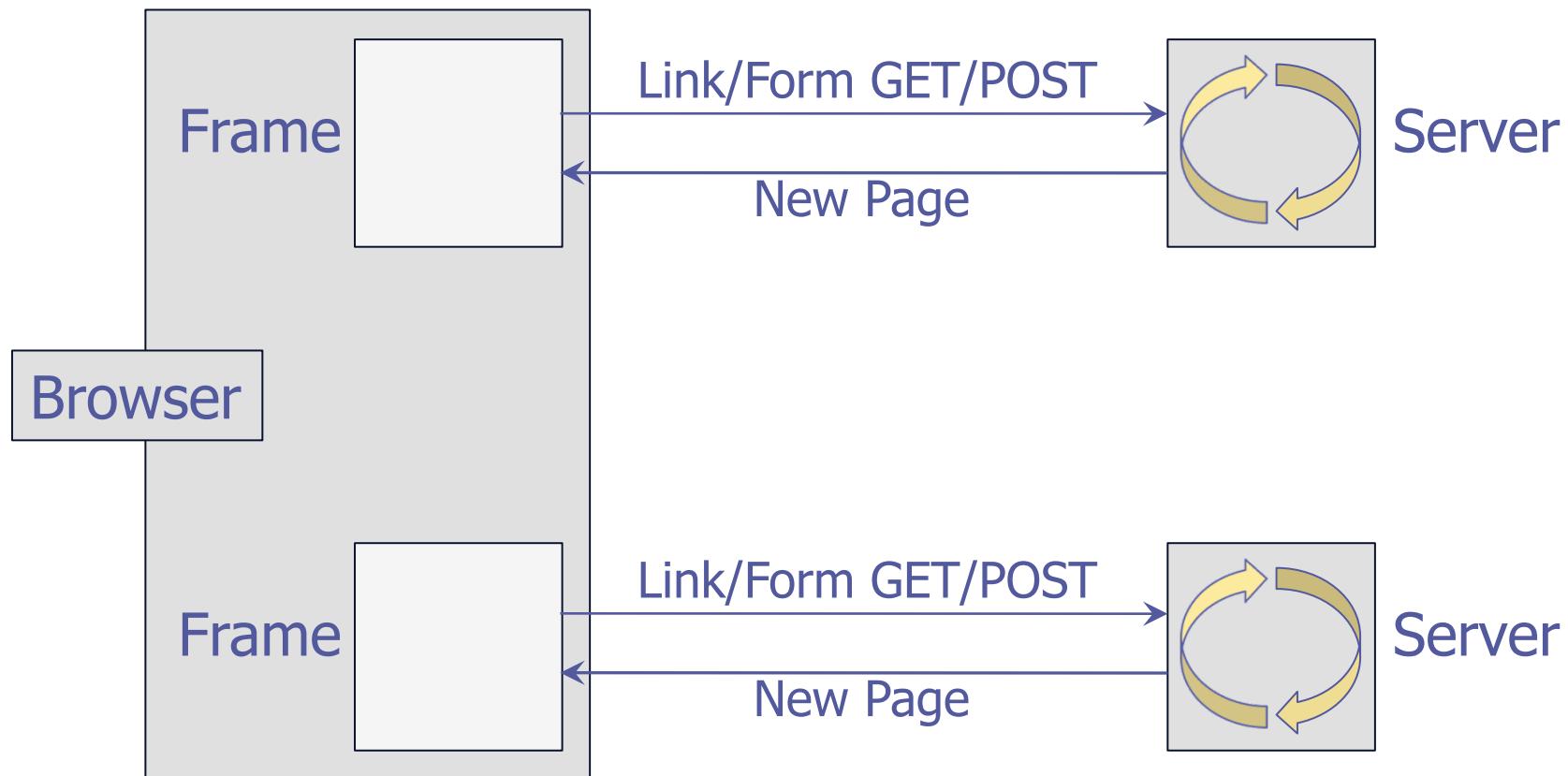
Origin: header "fix"

→ subtler confused deputies

Identity-centric vs.  
Authorization-centric

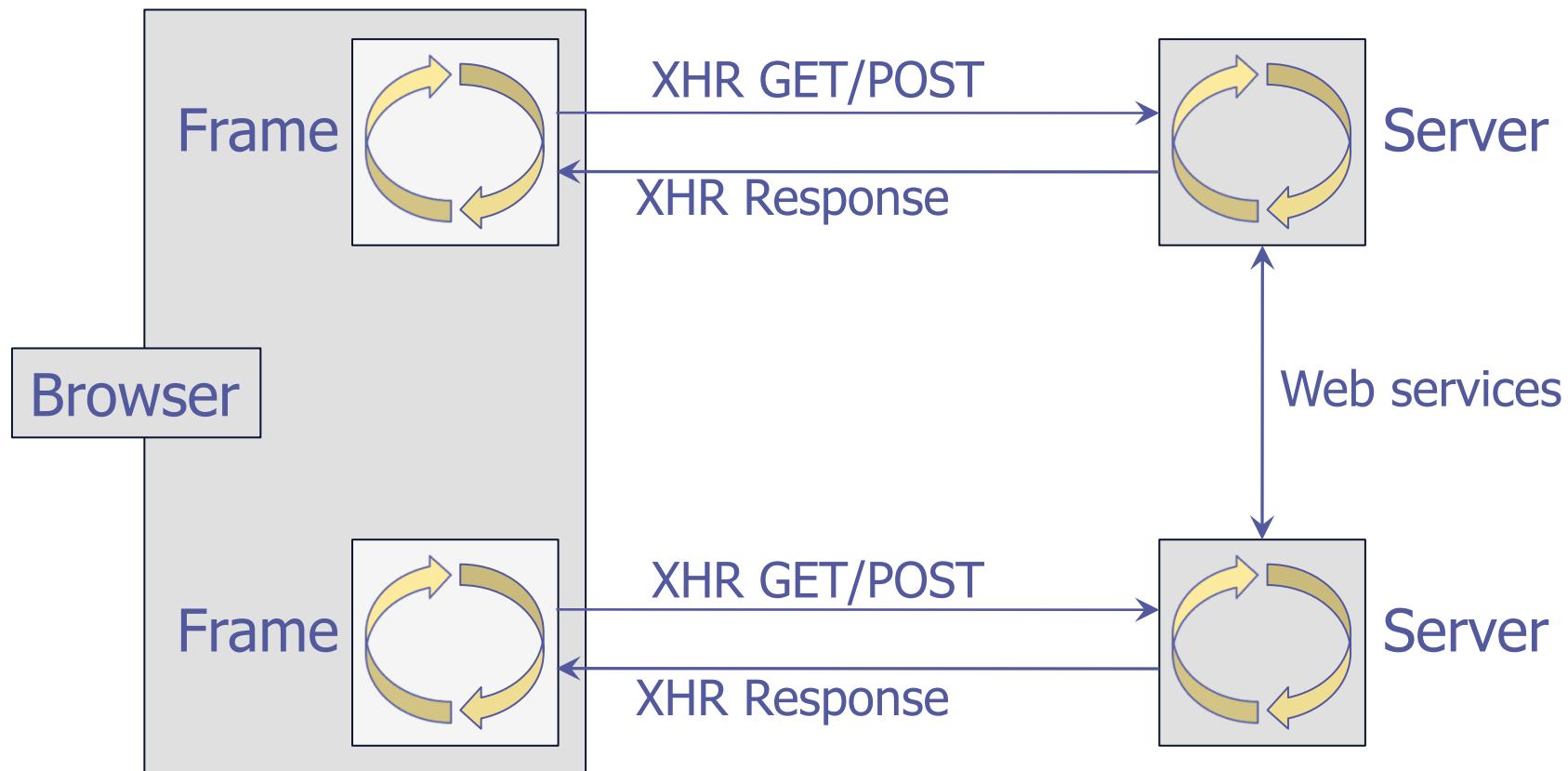
# Original Web

---

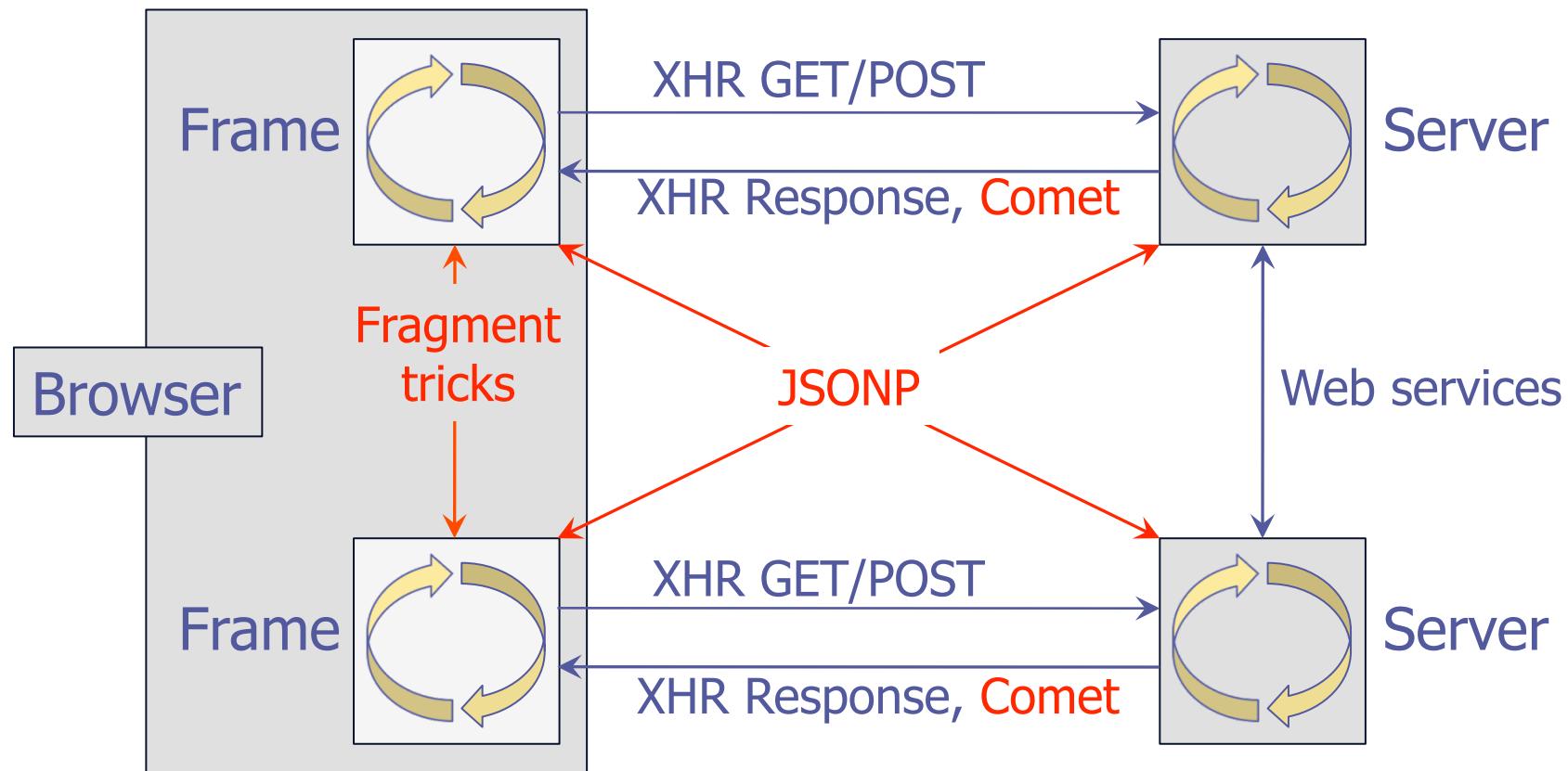


# Ajax = Mobile code + async msgs

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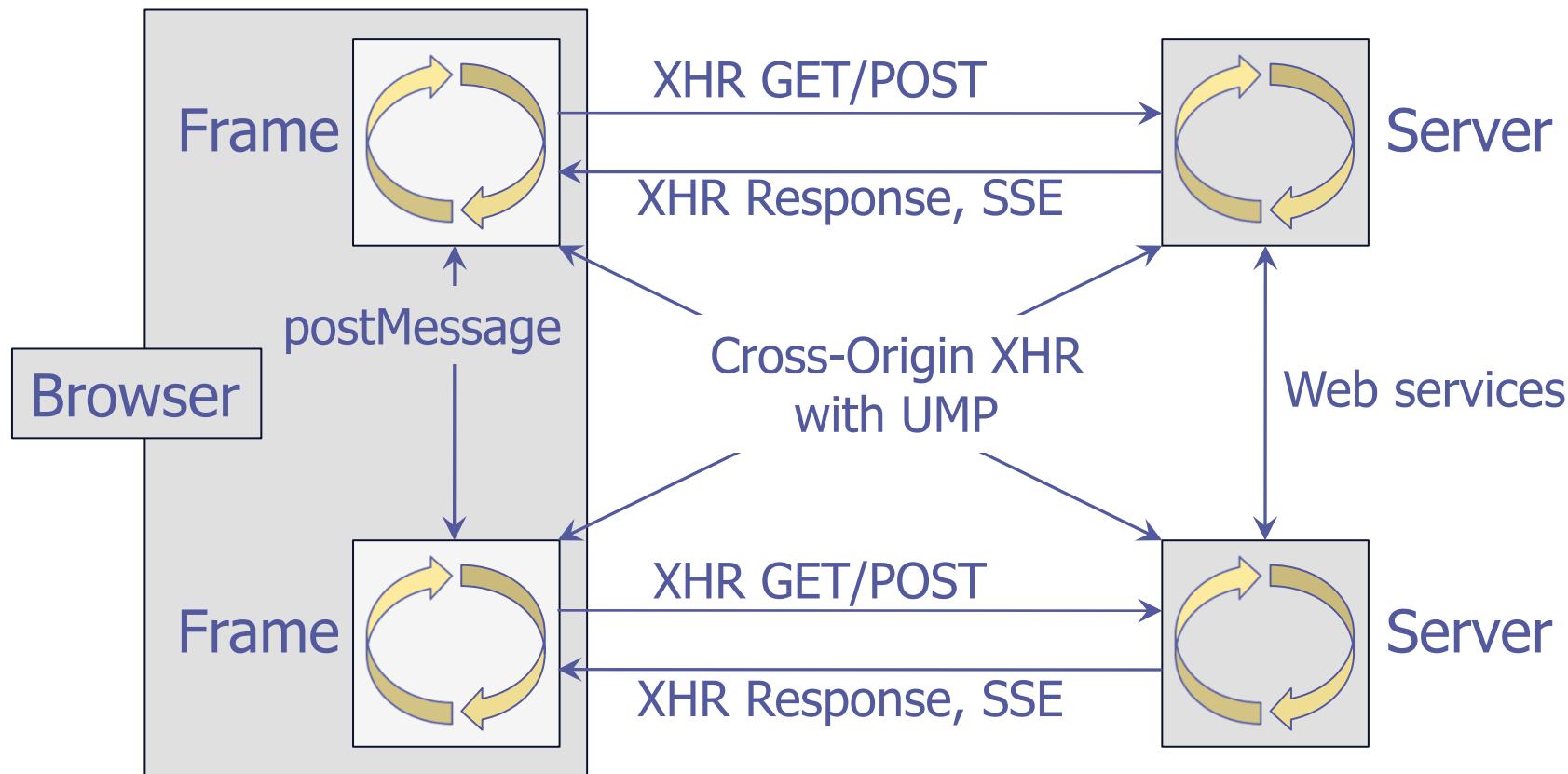


# Kludging Towards Distributed Objects



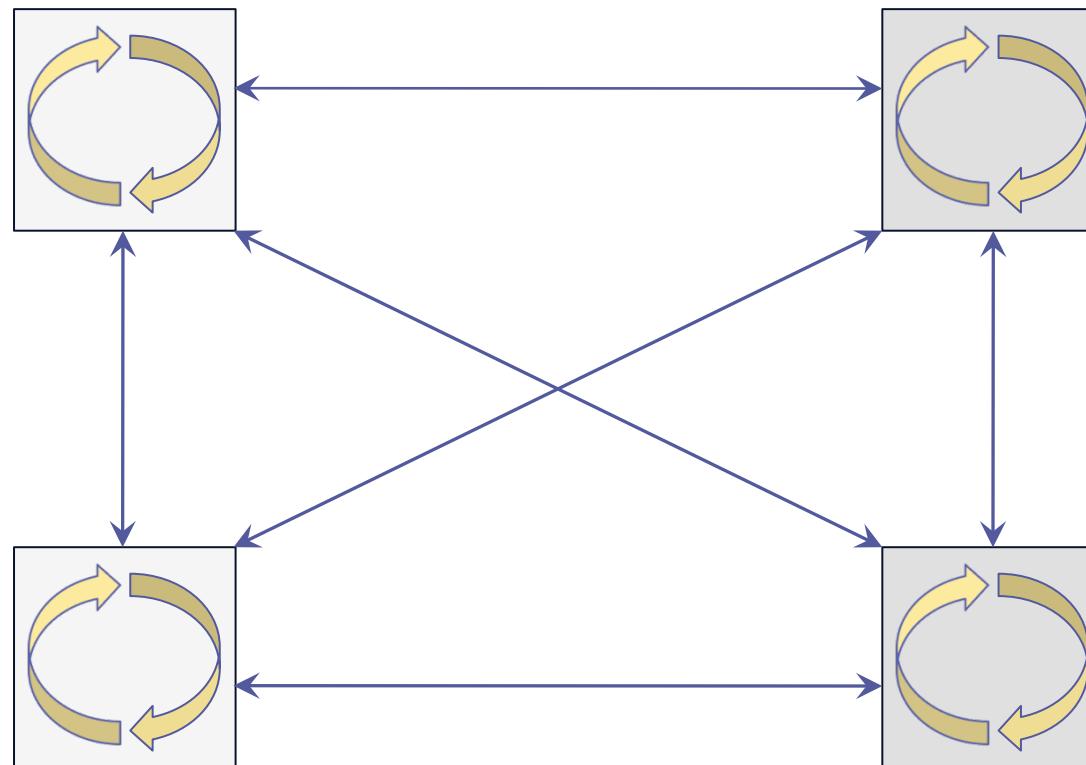
# A Web of Distributed Objects

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# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



Mobile messages, code, objects

# Safe Mobile Messages: *Uniform* XHR

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As in “*Uniform* Resource Locator”

Designation (ideally) independent of requestor context

Ignore browser’s “helpful” extras

HTTP Auth info, client side certs, cookies, Origin: header,

Like IP address: use only for forensics & emergencies

Authorize based only on payload

HTTPS URL or request body – info the requestor ***knows***

Waive response “protection”

**Access-Control-Allow-Origin:** \*

# Safe Mobile Code: OCaps in JavaScript

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## EcmaScript 3:

One of the hardest oo languages to secure.

Caja: Complex server-side translator. Runtime overhead.

## EcmaScript 5:

One of the easiest oo languages to secure.

<script src="initSES.js"></script>

Simple client-side init and verifier. No runtime overhead.

Approx 5K download compressed.

# Security as Extreme Modularity

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Modularity: Avoid needless dependencies

Security: Avoid needless vulnerabilities

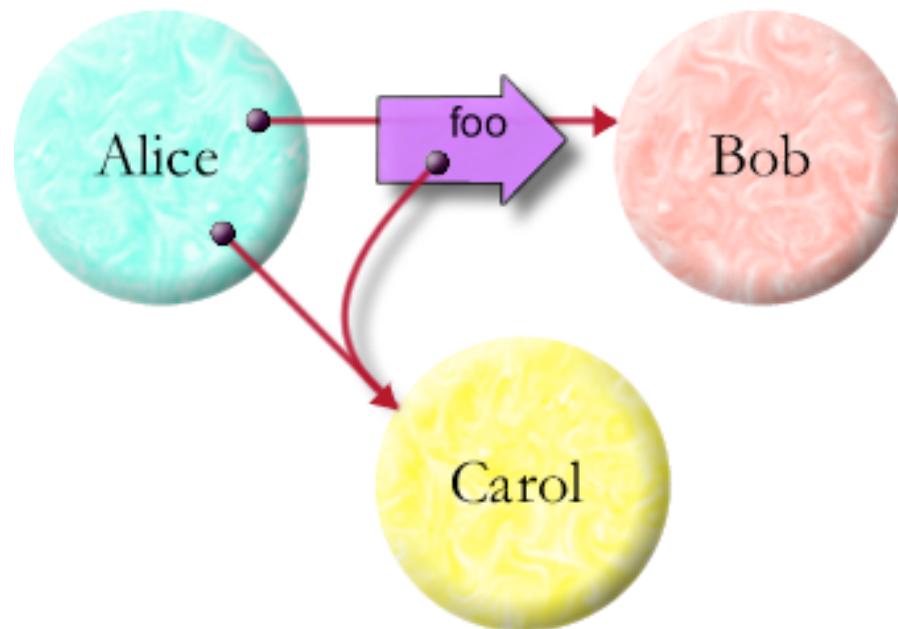
**Vulnerability is a form of dependency**

Mod: Principle of info hiding - need to know.

Sec: Principle of least authority - need to do.

# Connectivity by...

Alice says: bob.foo(carol)



- ... Introduction*
- ref to Carol*
- ref to Bob*
- decides to share*
- ... Parenthood*
- ... Endowment*
- ... Initial Conditions*

How might object Bob come to know object Carol?

# OCaps: Small step from pure objects

---

Memory safety and encapsulation

- + Effects **only** by using held references
  - + No powerful references by default
-

# OCaps: Small step from pure objects

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Memory safety and encapsulation

- + Effects **only** by using held references
  - + No powerful references by default
- 

Reference graph  $\equiv$  Access graph

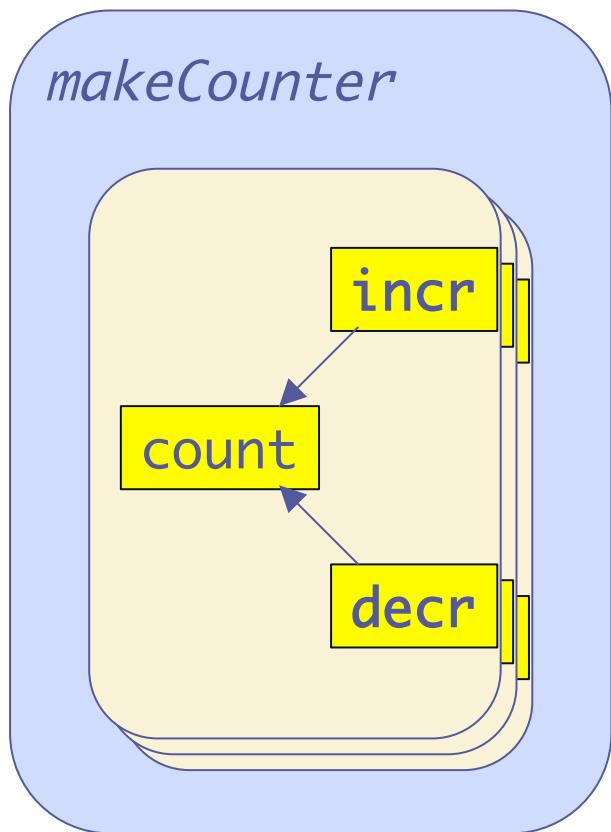
Only connectivity begets connectivity

Natural *Least Authority*

OO expressiveness for security patterns

# Objects as Closures

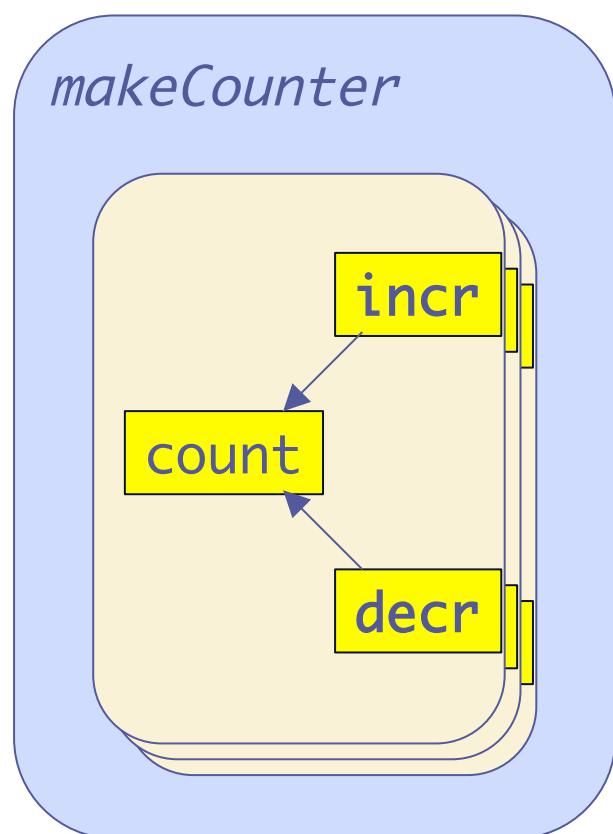
---



```
function makeCounter() {  
    var count = 0;  
    return {  
        incr: function() { return ++count; },  
        decr: function() { return -count; }  
    };  
}
```

# Objects as Closures

---

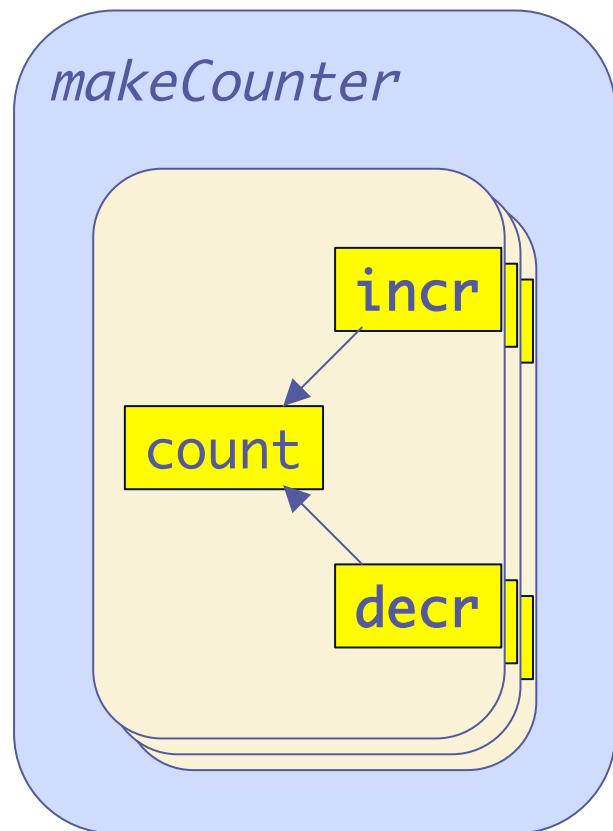


```
function makeCounter() {  
    var count = 0;  
    return {  
        incr: function() { return ++count; },  
        decr: function() { return -count; }  
    };  
}
```

A record of closures hiding state  
is a fine representation of an  
object of methods hiding instance vars

# Objects as Closures in ES5/strict

---



```
"use strict";
function makeCounter() {
    var count = 0;
    return def({
        incr: function() { return ++count; },
        decr: function() { return -count; }
    });
}
```

A tamper-proof record of  
lexical closures encapsulating state  
is a defensive object

# Turning ES5 into SES

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```
<script src="initSES.js"></script>
```

Monkey patch away bad non-std behaviors

Remove non-whitelisted primordials

Install leaky **WeakMap** emulation

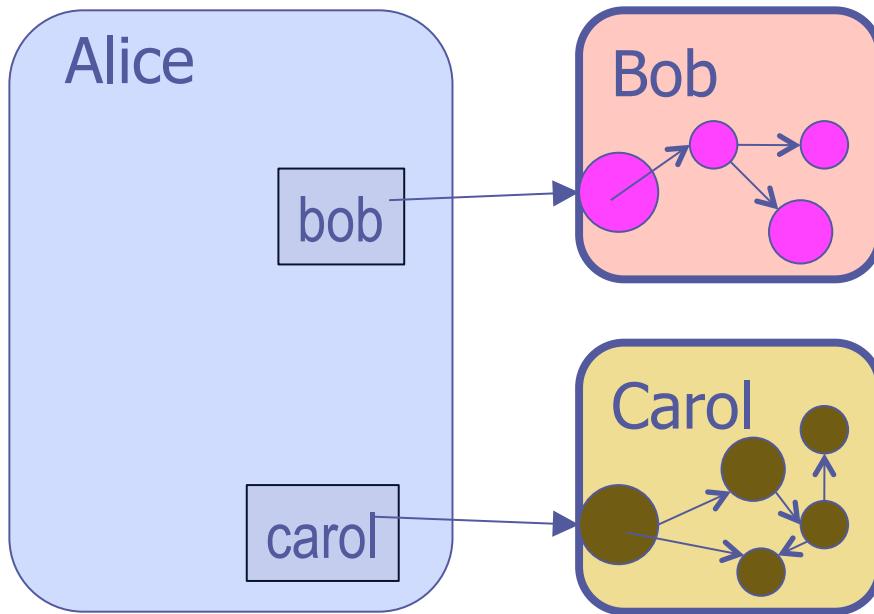
Make virtual global root

Freeze whitelisted global variables

- Replace **eval** & **Function** with safe alternatives
- Freeze accessible primordials

# No powerful references by default

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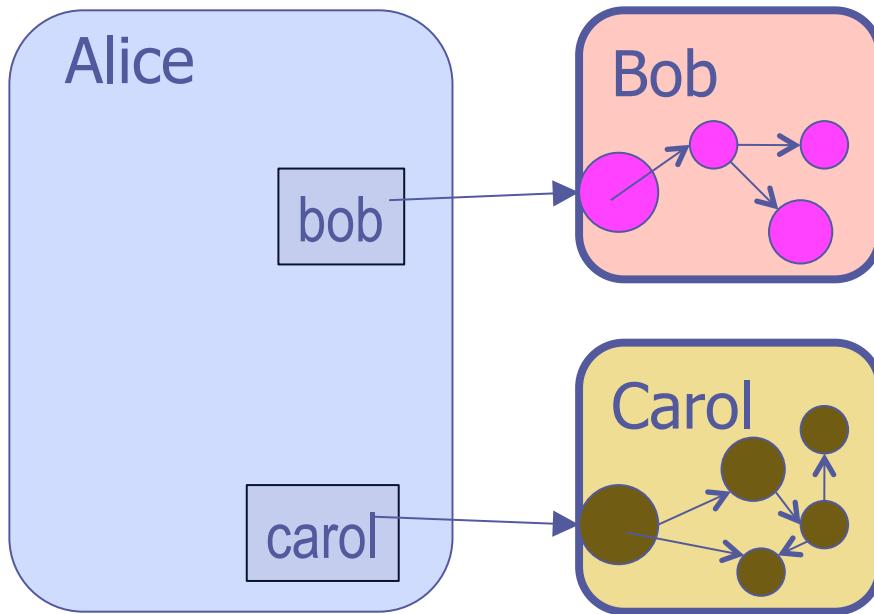


Alice says:

```
var bobSrc = //site B  
var carolSrc = //site C  
var bob = eval(bobSrc);  
var carol = eval(carolSrc);
```

# No powerful references by default

---



Alice says:

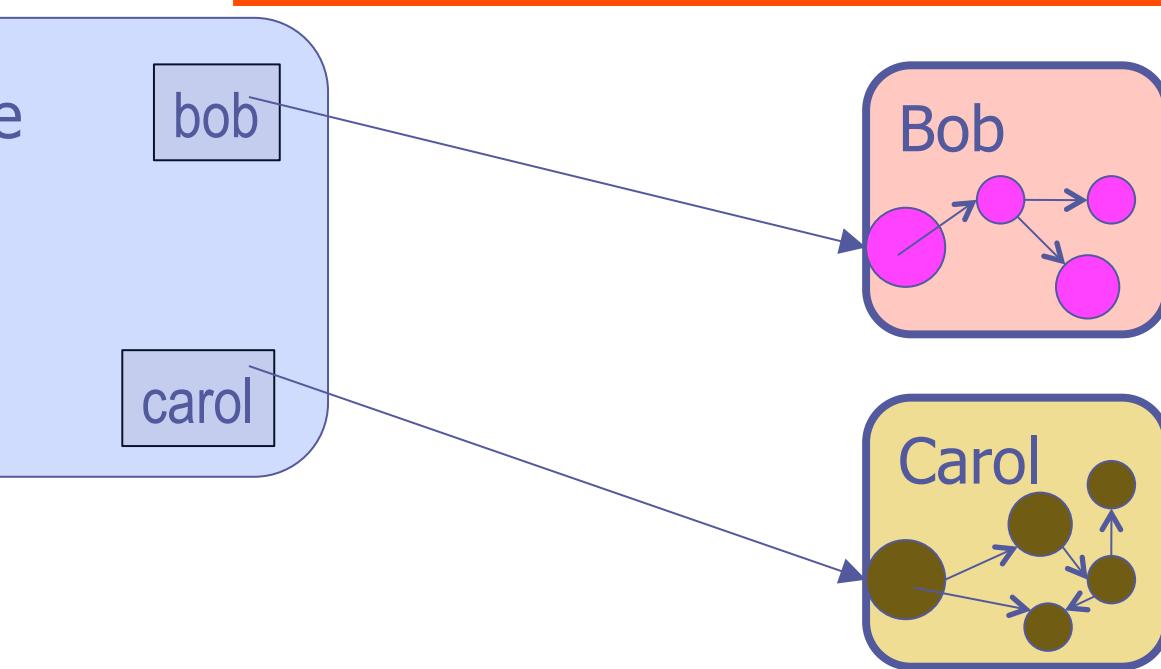
```
var bobSrc = //site B  
var carolSrc = //site C  
var bob = eval(bobSrc);  
var carol = eval(carolSrc);
```

Bob and Carol are **confined**.

Only Alice controls how they can interact or get more connected.

# No powerful references by default

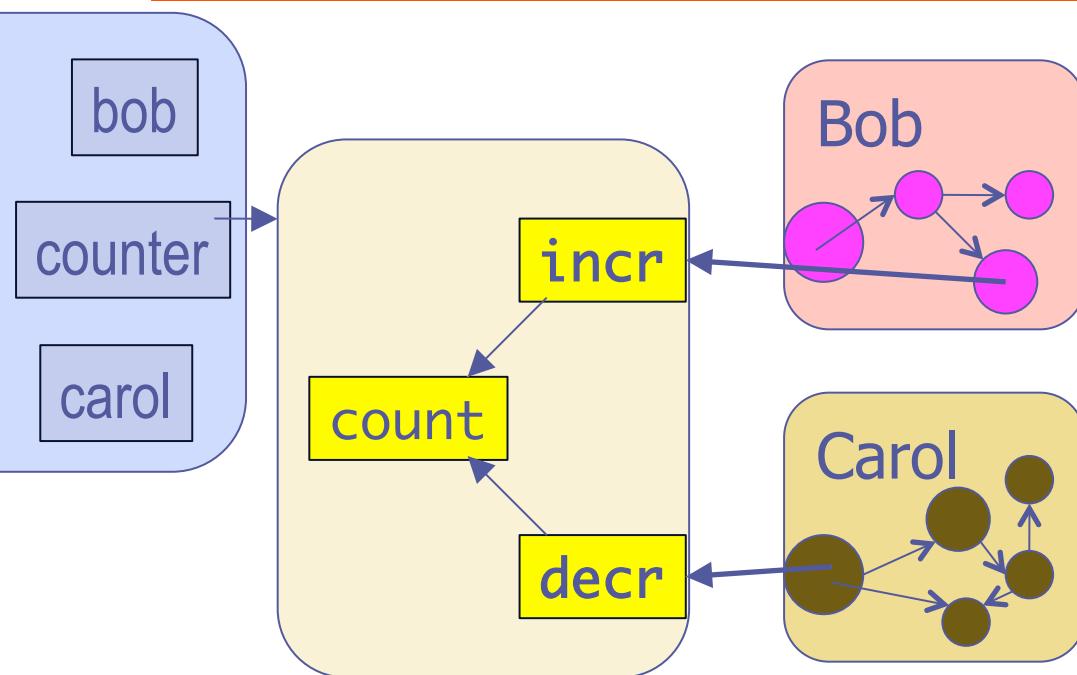
---



Alice says:

# Only connectivity begets connectivity

---

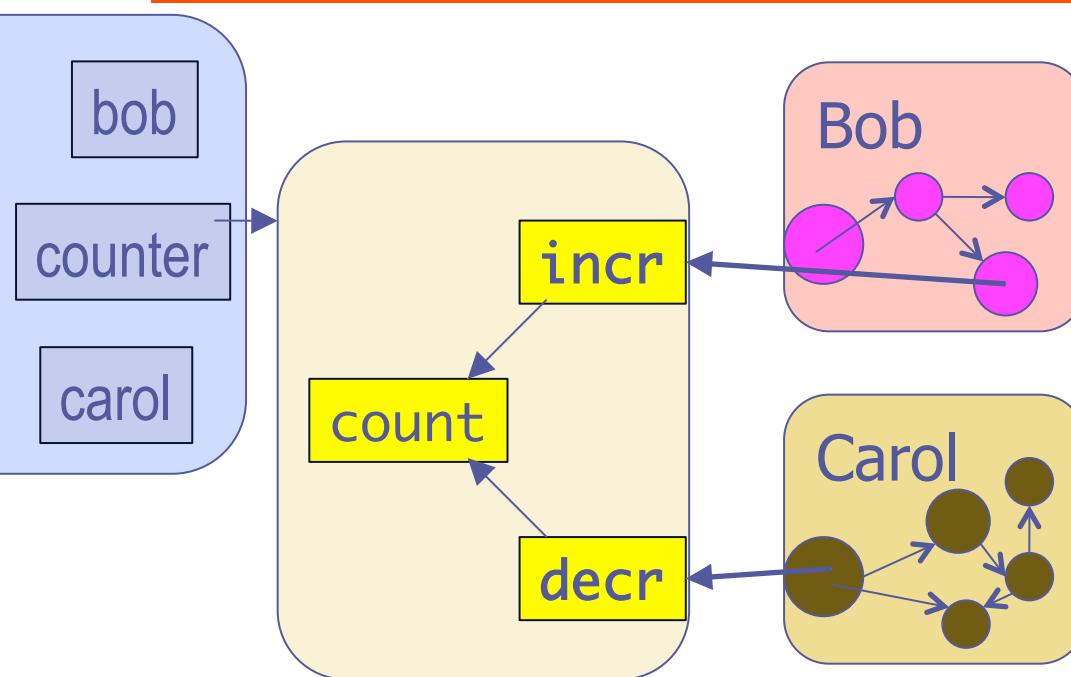


Alice says:

```
var counter = makeCounter();
bob(counter.incr);
carol(counter.decr);
bob = carol = null;
```

# Only connectivity begets connectivity

---



Alice says:

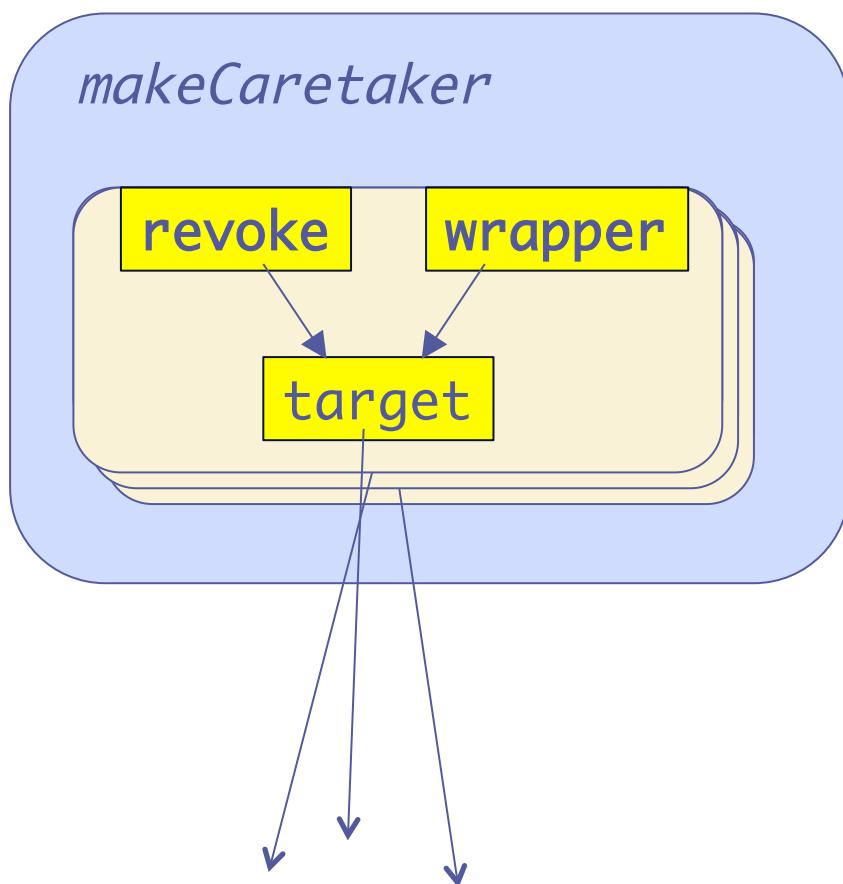
```
var counter = makeCounter();
bob(counter.incr);
carol(counter.decr);
bob = carol = null;
```

Bob can only count up and see result. Carol only down.

Alice can only do both.

# Revocable Function Forwarder

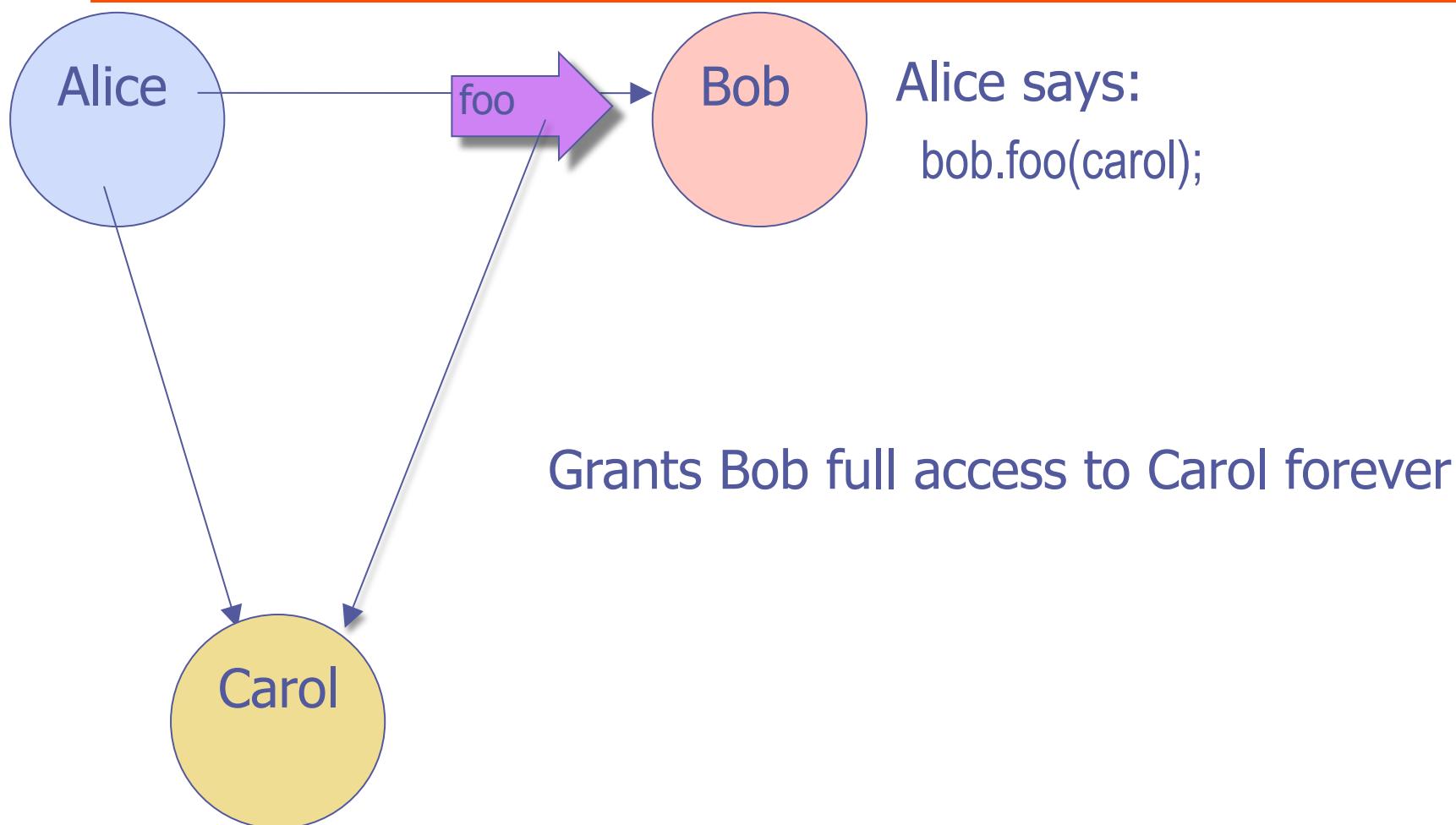
---



```
function makeFnCaretaker(target) {  
    return def({  
        wrapper: function(...args) {  
            return target(...args);  
        },  
        revoke: function() { target = null; }  
    });  
}
```

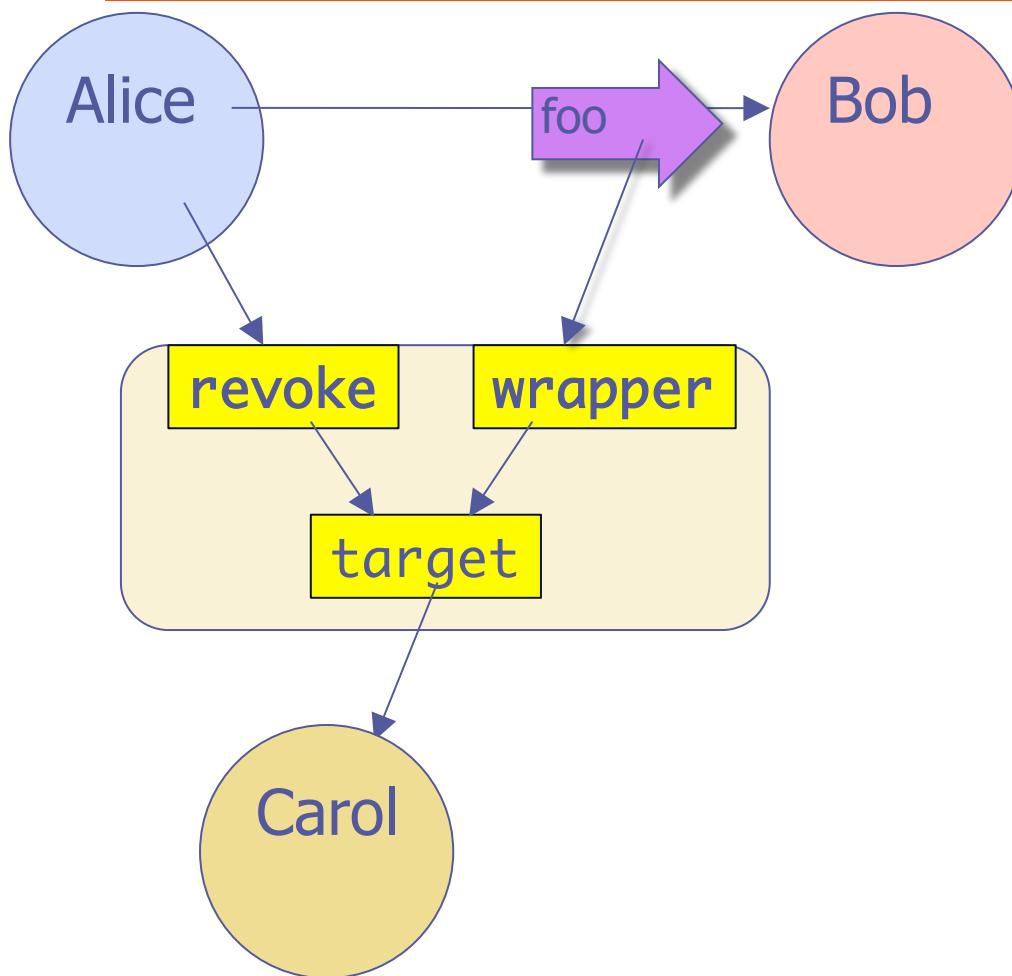
# Unconditional Access

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# Revocability ≡ Temporal attenuation

---

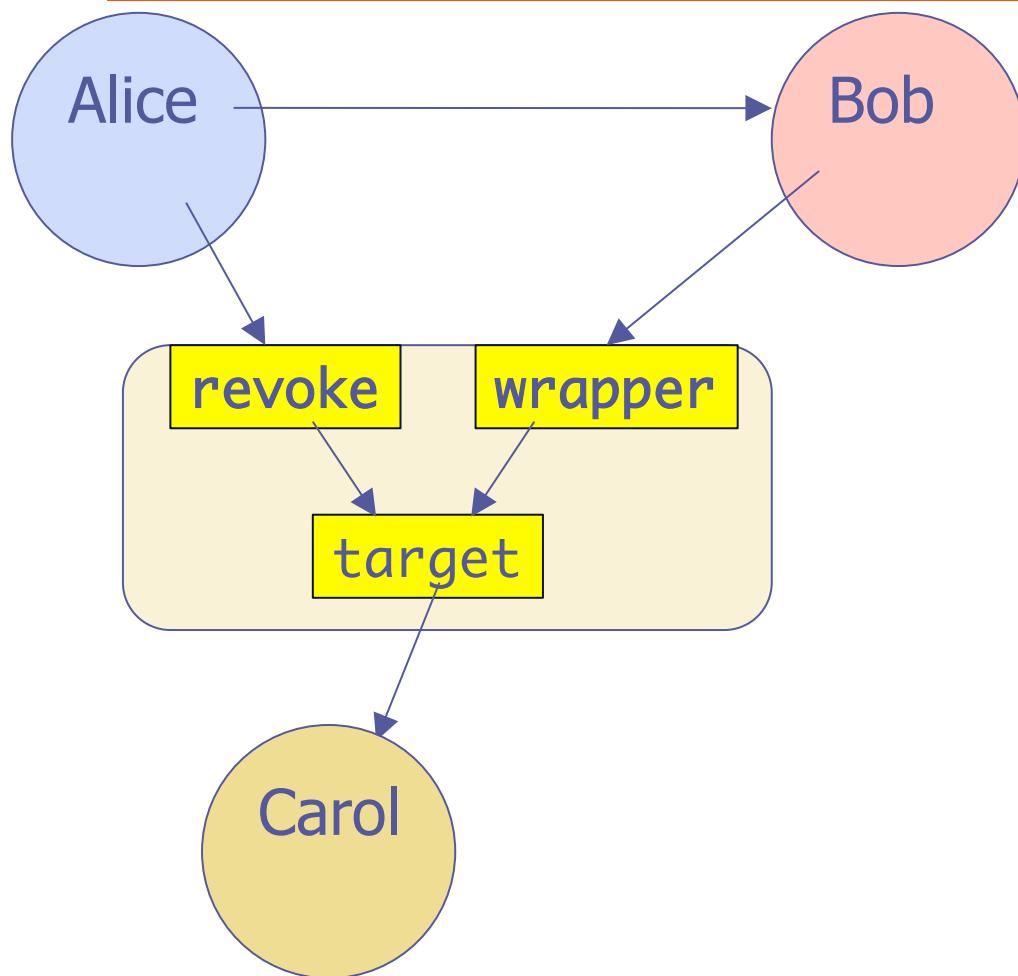


Alice says:

```
var ct = makeCaretaker(carol);  
bob.foo(ct.wrapper);
```

# Revocability ≡ Temporal attenuation

---

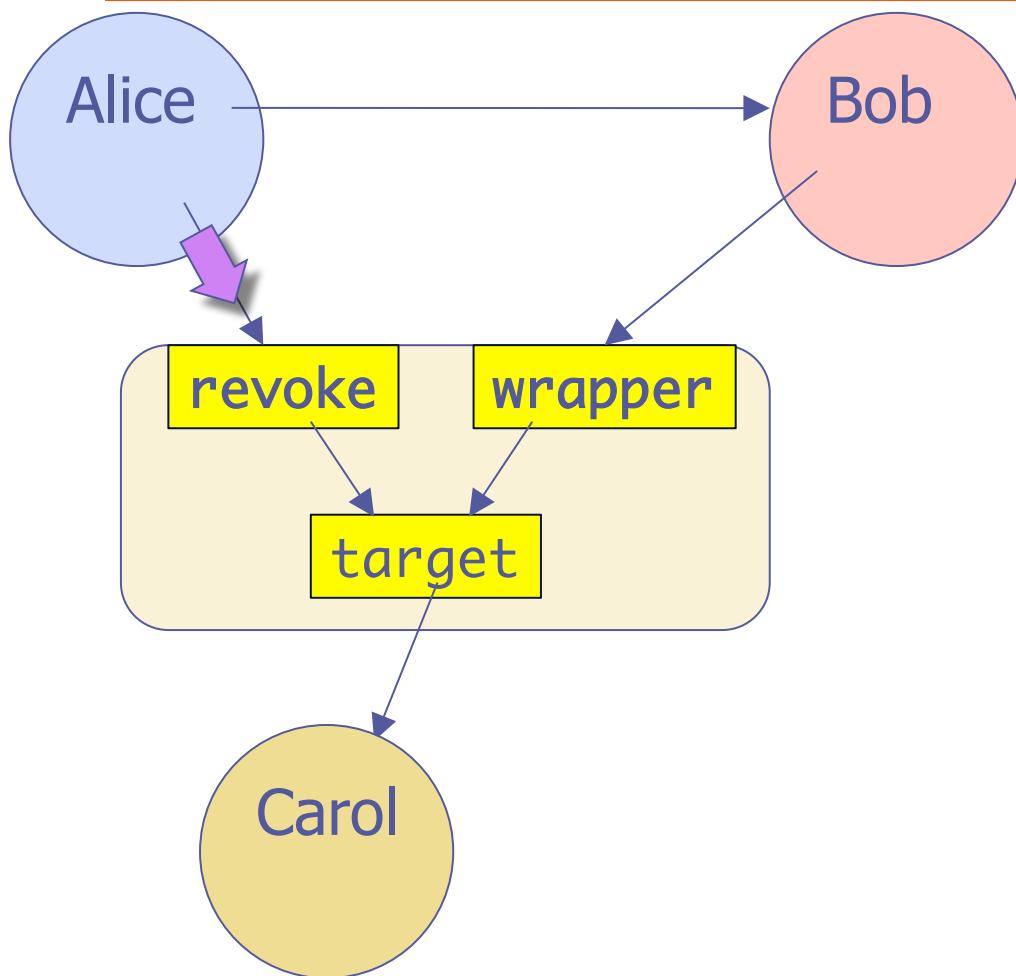


Alice says:

```
var ct = makeCaretaker(carol);  
bob.foo(ct.wrapper);  
//...
```

# Revocability ≡ Temporal attenuation

---

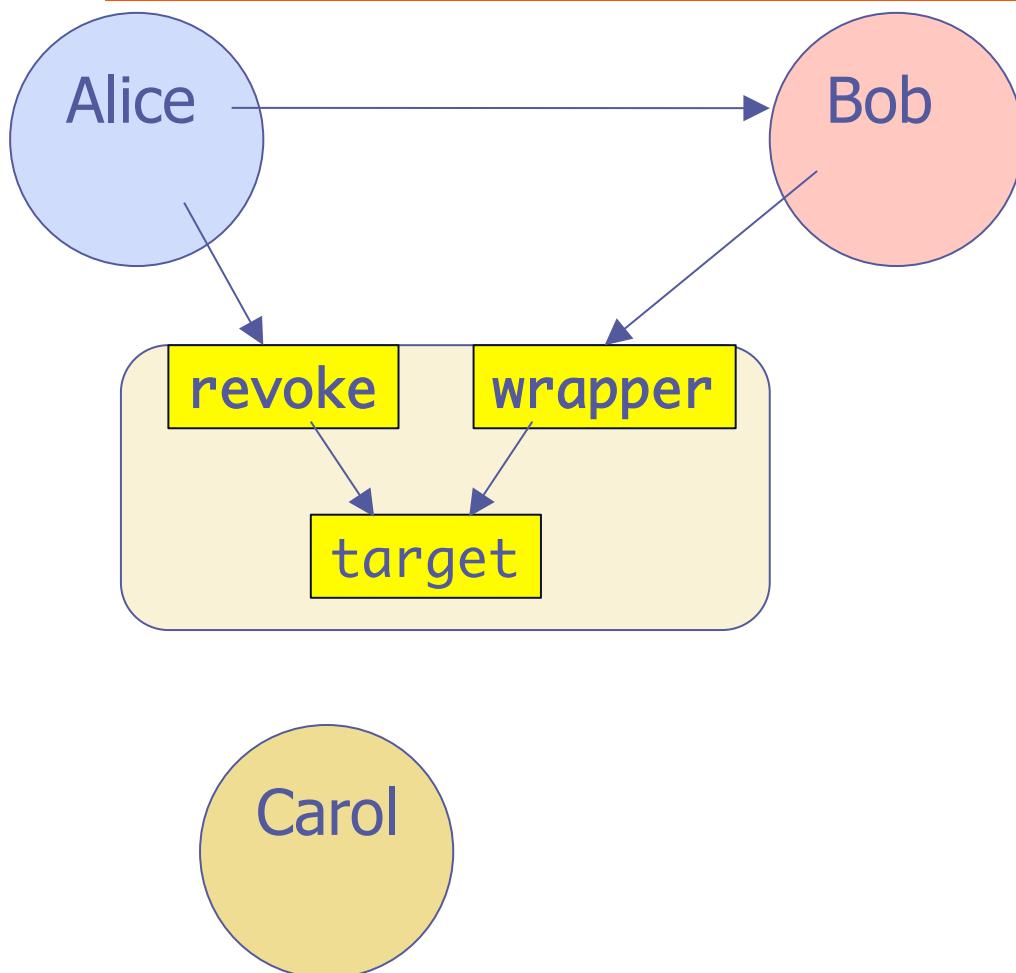


Alice says:

```
var ct = makeCaretaker(carol);
bob.foo(ct.wrapper);
//...
ct.revoke();
```

# Revocability ≡ Temporal attenuation

---

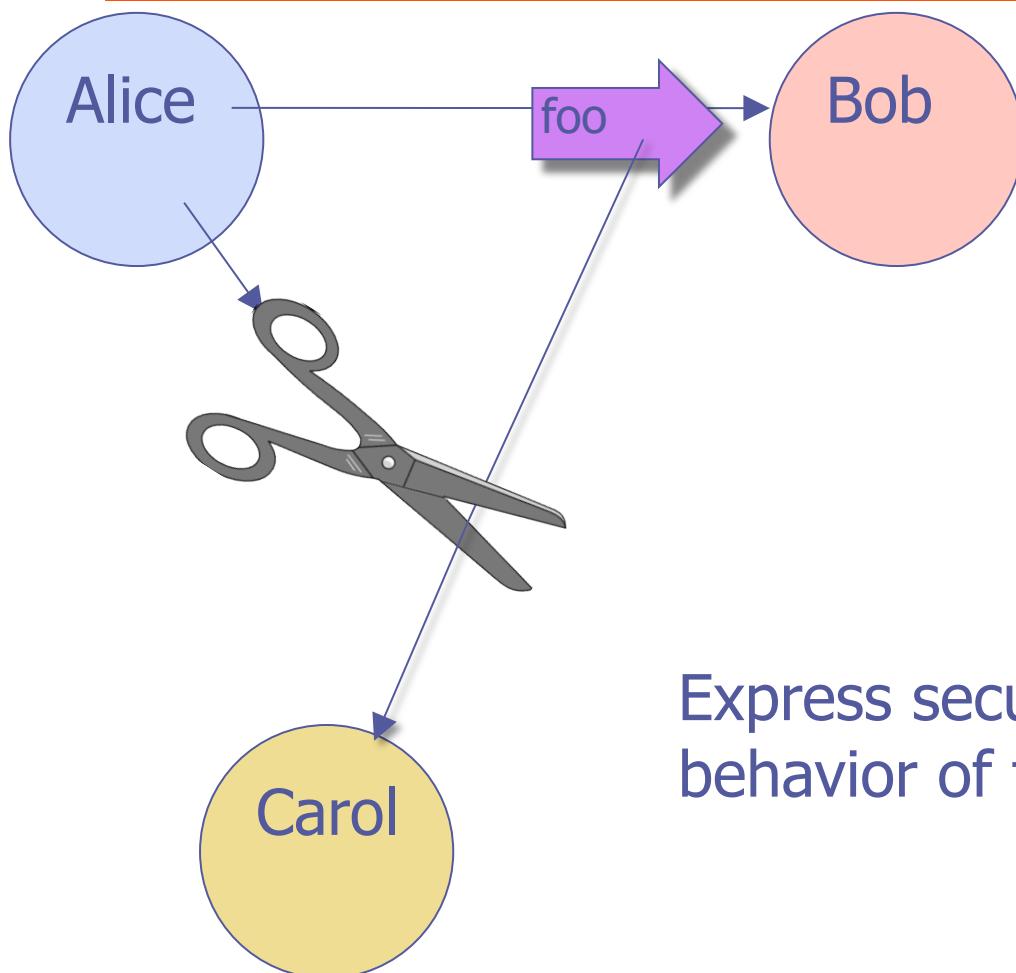


Alice says:

```
var ct = makeCaretaker(carol);  
bob.foo(ct.wrapper);  
//...  
ct.revoke();
```

# Attenuators ≡ Access Abstractions

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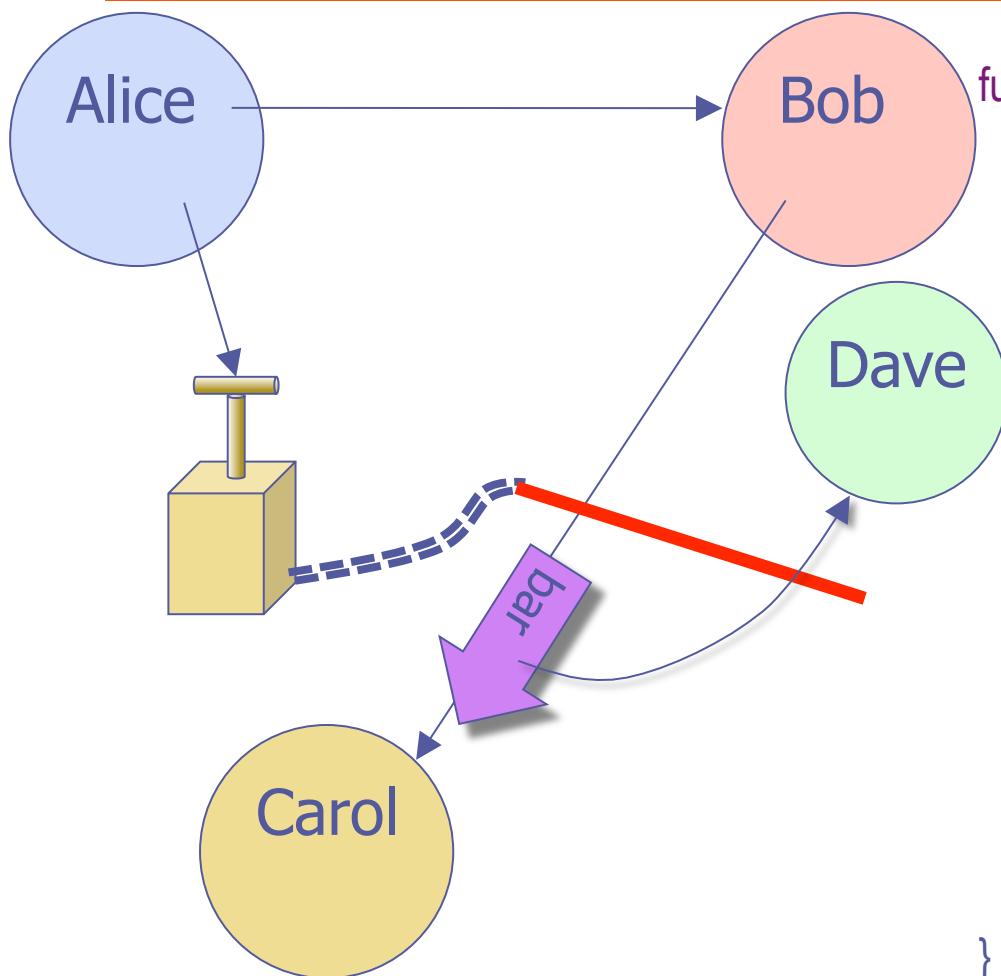
Alice says:

```
var ct = makeCaretaker(carol);  
bob.foo(ct.wrapper);
```

Express security policy by the behavior of the objects you provide

# Membranes: Transitive Interposition

---



```
function makeFnMembrane(target) {  
  var enabled = true;  
  function wrap(wrapped) {  
    if (wrapped !== Object(wrapped)) {  
      return wrapped;  
    }  
    return function(...args) {  
      if (!enabled) { throw new Error("revoked"); }  
      return wrap(wrapped(...args.map(wrap)));  
    }  
  }  
  return def({  
    wrapper: wrap(target),  
    revoke: function() { enabled = false; }  
  });  
}
```

# Attenuators Compose

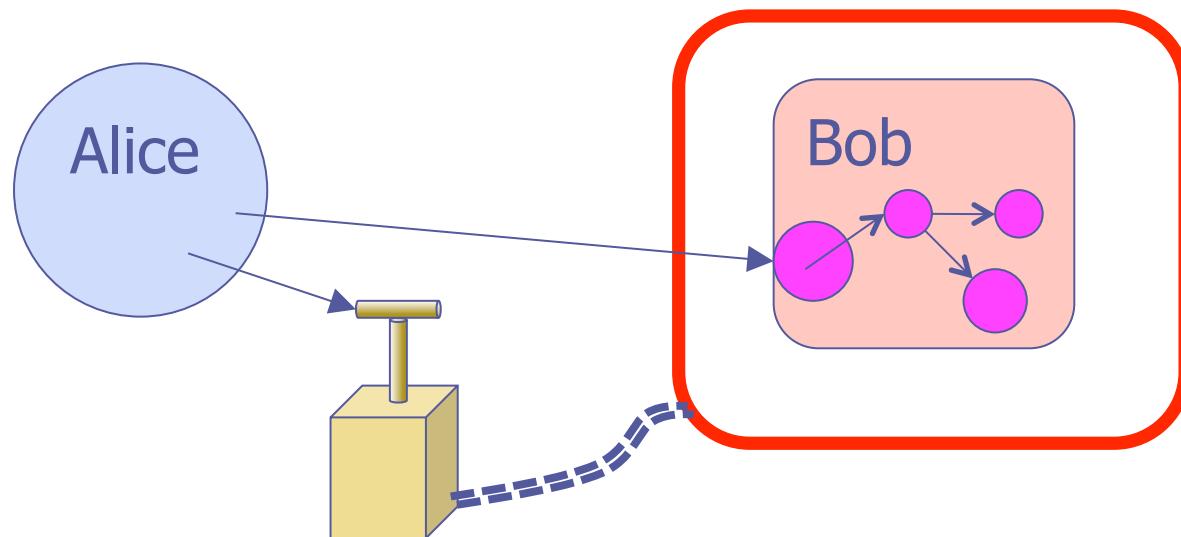
---

```
function makeROFile(file) {  
    return def({  
        read: file.read,  
        getLength: file.getLength  
    });  
}  
var rorFile = makeROFile(revocableFile);
```

# Membrane eval → compartment

---

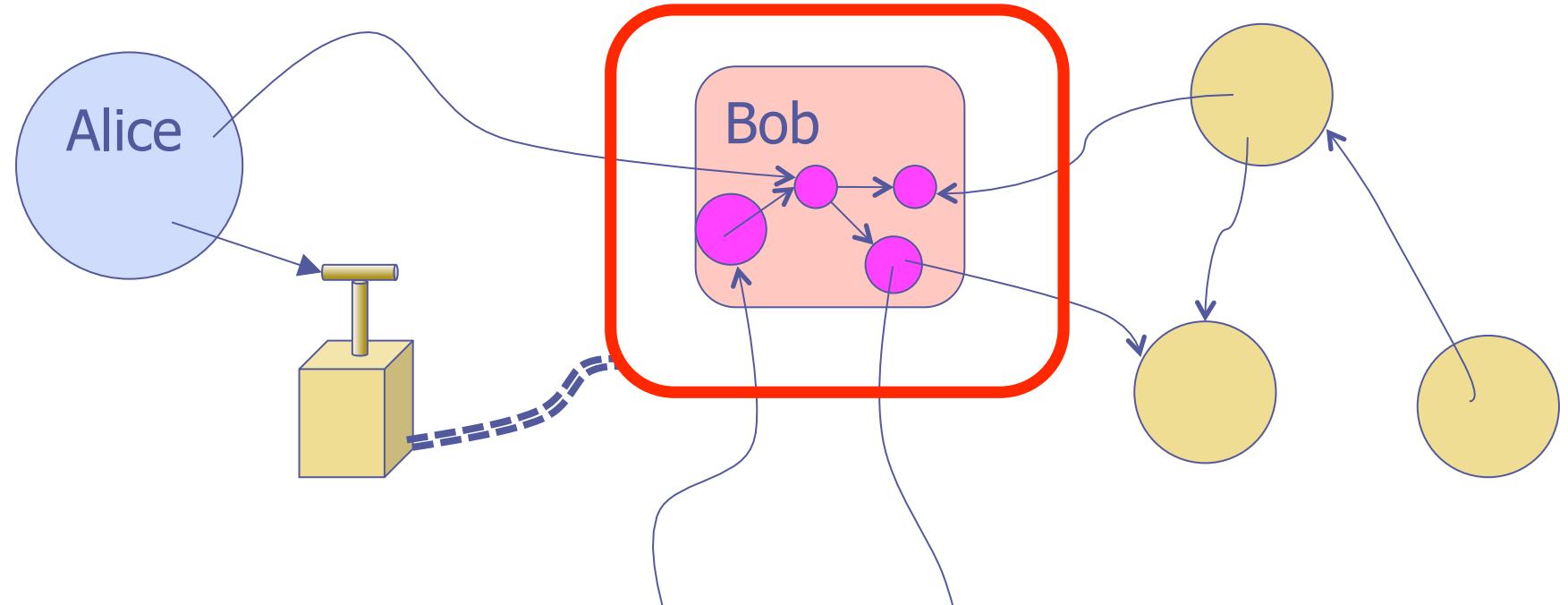
```
var compartment = makeMembrane(eval);  
var vbob = compartment.wrapper(bobSrc);
```



# Membrane eval → compartment

---

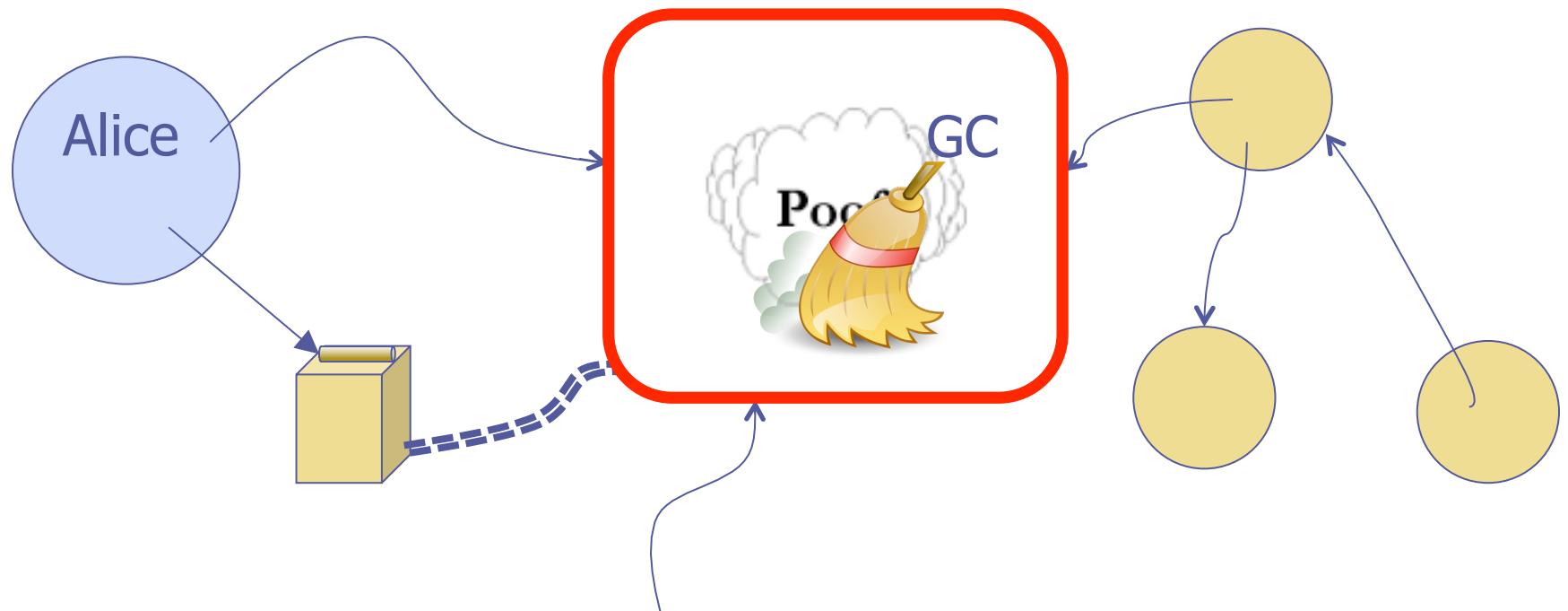
```
var compartment = makeMembrane(eval);  
var vbob = compartment.wrapper(bobSrc);  
//...
```



# Membrane eval → compartment

---

```
var compartment = makeMembrane(eval);  
var vbob = compartment.wrapper(bobSrc);  
//...  
compartment.revoke();
```



# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

### Linguistic abstraction for safe messaging

Stretch reference graph between machines  
Preserve distributed “memory safety”

### SES + Promise lib\* + optional infix “!” syntax

Current standards missing only syntactic convenience

\*ref\_send by Tyler Close, qcomm by Kris Kowal,  
and caja-captp by Kevin Reid

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

### Object operation syntax

```
var result = bob.foo(carol);  
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);
```

### Library call

```
Local only call  
Q.post(bobP, 'foo', [carol])
```

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

### Object operation syntax

```
var result = bob.foo(carol);
```

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);
```

```
var result = bob.foo;
```

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo;
```

```
bob.foo = newFoo;
```

```
bobP ! foo = newFoo;
```

```
delete bob.foo;
```

```
delete bobP ! foo;
```

### Library call

```
Q.post(bobP, 'foo', [carol])
```

```
Q.get(bobP, 'foo')
```

```
Q.put(bobP, 'foo', newFoo)
```

```
Q.delete(bobP, 'foo')
```

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

### Object operation syntax

~~var result = bob.foo(carol);~~

~~var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);~~

~~var result = bob.foo;~~

~~var resultP = bobP ! foo;~~

~~bob.foo = newFoo;~~

~~bobP ! foo = newFoo;~~

~~delete bob.foo;~~

~~delete bobP ! foo;~~

### Library call

~~Q.post(bobP, 'foo', [carol])~~

~~Q.get(bobP, 'foo')~~

~~Q.put(bobP, 'foo', newFoo)~~

~~Q.delete(bobP, 'foo')~~

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);      Eventual send
```

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo;      Eventual get
```

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);    Eventual send  
var resultP = bobP ! foo;           Eventual get
```

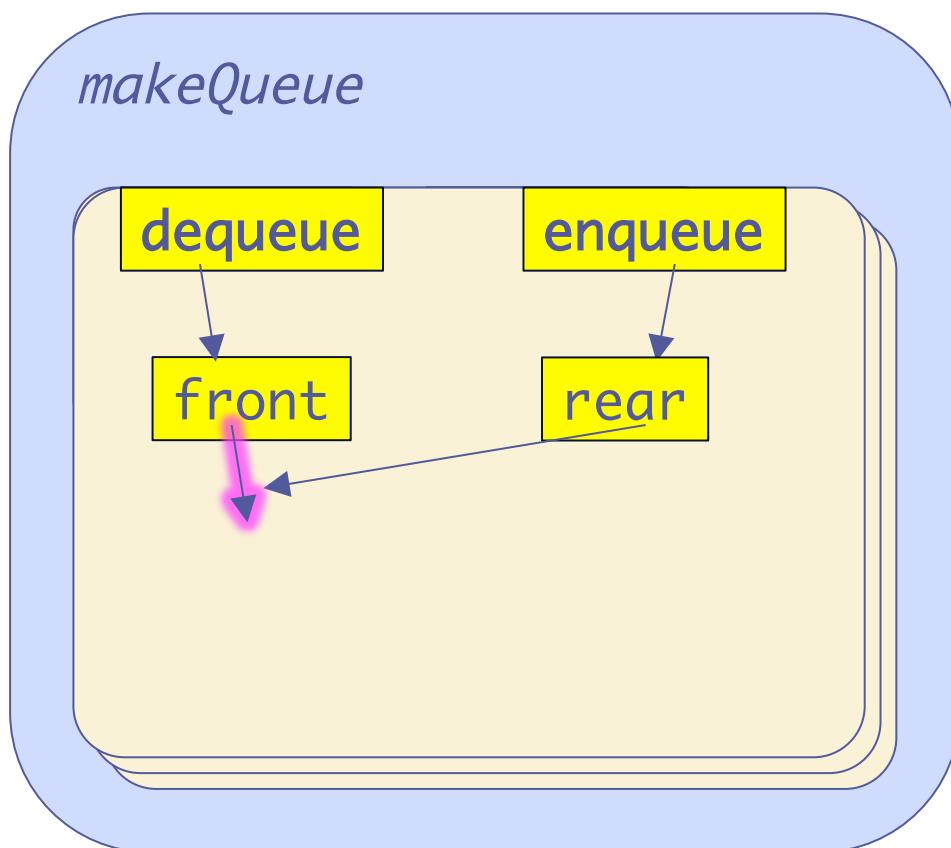
# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

<code>var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);</code>	Eventual send
<code>var resultP = bobP ! foo;</code>	Eventual get
<code>Q.defer();</code>	{promise: promise, resolve: resolve}
<code>Q.when(resultP, function(result) {   ...result... }, function (ex) {   ...ex... });</code>	Register callbacks

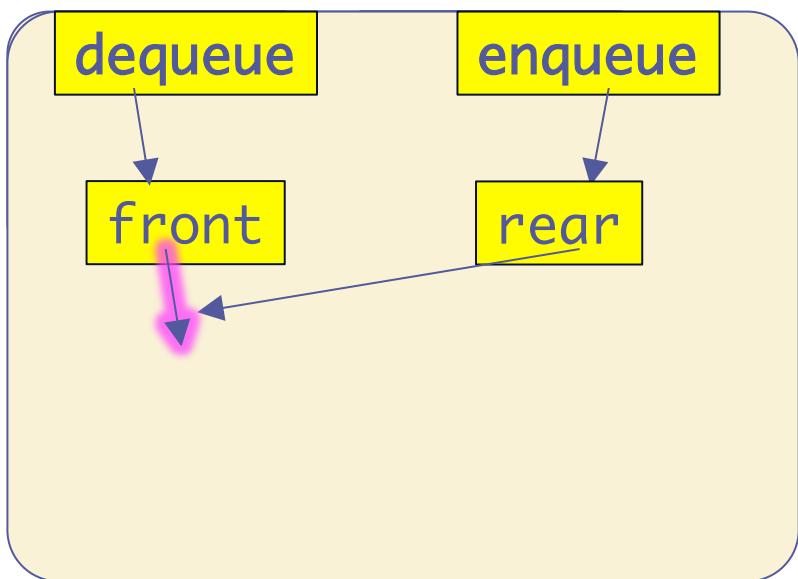
# Infinite Queue



```
function makeQueue() {  
  var ends = Q.defer();  
  var front = ends.promise;  
  var rear = ends.resolve;  
  return def({  
    enqueue: function(elem) {  
      var next = Q.defer();  
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});  
      rear = next.resolve;  
    },  
    dequeue: function() {  
      var result = front ! first;  
      front = front ! rest;  
      return result;  
    } }){};}
```

# Infinite Queue

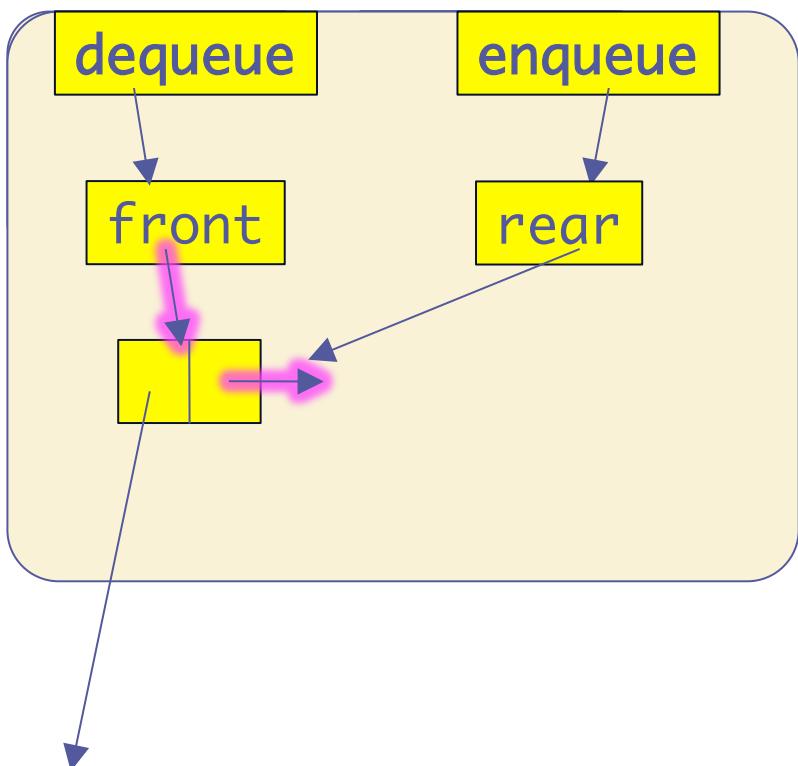
---



```
function makeQueue() {
  var ends = Q.defer();
  var front = ends.promise;
  var rear = ends.resolve;
  return def({
    enqueue: function(elem) {
      var next = Q.defer();
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});
      rear = next.resolve;
    },
    dequeue: function() {
      var result = front ! first;
      front = front ! rest;
      return result;
    }
  });
}
```

# Infinite Queue

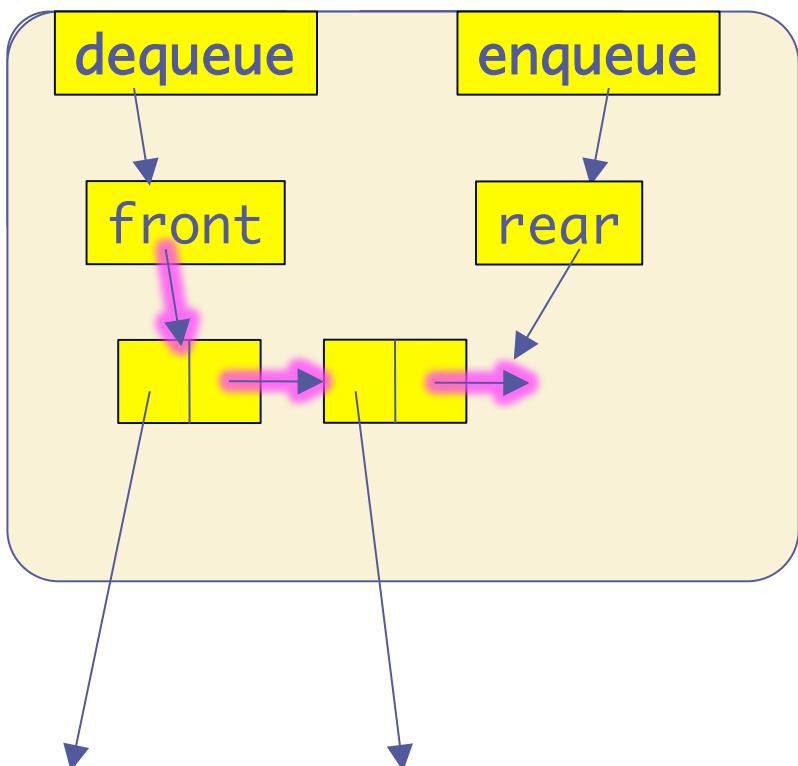
---



```
function makeQueue() {
  var ends = Q.defer();
  var front = ends.promise;
  var rear = ends.resolve;
  return def({
    enqueue: function(elem) {
      var next = Q.defer();
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});
      rear = next.resolve;
    },
    dequeue: function() {
      var result = front ! first;
      front = front ! rest;
      return result;
    }
  });
}
```

# Infinite Queue

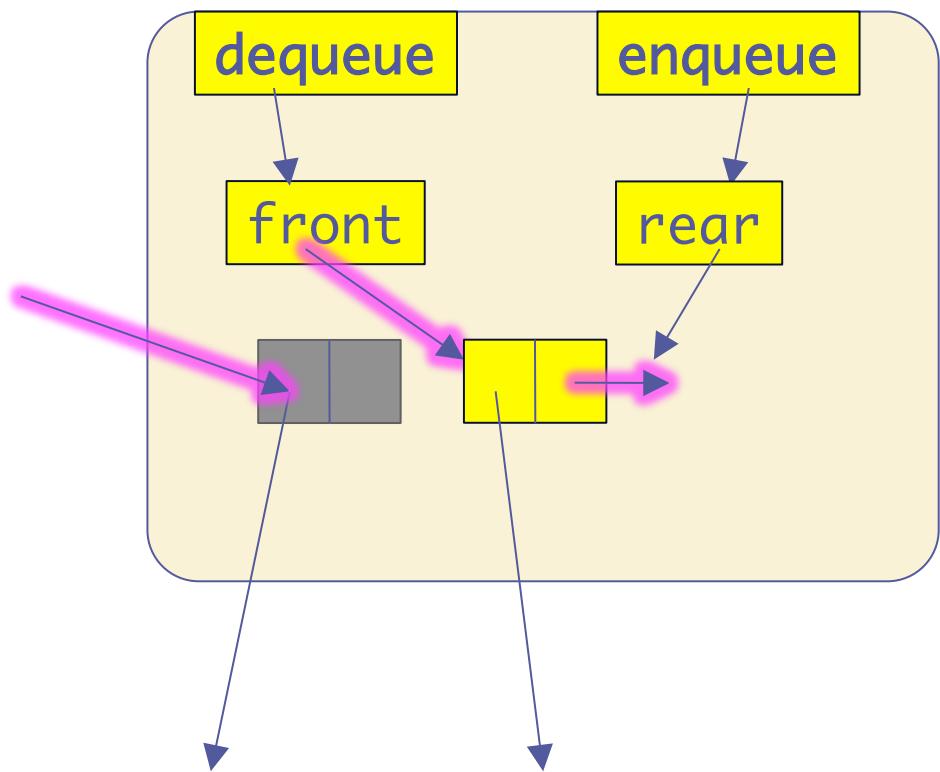
---



```
function makeQueue() {
  var ends = Q.defer();
  var front = ends.promise;
  var rear = ends.resolve;
  return def({
    enqueue: function(elem) {
      var next = Q.defer();
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});
      rear = next.resolve;
    },
    dequeue: function() {
      var result = front ! first;
      front = front ! rest;
      return result;
    }
  });
}
```

# Infinite Queue

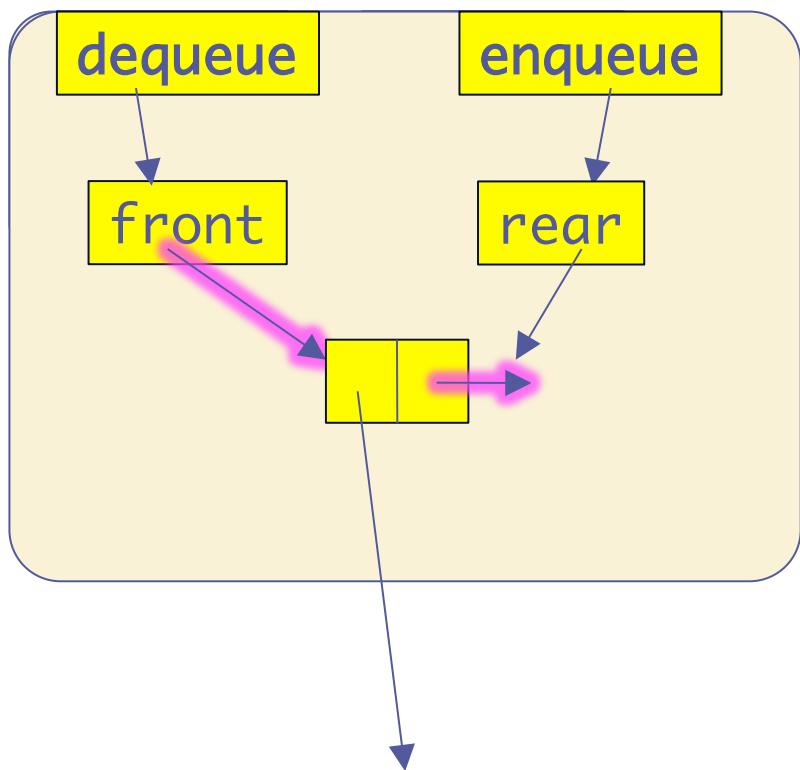
---



```
function makeQueue() {  
  var ends = Q.defer();  
  var front = ends.promise;  
  var rear = ends.resolve;  
  return def({  
    enqueue: function(elem) {  
      var next = Q.defer();  
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});  
      rear = next.resolve;  
    },  
    dequeue: function() {  
      var result = front ! first;  
      front = front ! rest;  
      return result;  
    } });}  
};
```

# Infinite Queue

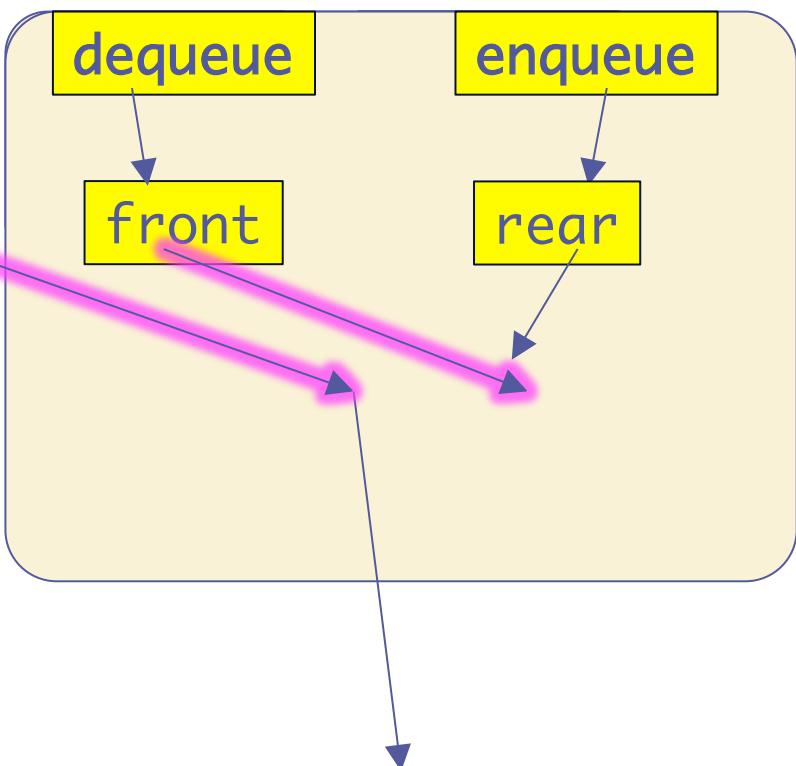
---



```
function makeQueue() {
  var ends = Q.defer();
  var front = ends.promise;
  var rear = ends.resolve;
  return def({
    enqueue: function(elem) {
      var next = Q.defer();
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});
      rear = next.resolve;
    },
    dequeue: function() {
      var result = front ! first;
      front = front ! rest;
      return result;
    }
  });
}
```

# Infinite Queue

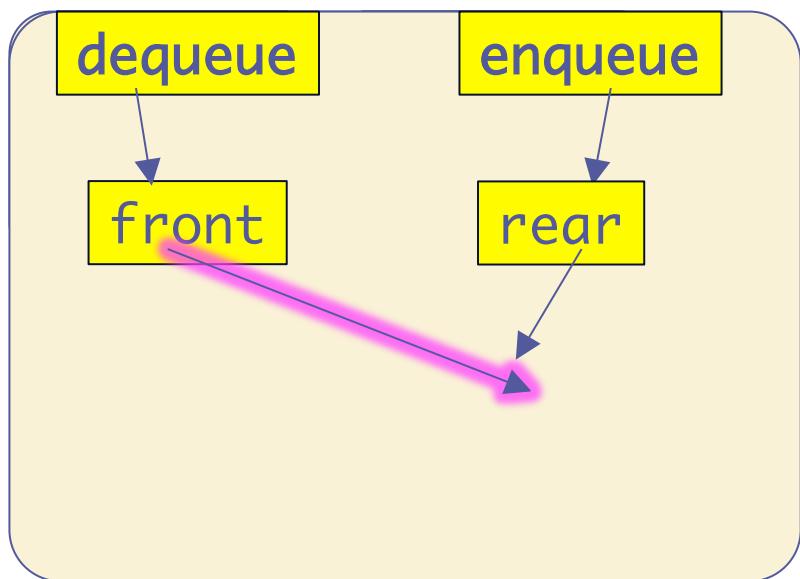
---



```
function makeQueue() {  
  var ends = Q.defer();  
  var front = ends.promise;  
  var rear = ends.resolve;  
  return def({  
    enqueue: function(elem) {  
      var next = Q.defer();  
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});  
      rear = next.resolve;  
    },  
    dequeue: function() {  
      var result = front ! first;  
      front = front ! rest;  
      return result;  
    } });}  
};
```

# Infinite Queue

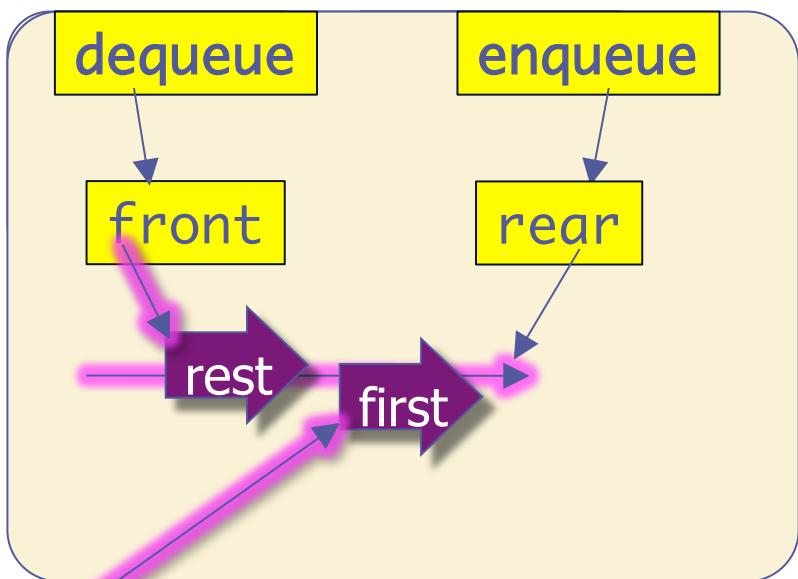
---



```
function makeQueue() {  
  var ends = Q.defer();  
  var front = ends.promise;  
  var rear = ends.resolve;  
  return def({  
    enqueue: function(elem) {  
      var next = Q.defer();  
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});  
      rear = next.resolve;  
    },  
    dequeue: function() {  
      var result = front ! first;  
      front = front ! rest;  
      return result;  
    } });}  
}
```

# Infinite Queue

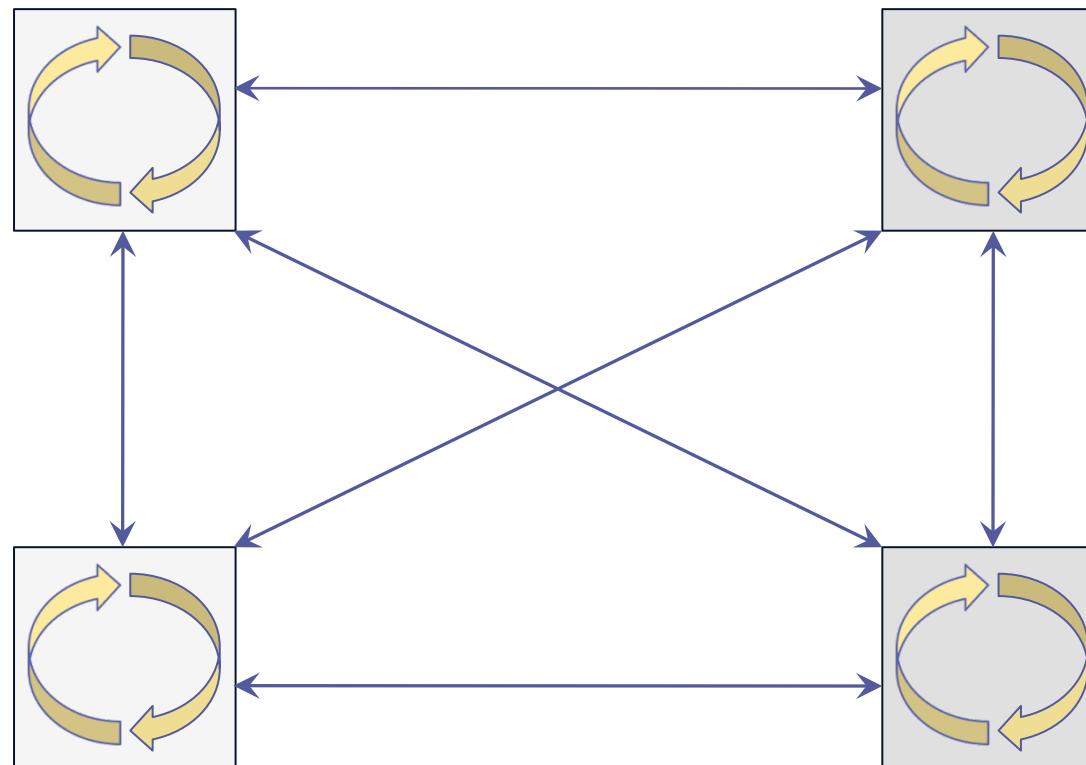
---



```
function makeQueue() {  
  var ends = Q.defer();  
  var front = ends.promise;  
  var rear = ends.resolve;  
  return def({  
    enqueue: function(elem) {  
      var next = Q.defer();  
      rear({first: elem, rest: next.promise});  
      rear = next.resolve;  
    },  
    dequeue: function() {  
      var result = front ! first;  
      front = front ! rest;  
      return result;  
    } });}  
}
```

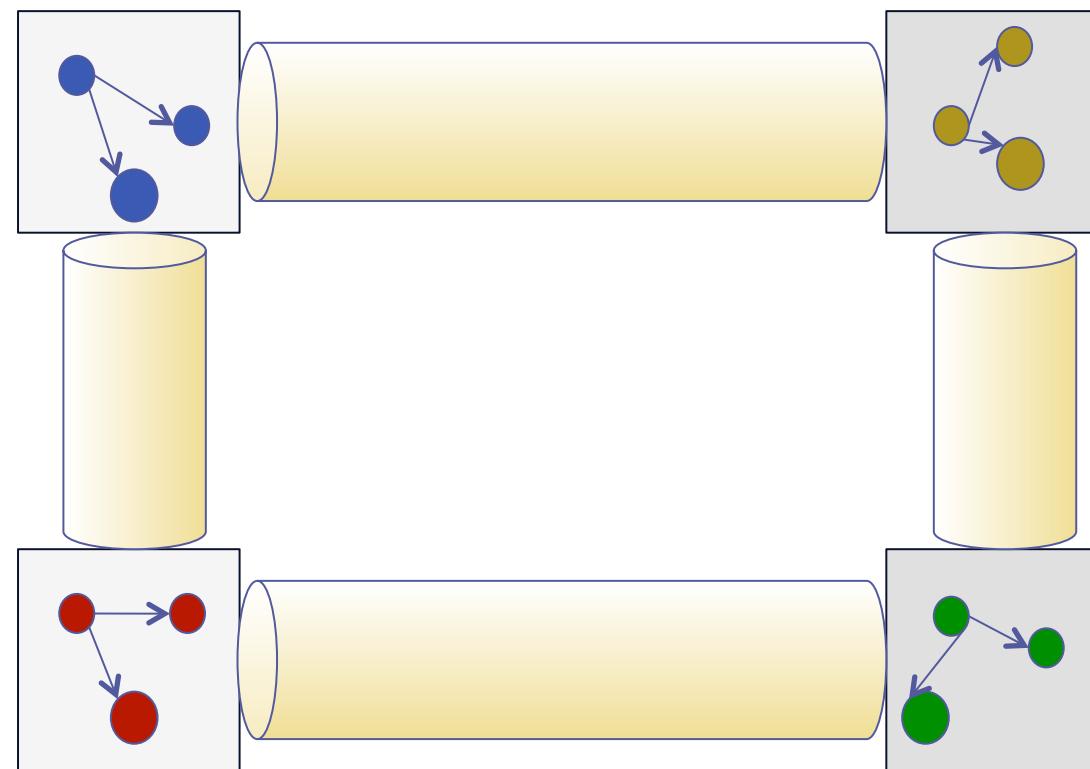
# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



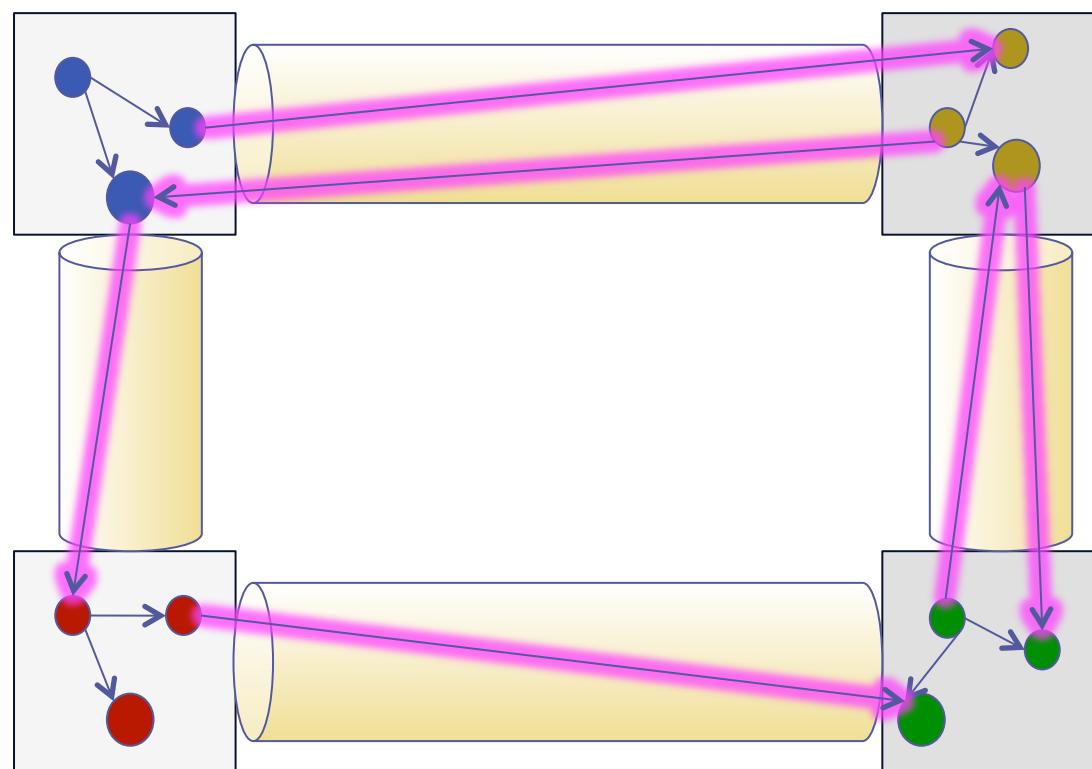
# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



# Async object ops as JSON/REST ops

---

## Object operations

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol);  
var resultP = bobP ! foo;
```

## https: JSON/RESTful operations

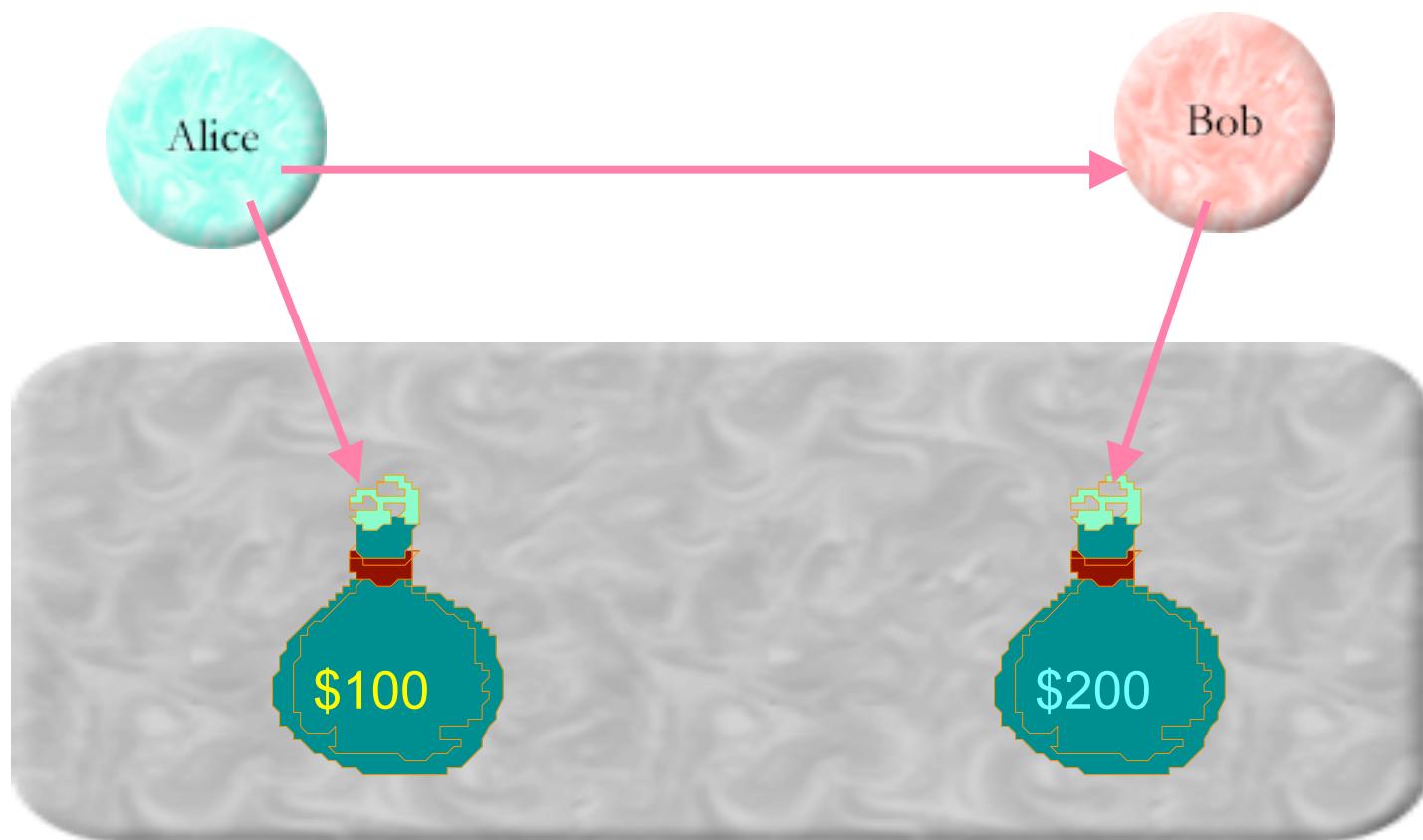
```
POST https://...q=foo {...}  
GET https://...q=foo
```

```
Q.when(resultP, function(result) {  
  ...result...  
}, function (ex) {  
  ...ex...  
});
```

*Register for notification using*  
xhr.onreadystatechange = ...

# Distributed Secure Currency

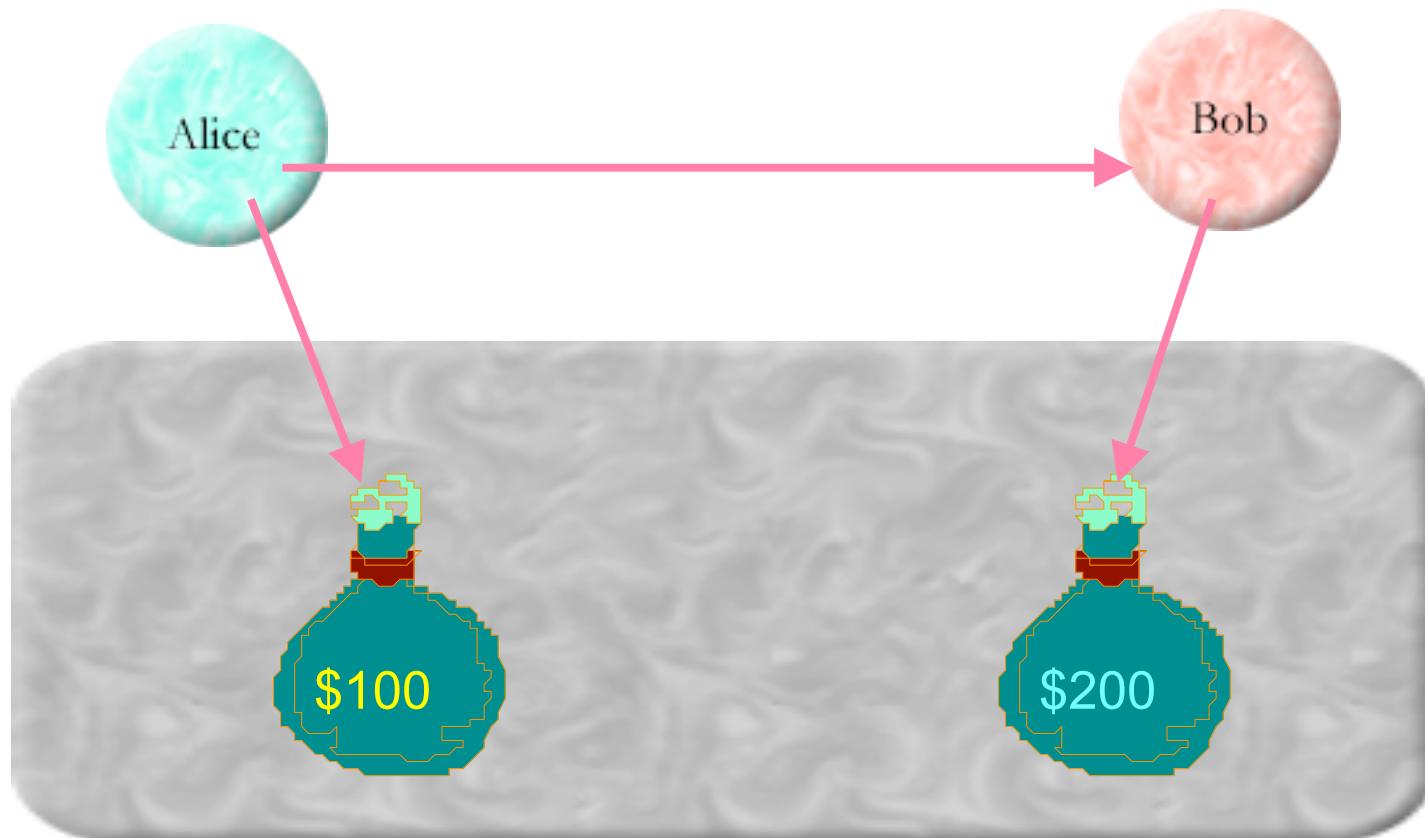
---



# Distributed Secure Currency

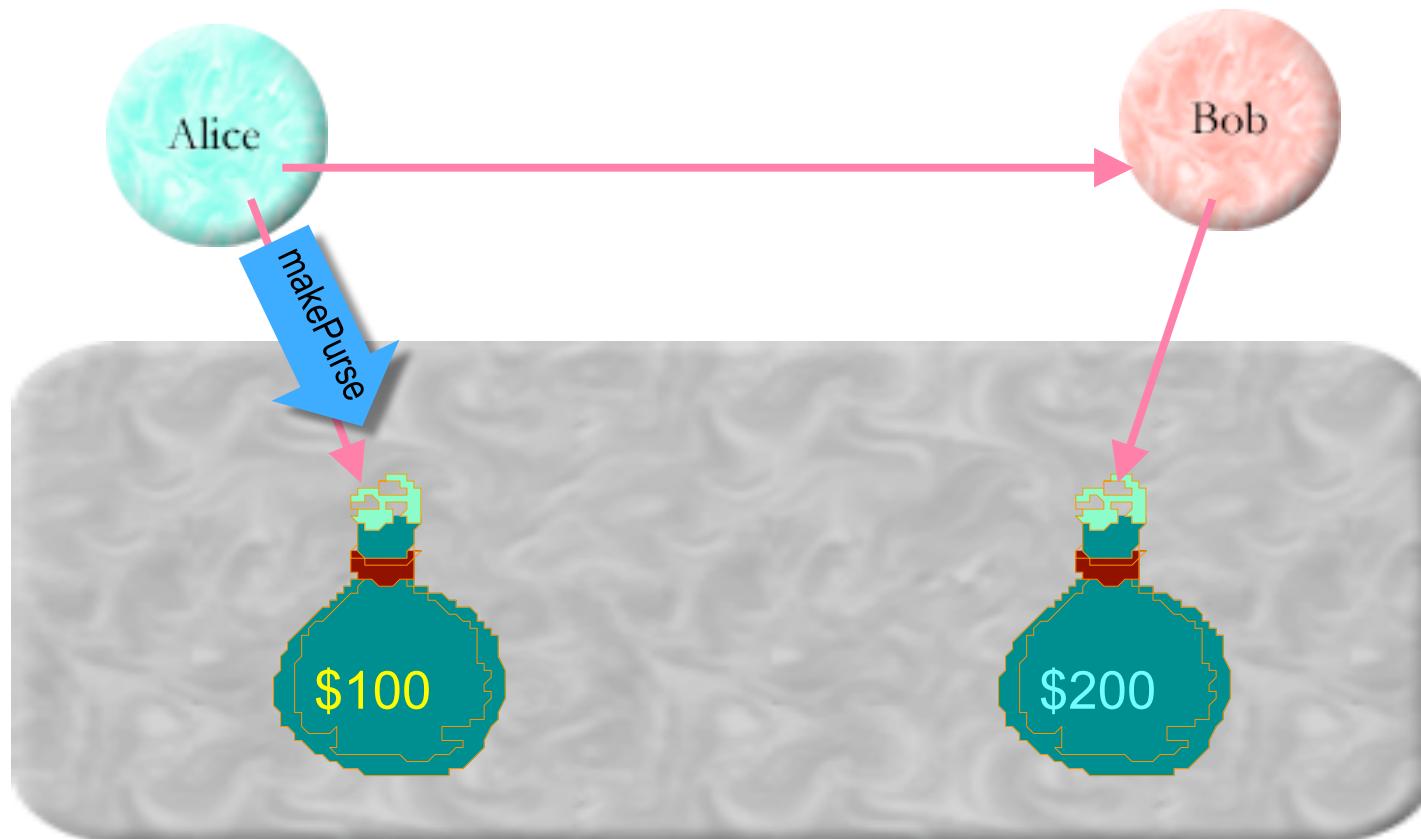
---

```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

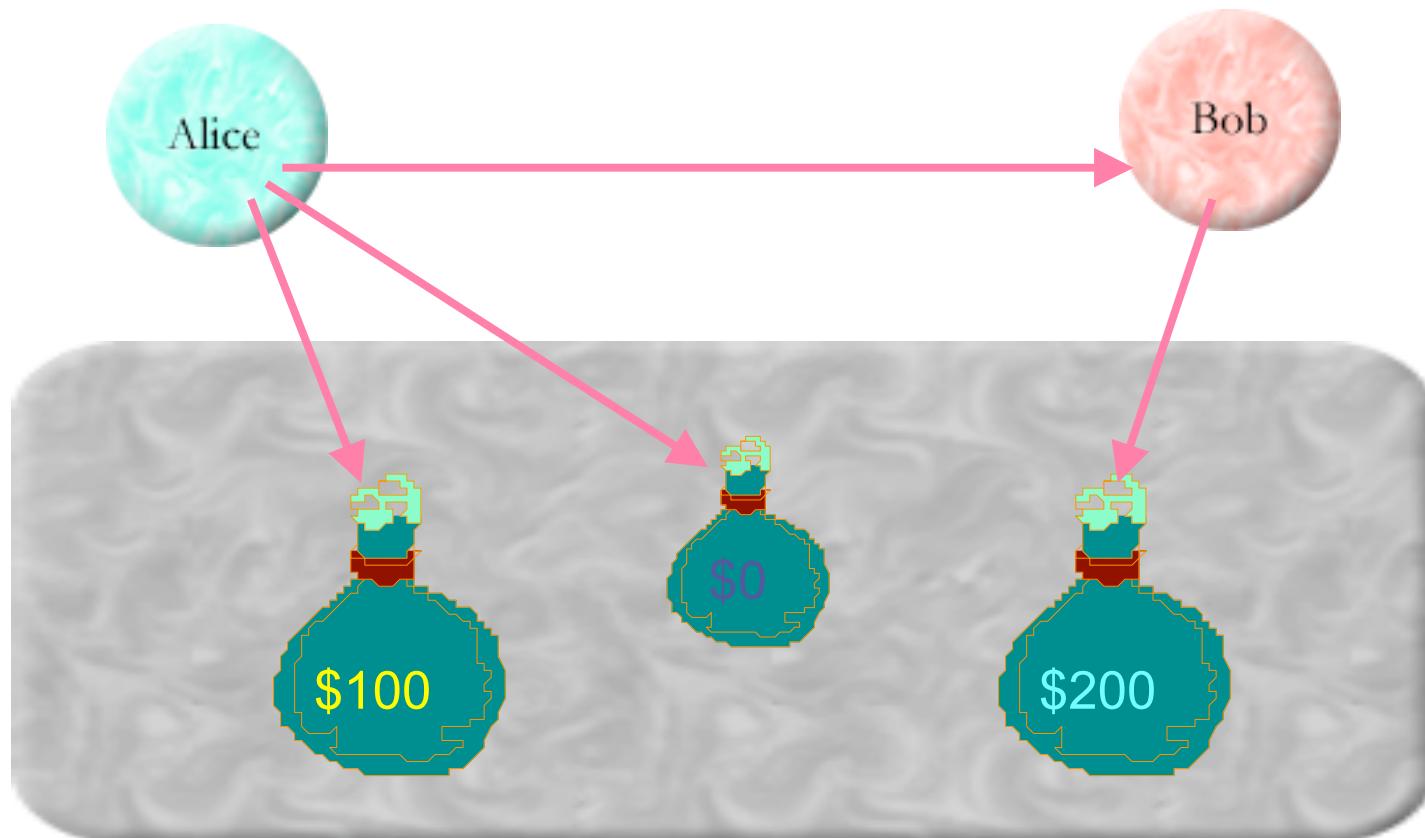
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

---

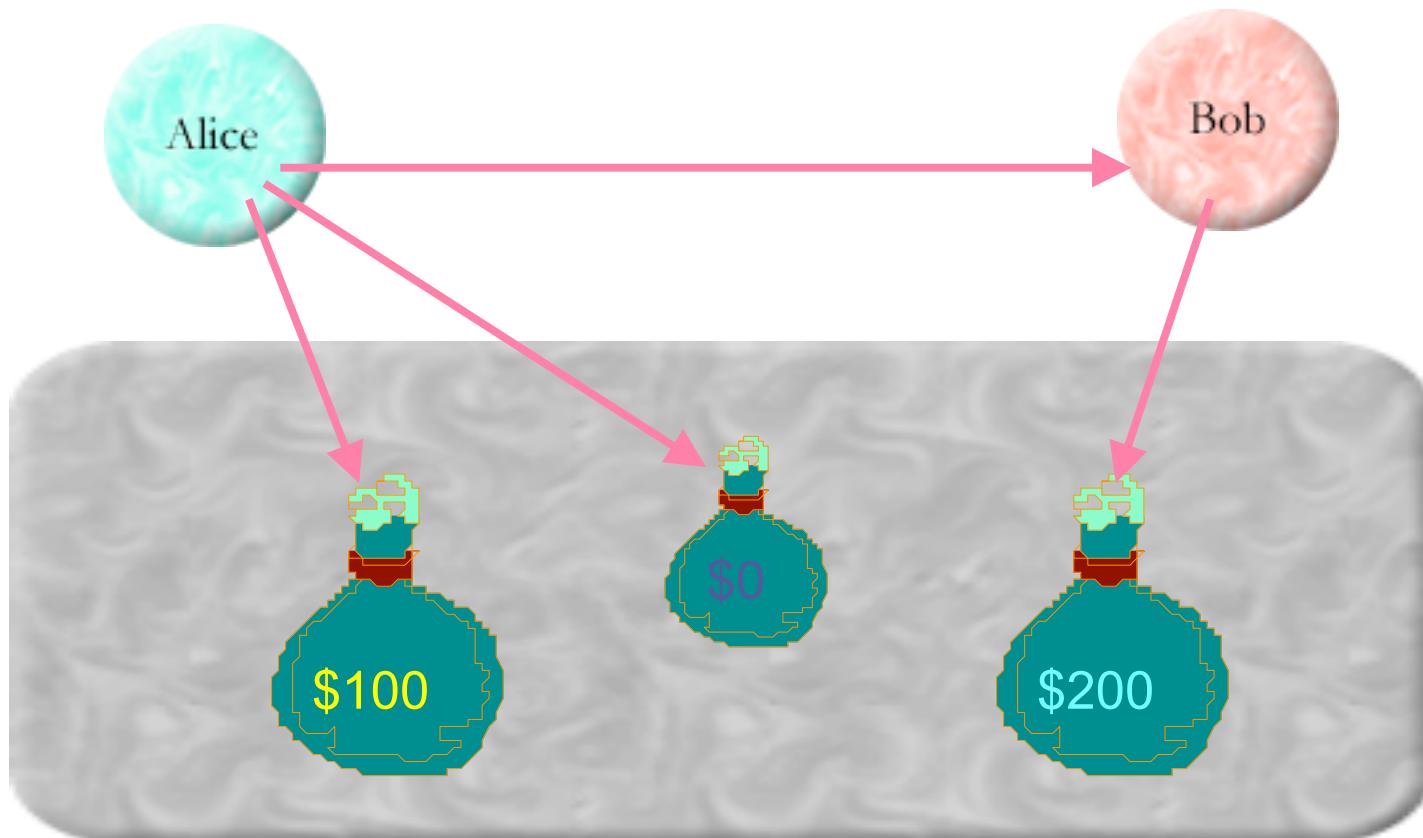
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

---

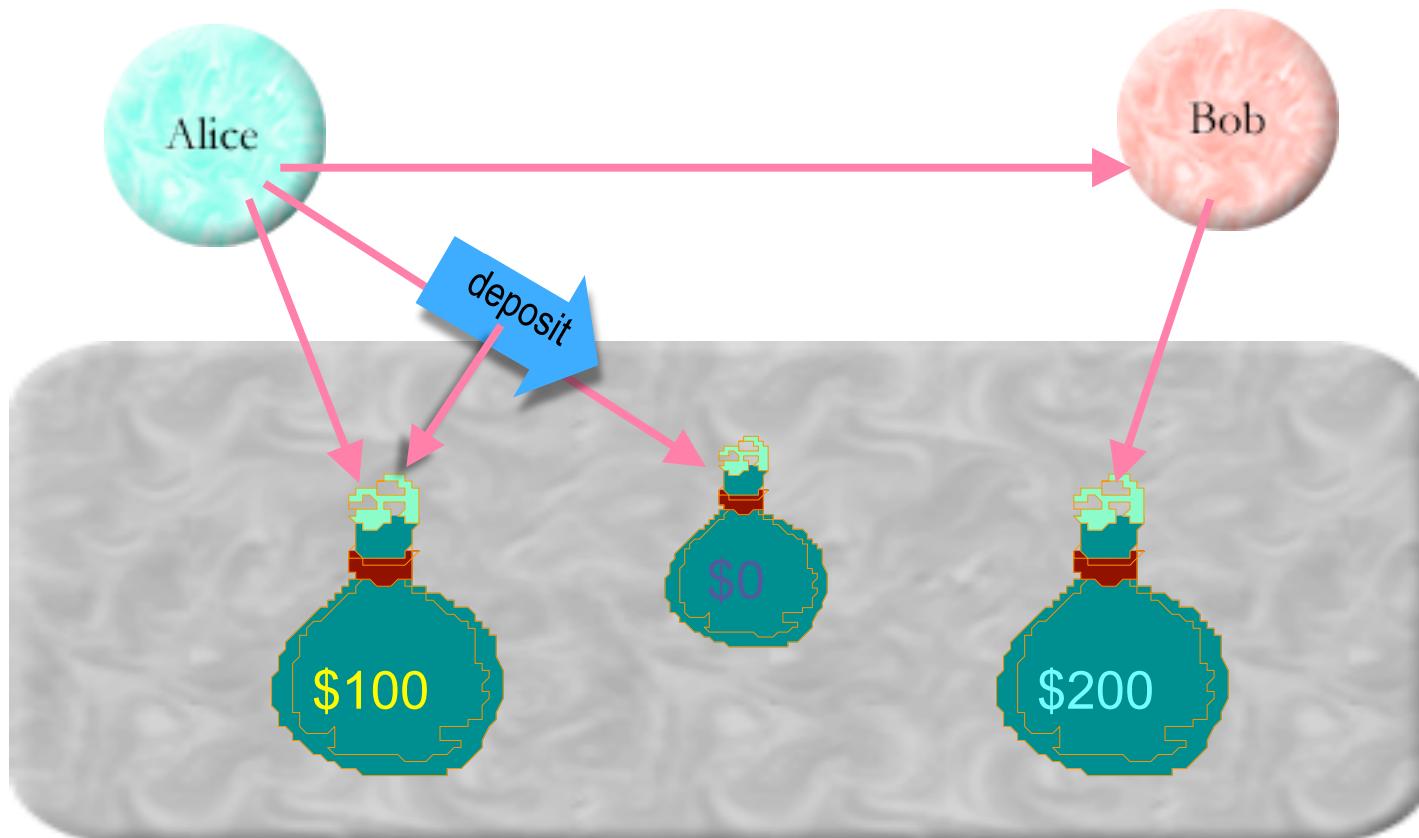
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

---

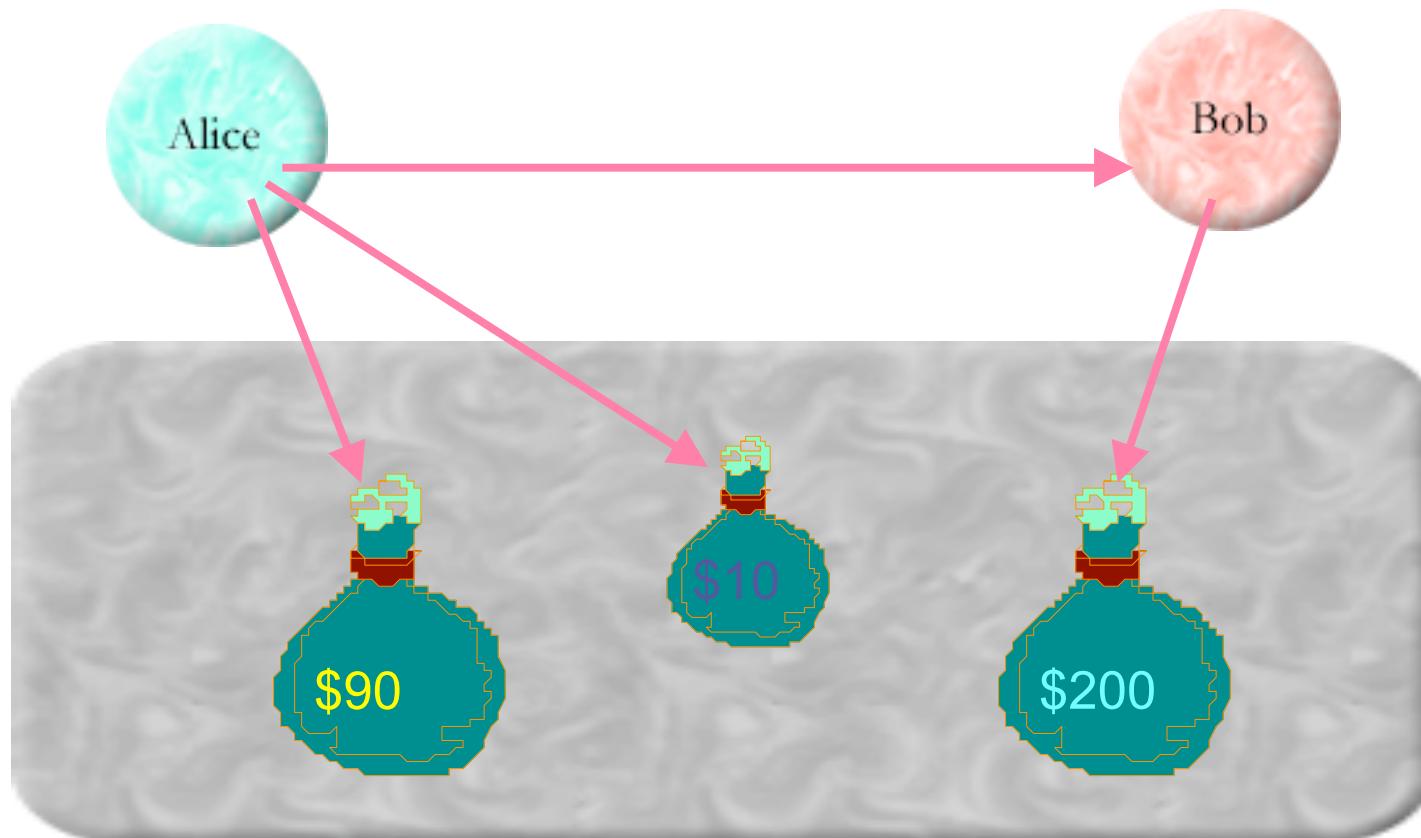
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

---

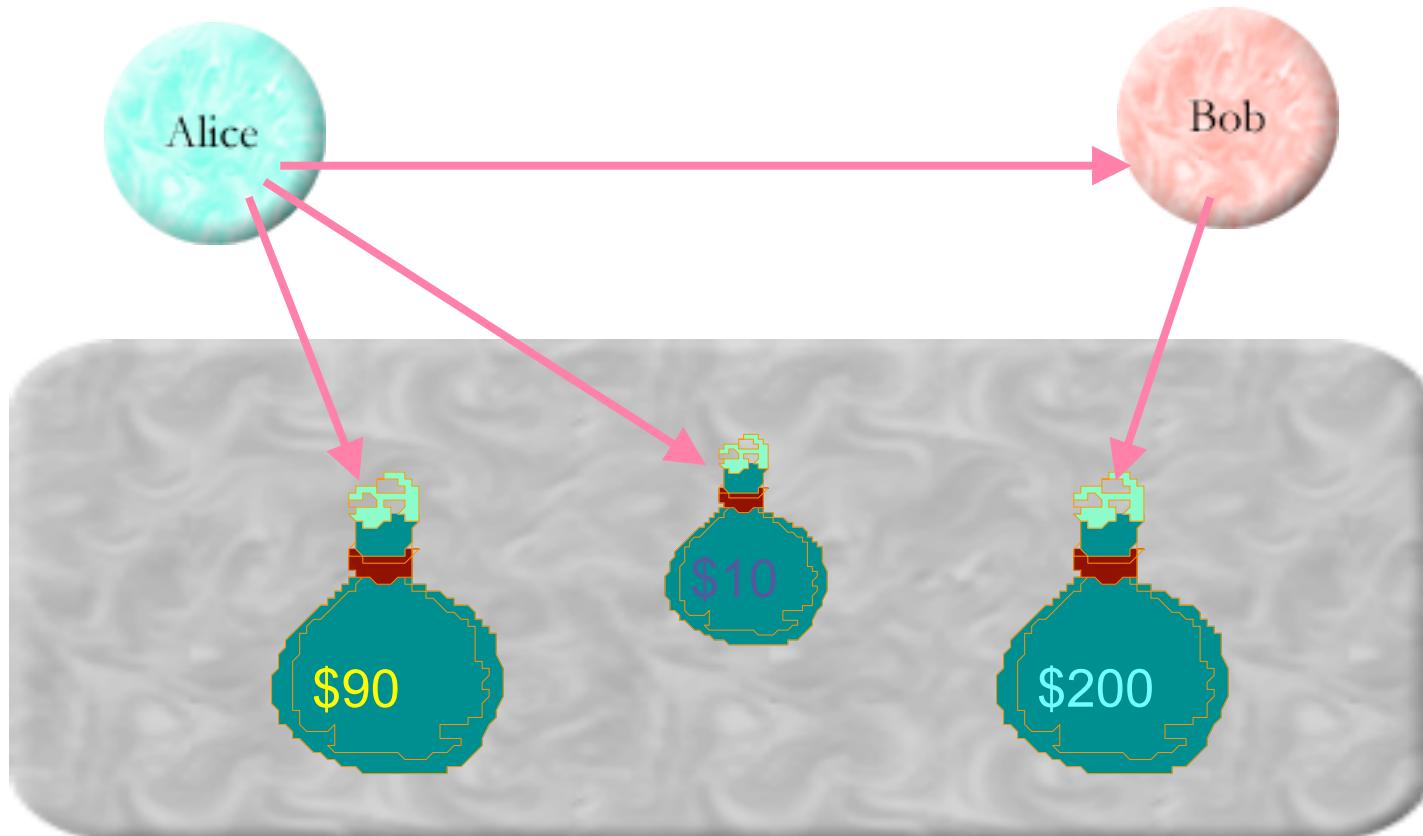
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

---

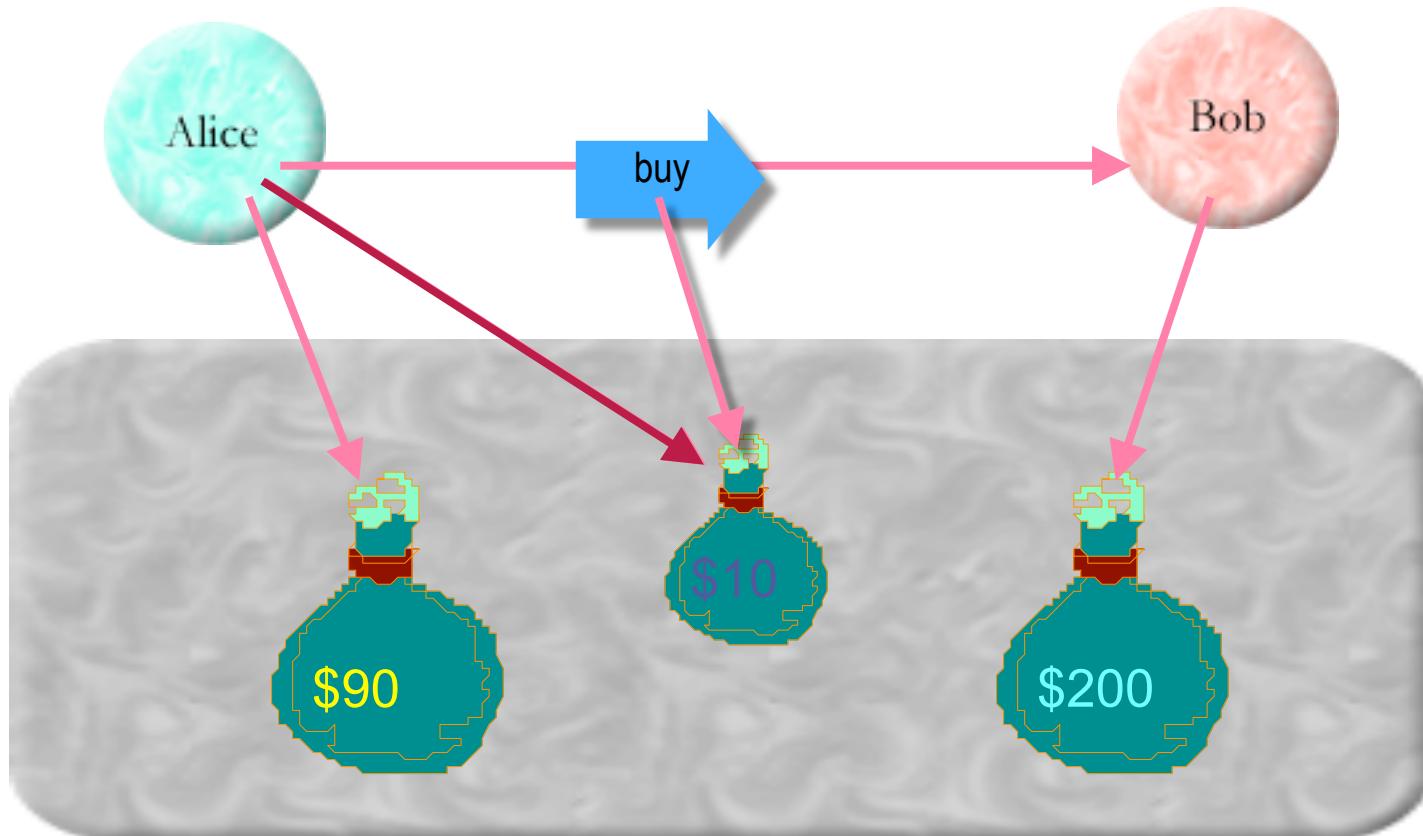
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);  
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

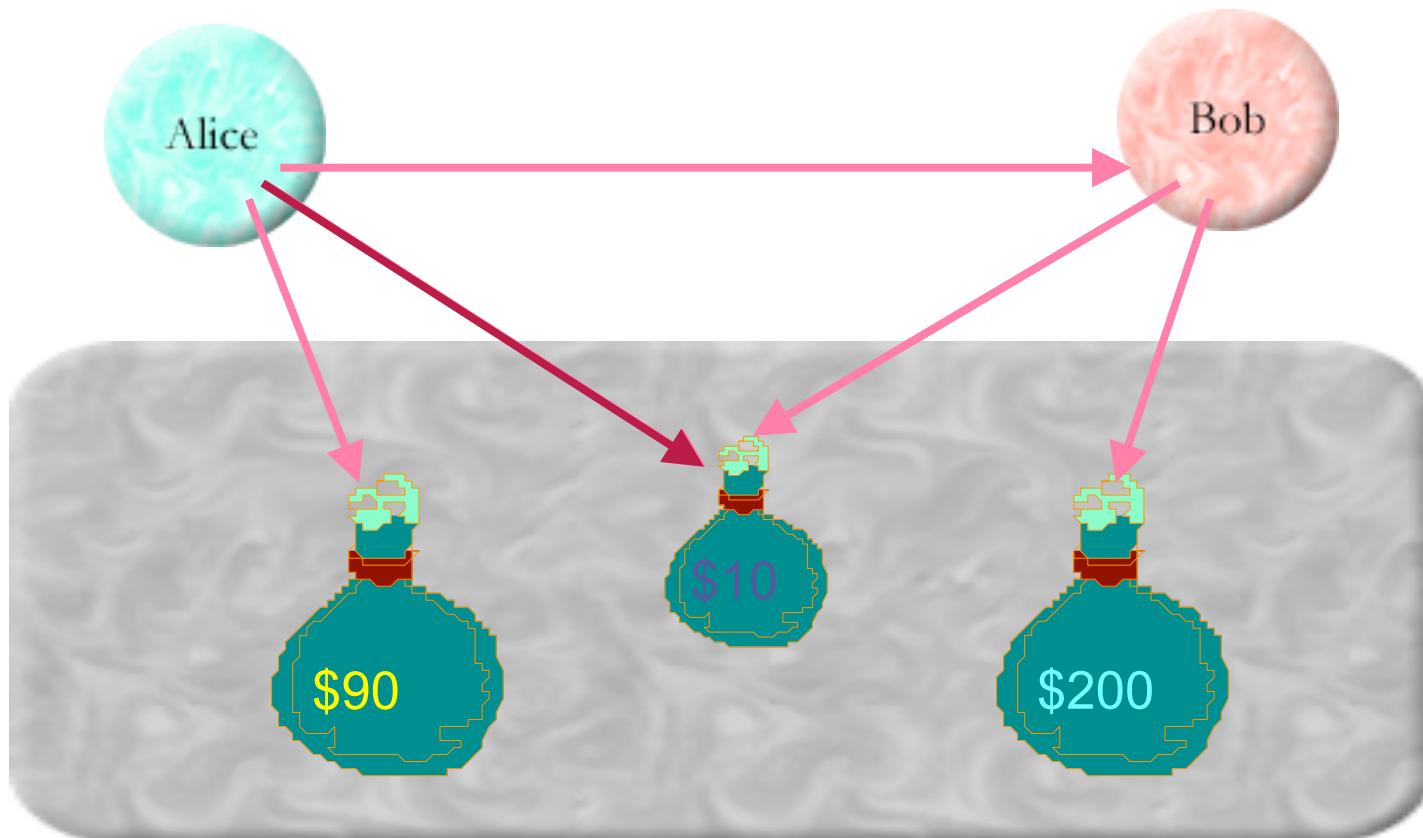
---

```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);  
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

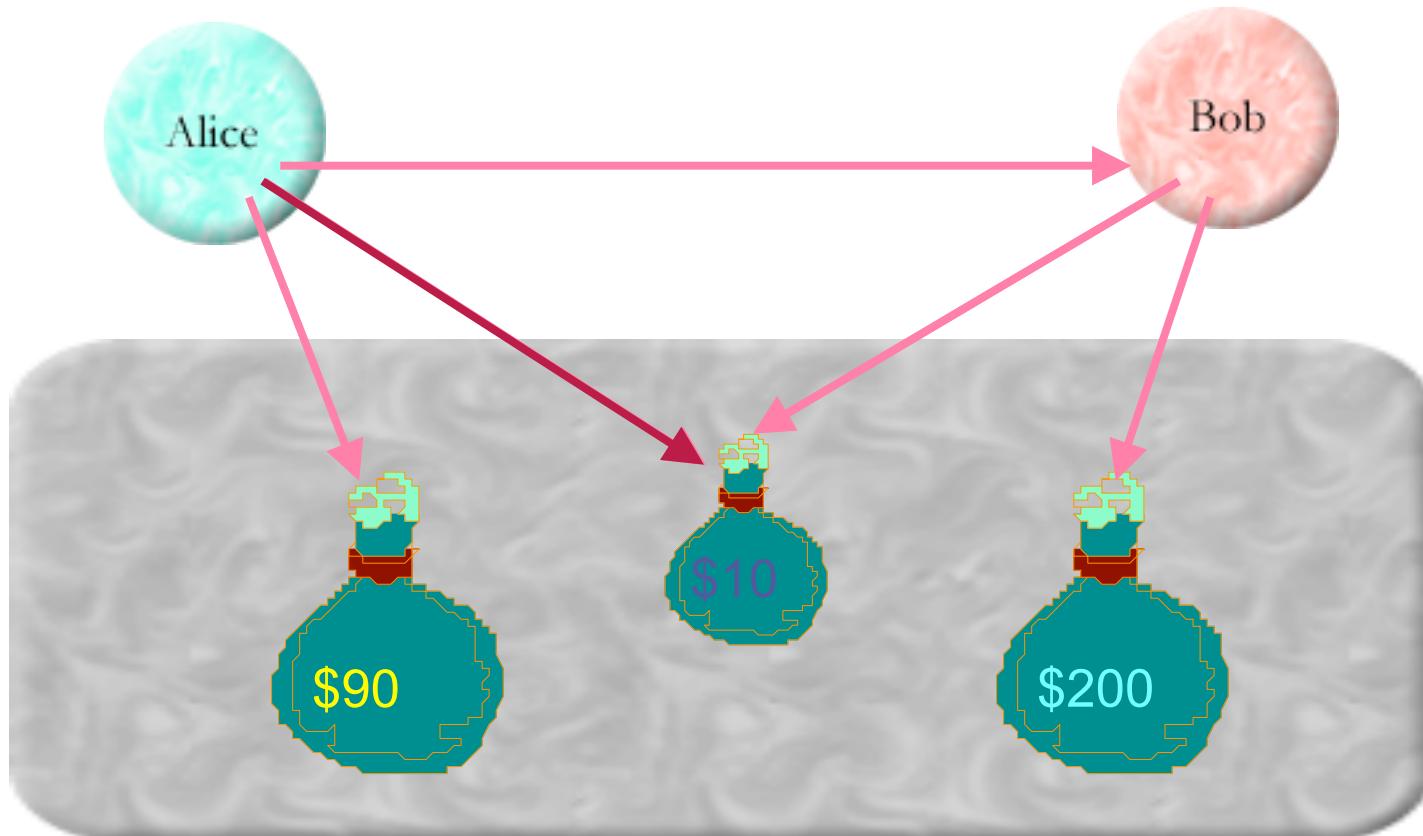
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);  
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);  
return Q.when(paymentP, function(p) {
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);

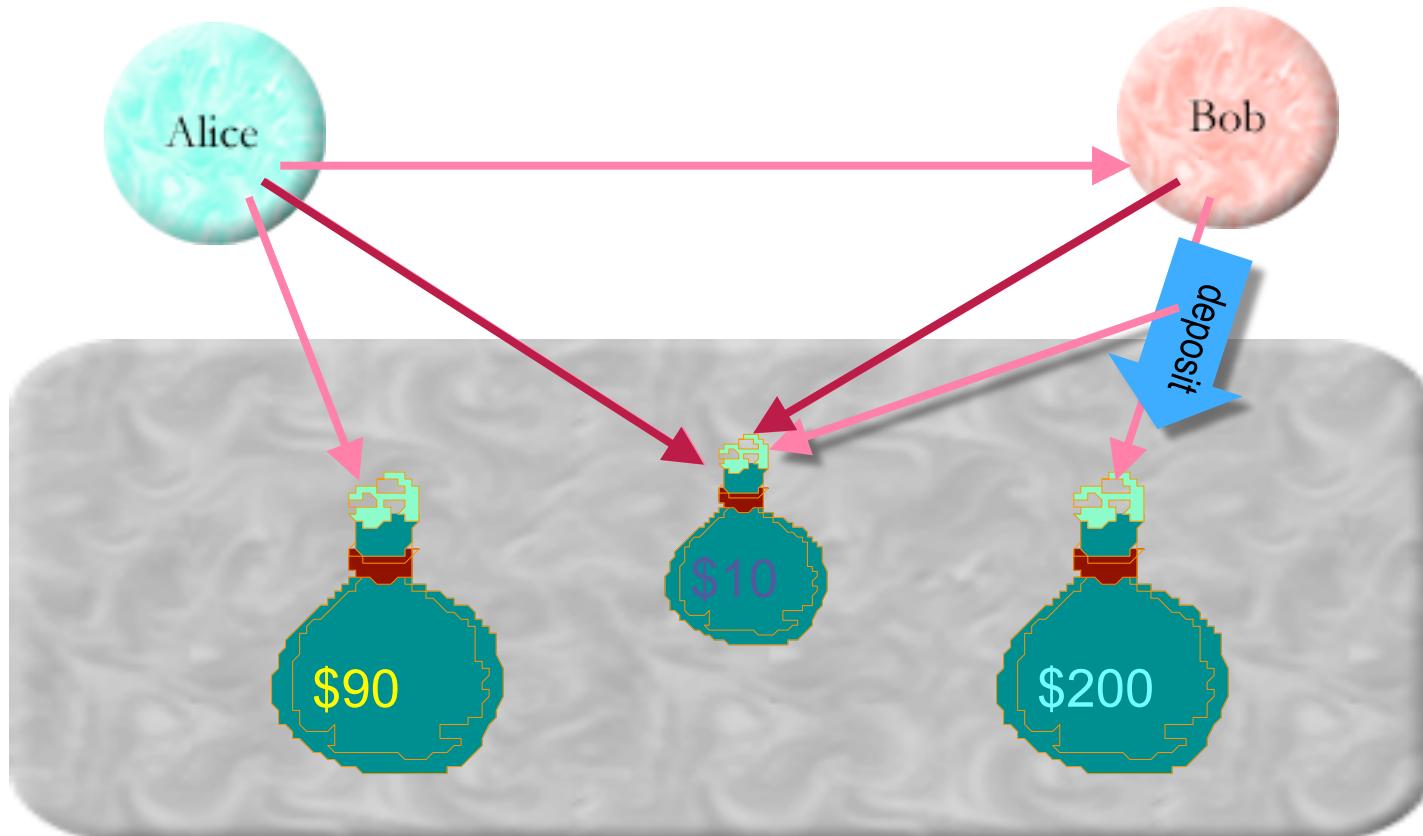
return Q.when(paymentP, function(p) {
    return Q.when(myPurse ! deposit(10, p), function(_) {
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);

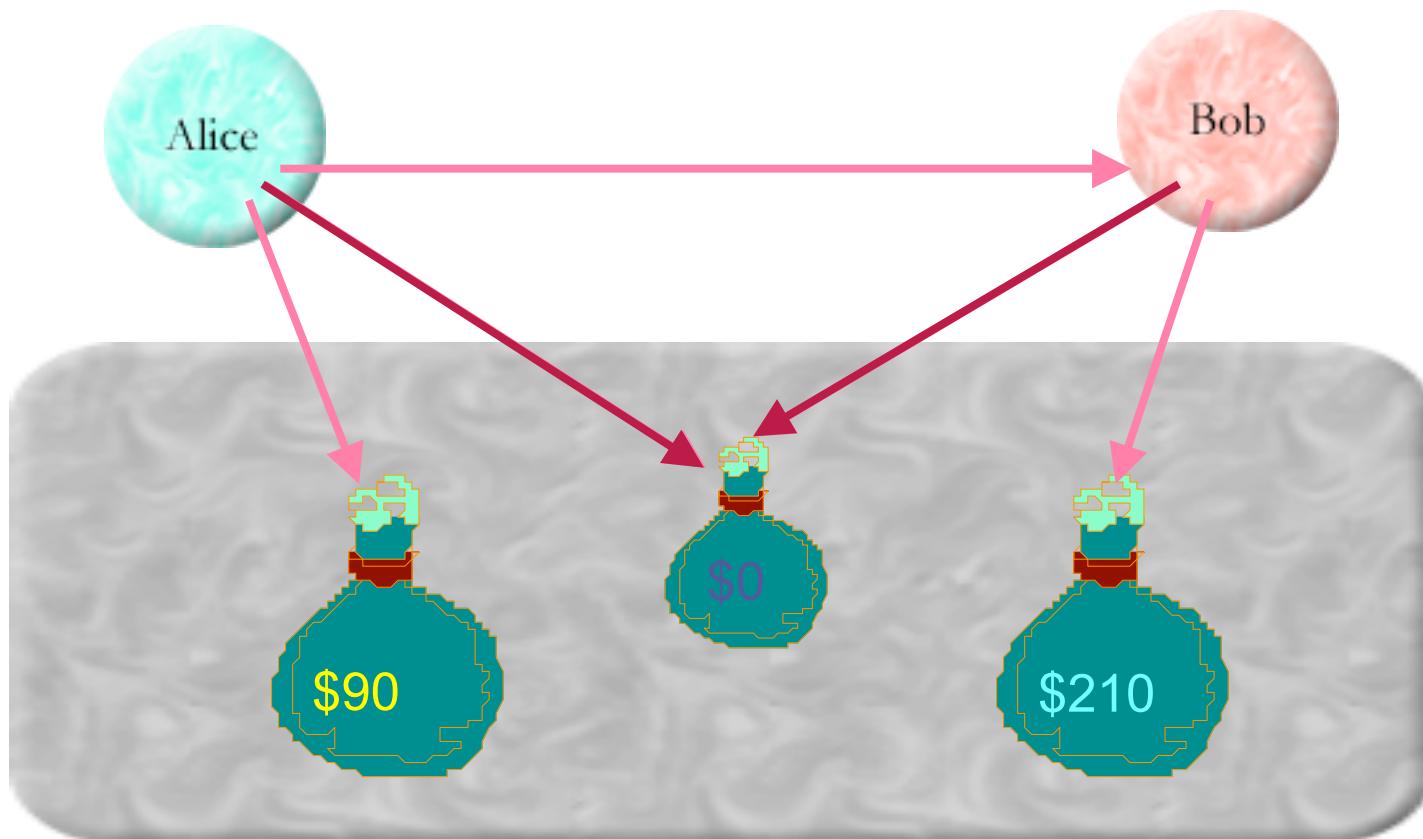
return Q.when(paymentP, function(p) {
    return Q.when(myPurse ! deposit(10, p), function(_) {
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);

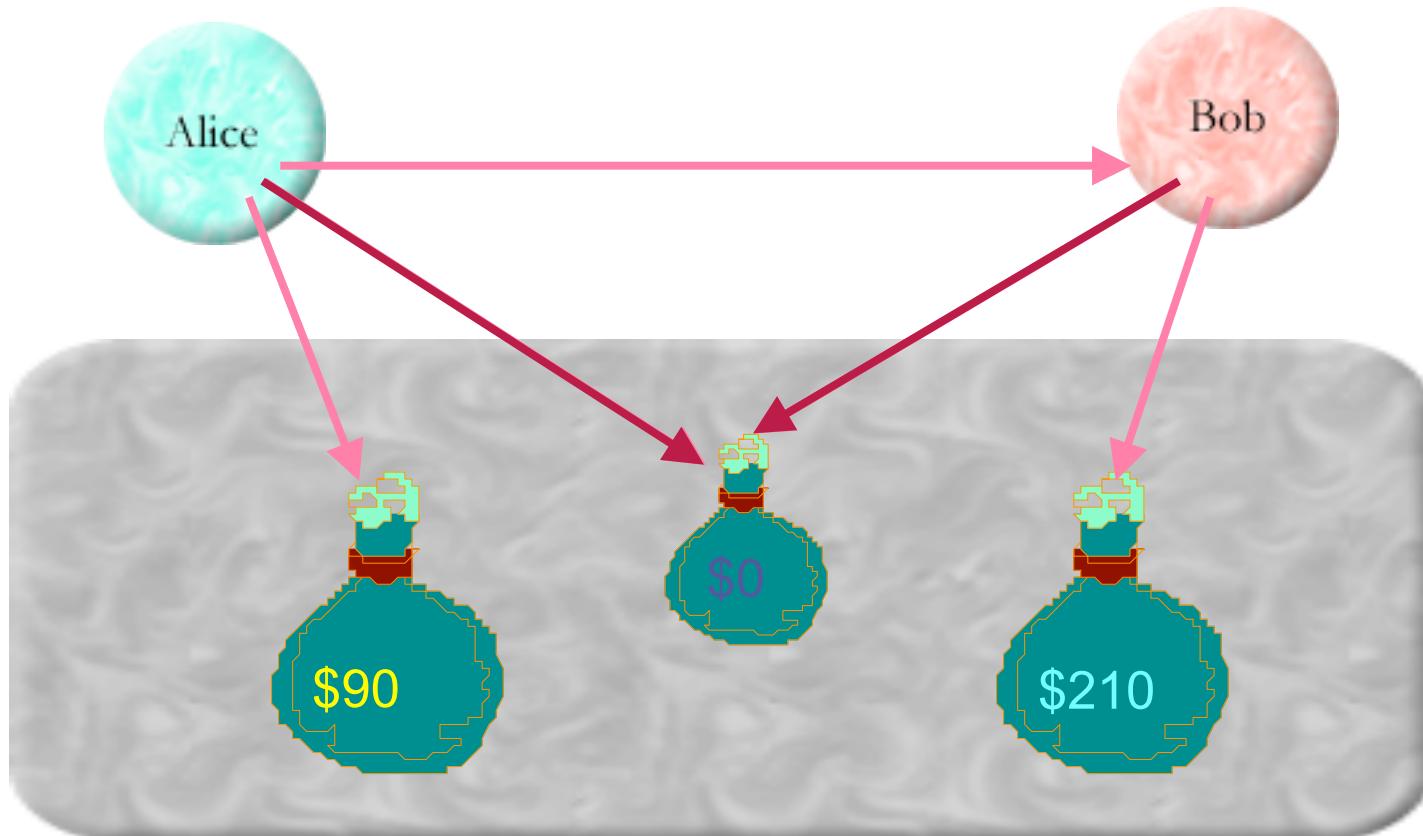
return Q.when(paymentP, function(p) {
    return Q.when(myPurse ! deposit(10, p), function(_) {
```



# Distributed Secure Currency

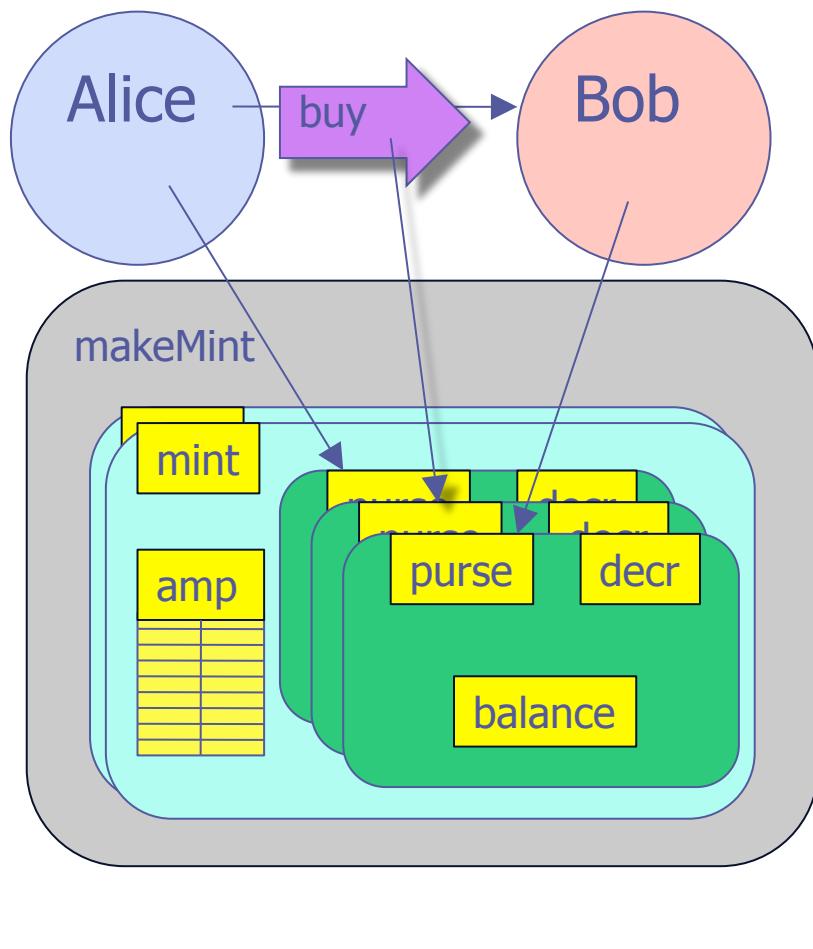
```
var paymentP = myPurse ! makePurse();  
paymentP ! deposit(10, myPurse);  
var goodP = bobP ! buy(desc, paymentP);
```

```
return Q.when(paymentP, function(p) {  
    return Q.when(myPurse ! deposit(10, p), function(_) {  
        return good; }, ...
```



# Money as “factorial” of secure coding

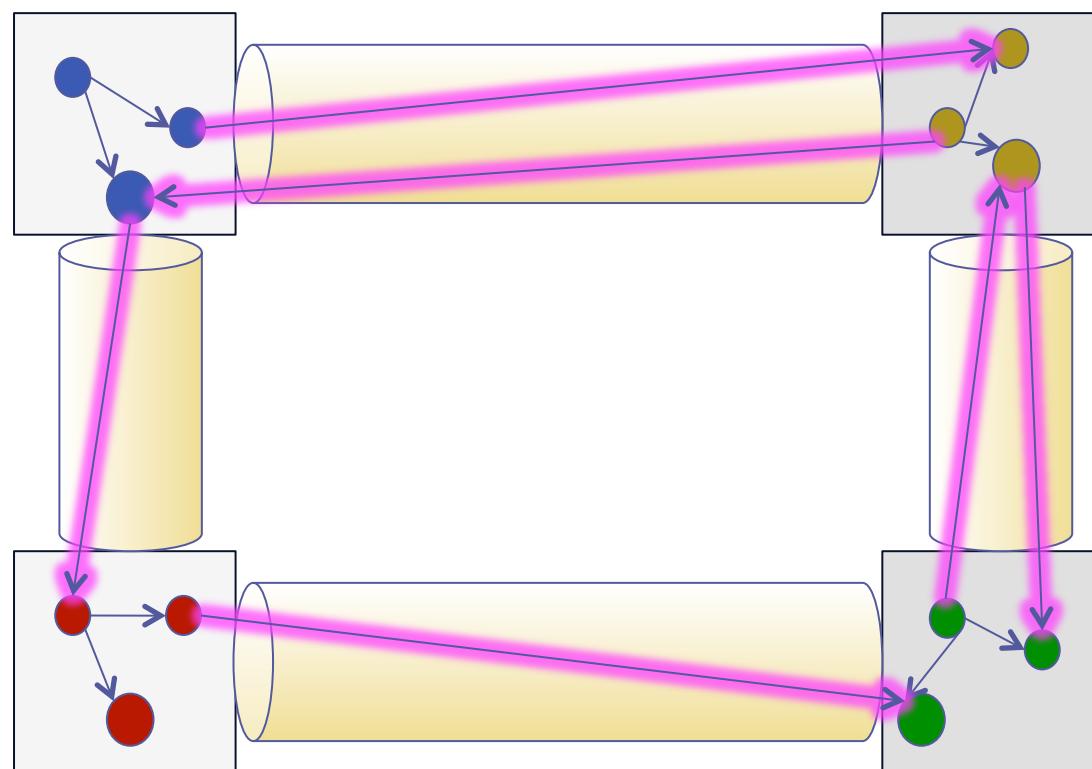
No explicit crypto



```
function makeMint() {  
    var amp = WeakMap();  
    return function mint(balance) {  
        var purse = def({  
            getBalance: function() { return balance; },  
            makePurse: function() { return mint(0); },  
            deposit: function(amount, src) {  
                Nat(balance + amount);  
                amp.get(src)(Nat(amount));  
                balance += amount;  
            } },  
            function decr(amount) {  
                balance = Nat(balance - amount);  
            }  
        amp.set(purse, decr);  
        return purse;  
    }  
}
```

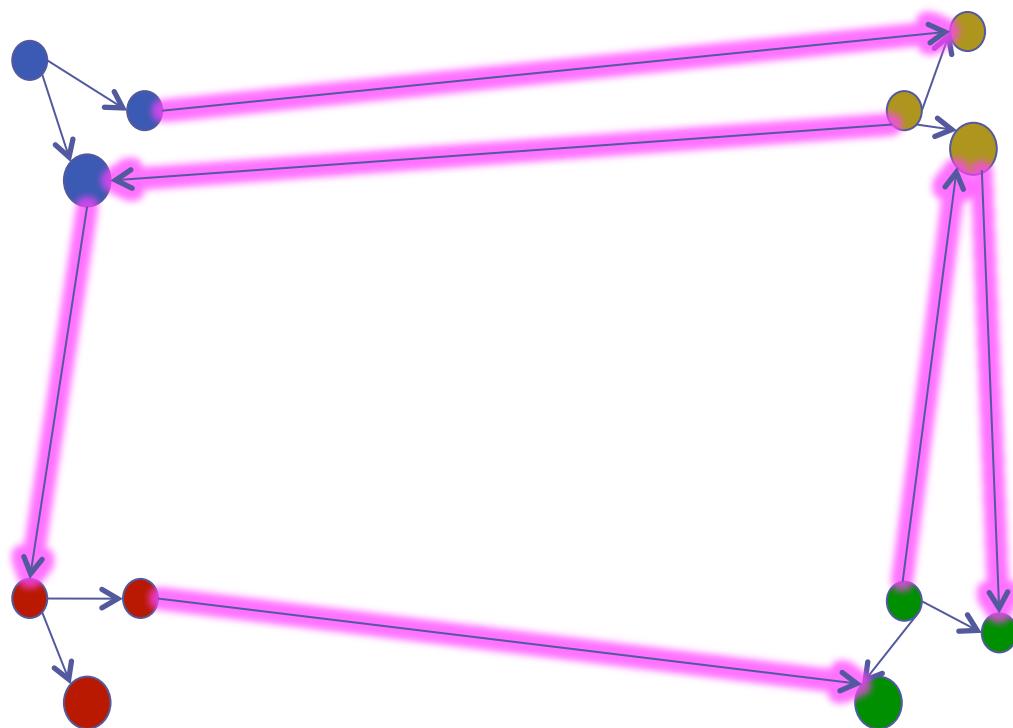
# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



# A Web of Distributed Objects

---



# Questions?

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# Caja Roadmap

---

	Cajita	SES5/3	SES/ES5-strict
+	Valija	ES5/3	Sandboxed ES5-strict
+	ref_send / server-proxy	server-server captp	ref_send / UMP
+		"!" sending sugar	captp / web-sockets
<hr/> <b>Subtotal:</b>		<b>Dr. SES5/3</b>	<b>Dr. SES</b>
+	Sanitize HTML & CSS		→
+	Domita / uncajoled JS	Domado / SES	→
=	<b>Caja Yesterday</b>	<b>Caja Tomorrow</b>	<b>Caja on ES5,HTML5</b>

# The Mashup problem: Code as Media

---

```
<html> <head> <title>Basic Mashup</title> <script>
  function animate(id) {
    var element = document.getElementById(id);
    var textNode = element.childNodes[0];
    var text = textNode.data;
    var reverse = false;
    element.onclick = function() { reverse = !reverse; };
    setInterval(function() {
      textNode.data = text = reverse ? text.substring(1) + text[0]
        : text[text.length-1] + text.substring(0, text.length-1);
    }, 100);
  }
</script> </head> <body onload="animate('target')">
  <pre id="target">Hello Programmable World! </pre>
</body> </html>
```

# Running ES5 & SES on old browsers

The screenshot shows the Google Caja Playground interface. At the top, there's a browser-style header with back, forward, and refresh buttons, a URL field containing "caja.appspot.com", and a toolbar with "Tells us what you think", "File a bug", and "Help!". Below the header, the Google logo and "Caja Playground" text are visible, along with the copyright notice "Google Caja. Copyright (C) 2008, Google Inc. Rev 4290 built on 2010-09-27 22:02:35". The main area has tabs for "Source", "Policy", "Cajoled Source", "Rendered Result", "Compile Warnings/Errors", and "Runtime Warnings/Errors". The "Source" tab is selected, showing a code editor with the following ES5 JavaScript code:

```
1 <html> <head> <title>Basic Mashup</title> <script>
2     function animate(id) {
3         var element = document.getElementById(id);
4         var textNode = element.childNodes[0];
5         var text = textNode.data;
6         var reverse = false;
7         element.onclick = function() { reverse = !reverse; };
8         setInterval(function() {
9             textNode.data = text = reverse ? text.substring(1) + text[0]
10                : text[text.length-1] + text.substring(0, text.length-1);
11         }, 100);
12     }
13 </script> </head> <body onload="animate('target')">
14     <pre id="target">Hello Programmable World!  </pre>
15 </body> </html>
16
17
18
19
20
21
```

To the right of the code editor are buttons for "Load", "ES5", "ES3", and "Cajole". A vertical scrollbar is on the far right of the main window.



## Caja Playground

Google Caja. Copyright (C) 2008, Google Inc. Rev 4290 built on 2010-09-27 22:02:35.

### Examples

- How do I..
- Web pages
- Applications
- Attacks

```
function animate(id) {
    var element, x0____, textNode, text, reverse, x1____;
    element = (x0____ = IMPORTS____.document_v____)?
        IMPORTS____.document: _____.ri(IMPORTS____, 'document'),
        x0____.getElementById_m____? x0____.getElementById(id):
        x0____.m____('getElementById', [ id ]));
    textNode = (element.childNodes_v____? element.childNodes:
        element.v____('childNodes'))[ 0 ];
    text = textNode.data_v____? textNode.data:
    textNode.v____('data');
    reverse = false;
    x1____ = (function () {
        function onclick$$_meth() {
            reverse = !reverse;
        }
        return _____.f(onclick$$_meth, 'onclick$$_meth');
    })(), element.onclick_w____ === element?
        (element.onclick = x1____): element.w____('onclick',
        x1____);
    (IMPORTS____.setInterval_v____? IMPORTS____.setInterval:
        _____.ri(IMPORTS____, 'setInterval')).i____(_____.f(function
        () {
            var x0____, x1____;
            x1____ = text = reverse? (text.substring_m____?
                text.substring(1): text.m____('substring', [ 1 ]))
                + text[ 0 ]: text.v____(text.length - 1) + (x0____
                = text.length - 1, text.substring_m____?
                text.substring(0, x0____): text.m____('substring',
                [ 0, x0____ ])), textNode.data_w____ ===
                textNode? (textNode.data = x1____):
                textNode.w____('data', x1____);
            x1____, 100);
        })
    IMPORTS____.w____('animate', _____.f(animate, 'animate'));
})
```

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

---

	<b>Shared State</b>	<b>Message Passing</b>
<b>Blocking</b>	C++/pthreads Java, C#, Mozart/Oz JoCAML, Polyphonic C#	<u>Blocking receive</u> CSP, Occam, CCS Erlang, Scala, Go
<b>Non-blocking</b>	<u>Soft Transactional Mem</u> Argus, Fortress, X10	<u>Comm Event Loops</u> Actors, AmbientTalk E, Waterken <b>Ajax</b>

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

	Shared State	Message Passing
Blocking	C++/pthreads Java, C#, Mozart/Oz JoCAML, Polyphonic C#	<u>Blocking receive</u> CSP, Occam, CCS Erlang, Scala, Go
Non-blocking	<u>Soft Transactional Mem</u> Argus, Fortress, X10	<u>Comm Event Loops</u> Actors, AmbientTalk E, Waterken <b>Ajax</b>

No conventional deadlocks or memory races

# Dr. SES

## Distributed Resilient Secure EcmaScript

	Shared State	Message Passing
<b>Blocking</b>	C++/pthreads Java, C#, Mozart/Oz JoCAML, Polyphonic C#	<u>Blocking receive</u> CSP, Occam, CCS Erlang, Scala, Go
<b>Non-blocking</b>	<u>Soft Transactional Mem</u> Argus, Fortress, X10	<u>Comm Event Loops</u> Actors, AmbientTalk E, Waterken <b>Ajax, Dr. SES</b>

No conventional deadlocks or memory races

```
var result = bob.foo(carol);      // do it immediately
```

```
var resultP = bobP ! foo(carol); // do it eventually
```